



Instruction Manual

VLT® AutomationDrive FC 300





Safety

AWARNING

HIGH VOLTAGE!

Adjustable frequency drives contain high voltage when connected to AC line power. Installation, start-up, and maintenance should be performed by qualified personnel only. Failure to perform installation, start-up, and maintenance by qualified personnel could result in death or serious injury.

High Voltage

Adjustable frequency drives are connected to hazardous AC line voltage. Extreme care should be taken to protect against shock. Only trained personnel familiar with electronic equipment should install, start, or maintain this equipment.

AWARNING

UNINTENDED START!

When the adjustable frequency drive is connected to AC line power, the motor may start at any time. The adjustable frequency drive, motor, and any driven equipment must be in operational readiness. Failure to be in operational readiness when the adjustable frequency drive is connected to AC line power could result in death, serious injury, equipment, or property damage.

Unintended Start

When the adjustable frequency drive is connected to the AC line power, the motor may be started by means of an external switch, a serial bus command, an input reference signal, or a cleared fault condition. Use appropriate cautions to guard against an unintended start.

AWARNING

DISCHARGE TIME!

Adjustable frequency drives contain DC link capacitors that can remain charged even when AC line power is disconnected. To avoid electrical hazards, remove AC line power from the adjustable frequency drive before doing any service or repair and wait the amount of time specified in *Table 1.1*. Failure to wait the specified time after power has been removed prior to doing service or repair on the unit could result in death or serious injury.

Voltage (V)	Minimum waiting time (minutes)							
	4	15						
200–240	034–5 hp [0.25–3.7 kW]	7.5–50 hp [5.5–37 kW]						
380-480	0.34–10 hp [0.25–7.5 kW]	15–100 hp [11–75 kW]						
525-600	1–10 hp [0.75–7.5 kW]	15-100 hp [11-75 kW]						
525–690	n/a	15-100 hp [11-75 kW]						
High voltage mooff!	High voltage may be present even when the warning LEDs are							

Discharge Time

Symbols

The following symbols are used in this manual.

▲WARNING

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

ACAUTION

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury. It may also be used to alert against unsafe practices.

CAUTION

Indicates a situation that may result in equipment or property damage-only accidents.

NOTE!

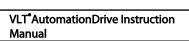
Indicates highlighted information that should be observed in order to avoid mistakes or operate equipment at less than optimal performance.

Approvals





Safety VLT*AutomationDrive Instruction
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1 Introduction

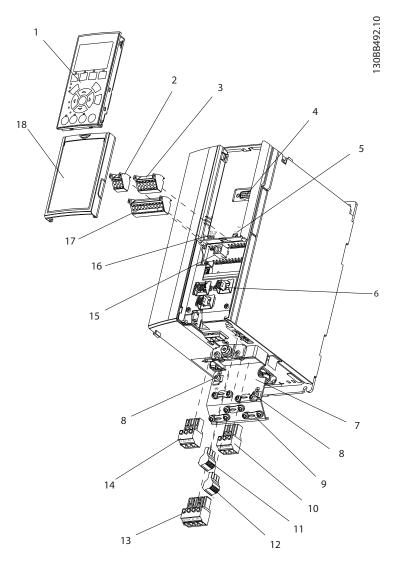


Figure 1.1 Exploded View A1-A3, IP20

1	LCP	10	Motor output terminals 96 (U), 97 (V), 98 (W)
2	RS-485 serial bus connector (+68, -69)	11	Relay 1 (01, 02, 03)
3	Analog I/O connector	12	Relay 2 (04, 05, 06)
4	LCP input plug	13	Brake (-81, +82) and load sharing (-88, +89) terminals
5	Analog switches (A53), (A54)	14	Line power input terminals 91 (L1), 92 (L2), 93 (L3)
6	Cable strain relief / PE ground	15	USB connector
7	Decoupling plate	16	Serial bus terminal switch
8	Grounding clamp (PE)	17	Digital I/O and 24 V power supply
9	Shielded cable grounding clamp and strain relief	18	Control cable coverplate

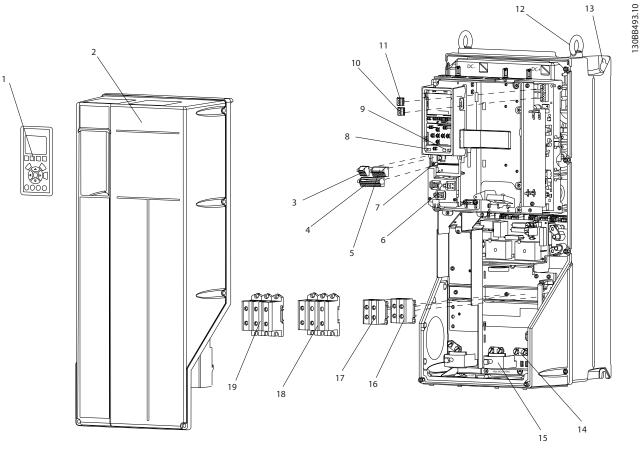


Figure 1.2 Exploded View B and C Sizes, IP55/66

1	LCP	11	Relay 2 (04, 05, 06)
2	Cover	12	Lifting ring
3	RS-485 serial bus connector	13	Mounting slot
4	Digital I/O and 24 V power supply	14	Grounding clamp (PE)
5	Analog I/O connector	15	Cable strain relief / PE ground
6	Cable strain relief / PE ground	16	Brake terminal (-81, +82)
7	USB connector	17	Load sharing terminal (DC bus) (-88, +89)
8	Serial bus terminal switch	18	Motor output terminals 96 (U), 97 (V), 98 (W)
9	Analog switches (A53), (A54)	19	Line power input terminals 91 (L1), 92 (L2), 93 (L3)
10	Relay 1 (01, 02, 03)		

1.1 Purpose of the Manual

This manual is intended to provide detailed information for the installation and start-up of the adjustable frequency drive. Chapter 2 *Installation* provides requirements for mechanical and electrical installation, including input, motor, control and serial communications wiring, and control terminal functions. Chapter 3 *Start-up and Functional Testing* provides detailed procedures for start-up, basic operational programming, and functional testing.

The remaining chapters provide supplementary details. These include user interface, detailed programming, application examples, start-up troubleshooting, and specifications.



1.2 Additional Resources

Other resources are available to understand advanced Adjustable frequency drive functions and programming.

- The Programming Guide provides greater detail in how to work with parameters and many application examples.
- The Design Guide is intended to provide detailed capabilities and functionality to design motor control systems.
- Supplemental publications and manuals are available from Danfoss.
 See http://www.danfoss.com/Products/Literature/ Technical+Documentation.htm for listings.
- Optional equipment is available that may change some of the procedures described. Be sure to see the instructions supplied with those options for specific requirements.

Contact the local Danfoss supplier or go to http://www.danfoss.com/Products/Literature/Technical +Documentation.htm for downloads or additional information.

1.3 Product Overview

An adjustable frequency drive is an electronic motor controller that converts AC line power input into a variable AC waveform output. The frequency and voltage of the output are regulated to control the motor speed or torque. The adjustable frequency drive can vary the speed of the motor in response to system feedback, such as position sensors on a conveyor belt. The adjustable frequency drive can also regulate the motor by responding to remote commands from external controllers.

In addition, the adjustable frequency drive monitors the system and motor status, issues warnings or alarms for fault conditions, starts and stops the motor, optimizes energy efficiency, and offers many more control, monitoring, and efficiency functions. Operation and monitoring functions are available as status indications to an outside control system or serial communication network.

1.4 Internal Adjustable Frequency Drive Controller Functions

Below is a block diagram of the adjustable frequency drive's internal components. See *Table 1.1* for their functions.

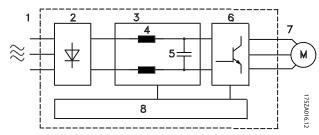


Figure 1.3 Adjustable Frequency Drive Block Diagram

Area	Title	Functions
1	Line power input	Three-phase AC line power supply to the Adjustable frequency drive
2	Rectifier	The rectifier bridge converts the AC input to DC current to supply inverter power
3	DC bus	The adjustable frequency drive's intermediate DC bus circuit handles the DC current
4	DC reactors	Filter the intermediate DC circuit voltage
		Prove line transient protection
		Reduce RMS current
		Raise the power factor reflected back to the line
		Reduce harmonics on the AC input
5	Capacitor bank	Stores the DC power
		Provides ride-through protection for short power losses
6	Inverter	Converts the DC into a controlled PWM AC waveform for a controlled variable output to the motor
7	Output to motor	Regulated three-phase output power to the motor



Area	Title	Functions
8	Control circuitry	Input power, internal processing, output, and motor current are monitored to provide efficient operation and control
		User interface and external commands are monitored and performed
		Status output and control can be provided

Table 1.1 Adjustable Frequency Drive Internal Components

1.5 Frame Sizes and Power Ratings

			Frame size hp (kW)										
Volts	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	В3	B4	C 1	C2	C3	C4
200-240	0.25-1.5	0.25-2.2	3.0-3.7	0.25-2.2	0.25-3.7	5.5-7.5	11	5.5-7.5	11–15	15–22	30–37	18.5–22	30–37
380-480	0.37-1.5	0.37-4.0	5.5-7.5	0.37-4.0	0.37-7.5	11–15	18.5–22	11–15	18.5–30	30–45	55–75	37–45	55–75
525-600	N/A	N/A	0.75-7.5	N/A	0.75-7.5	11–15	18.5–22	11–15	18.5–30	30–45	55–90	37–45	55–90
525-690	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	11–22	N/A	N/A	N/A	30–75	N/A	N/A

Table 1.2 Frames Sizes and Power Ratings



2 Installation

2.1 Installation Site Checklist

- The Adjustable frequency drive relies on the ambient air for cooling. Observe the limitations on ambient air temperature for optimal operation
- Ensure that the installation location has sufficient support strength to mount the Adjustable frequency drive
- Keep the Adjustable frequency drive interior free from dust and dirt. Ensure that the components stay as clean as possible. In construction areas, provide a protective covering. Optional IP55 (NEMA 12) or IP66 (NEMA 4) enclosures may be necessary.
- Keep the manual, drawings, and diagrams accessible for detailed installation and operation instructions. It is important that the manual is available for equipment operators.
- Locate equipment as near to the motor as possible. Keep motor cables as short as possible. Check the motor characteristics for actual tolerances. Do not exceed
 - 1000 ft [300 m] for unshielded motor leads
 - 500 ft [150 m] for shielded cable.

2.2 Adjustable Frequency Drive and Motor Pre-installation Checklist

- Compare the model number of unit on the nameplate to what was ordered to verify the proper equipment
- Ensure each of the following are rated for the same voltage:

Line power

Adjustable frequency drive

Motor

 Ensure that Adjustable frequency drive output current rating is equal to or greater than motor full load current for peak motor performance. Motor size and Adjustable frequency drive power must match for proper overload protection.

If Adjustable frequency drive rating is less than motor, full motor output cannot be achieved.

2.3 Mechanical Installation

2.3.1 Cooling

- To provide cooling airflow, mount the unit to a solid flat surface or to the optional backplate (see 2.3.3 Mounting)
- Top and bottom clearance for air cooling must be provided. Generally, 4–10 in [100–225 mm] is required. See Figure 2.1 for clearance requirements
- Improper mounting can result in overheating and reduced performance.
- Derating for temperatures starting between 104°F [40°C]) and 122°F [50°C] and elevation 3,300 ft [1,000 m] above sea level must be considered.
 See the equipment Design Guide for detailed information.

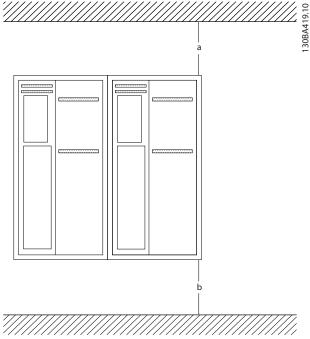


Figure 2.1 Top and Bottom Cooling Clearance

Enclosure	A1-A5	B1-B4	C1, C3	C2, C4	
a/b (in / mm)	3.94 / 100	7.87 / 200	7.87 / 200	8.86 / 225	

Table 2.1 Minimum Airflow Clearance Requirements

2.3.2 Lifting

- Check the weight of the unit to determine a safe lifting method
- Ensure that the lifting device is suitable for the task
- If necessary, plan for a hoist, crane, or forklift with the appropriate rating to move the unit
- For lifting, use hoist rings on the unit, when provided

2.3.3 Mounting

- Mount the unit vertically
- The Adjustable frequency drive allows side by side installation.
- Ensure that the strength of the mounting location will support the unit weight.
- Mount the unit to a solid flat surface or to the optional backplate to provide cooling airflow (see Figure 2.2 and Figure 2.3).
- Improper mounting can result in overheating and reduced performance.
- Use the slotted mounting holes on the unit for wall mounting, when provided.

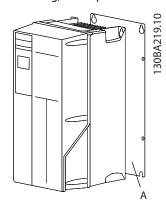


Figure 2.2 Proper Mounting with Backplate

Item A is a backplate properly installed for required airflow to cool the unit.

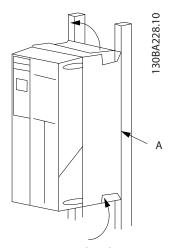


Figure 2.3 Proper Mounting with Railings

NOTE!

Backplate is needed when mounted on railings.

2.3.4 Tightening Torques

See 10.4.1 Connection Tightening Torques for proper tightening specifications.

2.4 Electrical Installation

This section contains detailed instructions for wiring the Adjustable frequency drive. The following tasks are described.

- Wiring the motor to the Adjustable frequency drive output terminals
- Wiring the AC line power to the Adjustable frequency drive input terminals
- Connecting control and serial communication wiring
- After power has been applied, checking input and motor power; programming control terminals for their intended functions

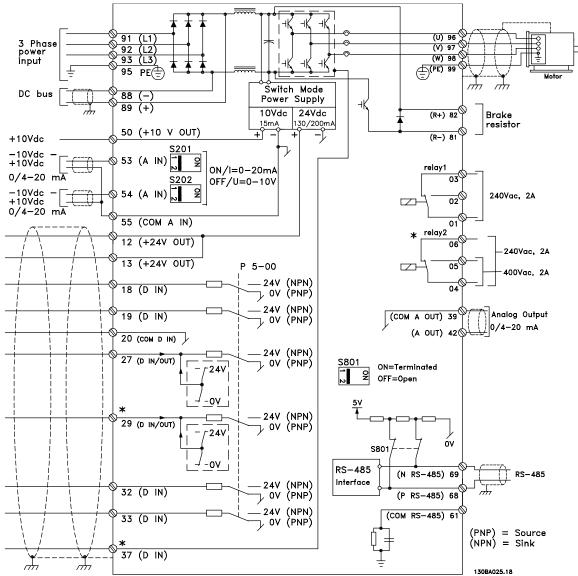


Figure 2.4 Basic Wiring Schematic Drawing.

A=Analog, D=Digital

Terminal 37 is used for Safe Stop. For Safe Stop installation instructions, refer to the Design Guide.

* Terminal 37 is not included in FC 301 (except frame size A1). Relay 2 and terminal 29 have no function in FC 301.

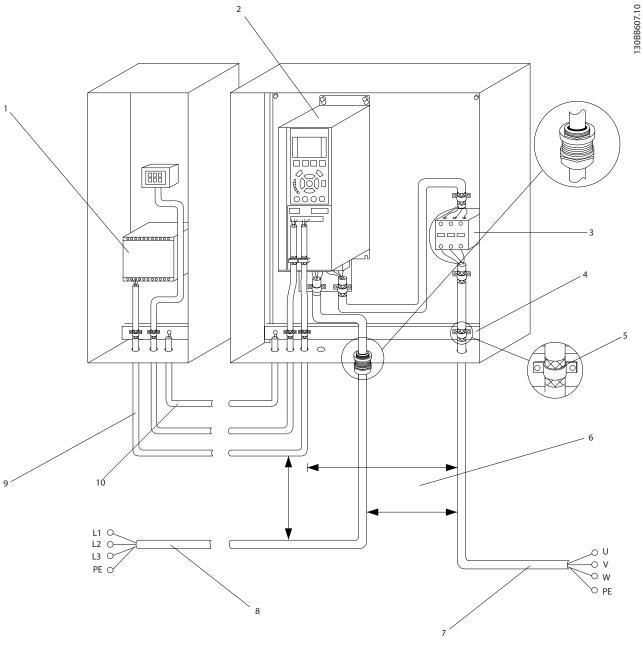


Figure 2.5 Typical Electrical Connection

1	PLC		Min. 7.9 in [200 mm] between control cables, motor and line
			power
2	Adjustable frequency drive	7	Motor, 3-phase and PE
3	Output contactor (Generally not recommended)	8	Line power, 3-phase and reinforced PE
4	Grounding rail (PE)	9	Control wiring
5	Cable insulation (stripped)	10	Equalizing min. 0.025 in ² [16mm ²]

2.4.1 Requirements

AWARNING

EQUIPMENT HAZARD!

Rotating shafts and electrical equipment can be hazardous. All electrical work must conform to national and local electrical codes. It is strongly recommended that installation, start-up, and maintenance be performed only by trained and qualified personnel. Failure to follow these guidelines could result in death or serious injury.

CAUTION

WIRING ISOLATION!

Run input power, motor wiring and control wiring in three separate metallic conduits or use separated shielded cable for high frequency noise isolation. Failure to isolate power, motor and control wiring could result in less than optimum adjustable frequency drive and associated equipment performance.

For your safety, comply with the following requirements.

- Electronic controls equipment is connected to hazardous AC line voltage. Extreme care should be taken to protect against electrical hazards when applying power to the unit.
- Run motor cables from multiple adjustable frequency drives separately. Induced voltage from output motor cables run together can charge equipment capacitors even with the equipment turned off and locked out.

Overload and Equipment Protection

- An electronically activated function within the adjustable frequency drive provides overload protection for the motor. The overload calculates the level of increase to activate timing for the trip (controller output stop) function. The higher the current draw, the quicker the trip response. The overload provides Class 20 motor protection. See 8 Warnings and Alarms for details on the trip function.
- Because the motor wiring carries high frequency current, it is important that wiring for line power, motor power, and control is run separately. Use metallic conduit or separated shielded wire.
 Failure to isolate power, motor, and control wiring could result in less than optimum equipment performance.
- All adjustable frequency drives must be provided with short-circuit and overcurrent protection.

Input fusing is required to provide this protection, see *Figure 2.6*. If not factory supplied, fuses must be provided by the installer as part of installation. See maximum fuse ratings in 10.3 Fuse Tables.

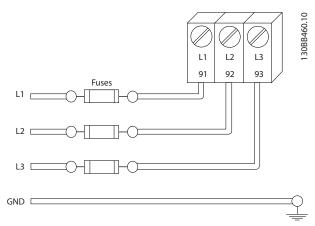


Figure 2.6 Adjustable Frequency Drive Fuses

Wire Type and Ratings

- All wiring must comply with local and national regulations regarding cross-section and ambient temperature requirements.
- Danfoss recommends that all power connections be made with a minimum 167°F [75°C] rated copper wire.
- See 10.1 Power-dependent Specifications for recommended wire sizes.

2.4.2 Grounding Requirements

▲WARNING

GROUNDING HAZARD!

For operator safety, it is important to ground Adjustable frequency drive properly in accordance with national and local electrical codes as well as instructions contained within these instructions. Ground currents are higher than 3.5 mA. Failure to ground Adjustable frequency drive properly could result in death or serious injury.

NOTE!

It is the responsibility of the user or certified electrical installer to ensure correct grounding of the equipment in accordance with national and local electrical codes and standards.

- 2
- Follow all local and national electrical codes to ground electrical equipment properly.
- Proper protective grounding for equipment with ground currents higher than 3.5 mA must be established, see *Leakage Current* (>3.5 mA)
- A dedicatedground wire is required for input power, motor power and control wiring
- Use the clamps provided with on the equipment for proper ground connections
- Do not ground one Adjustable frequency drive to another in a "daisy chain" fashion
- Keep the ground wire connections as short as possible
- Use of high-strand wire to reduce electrical noise is recommended
- Follow the motor manufacturer wiring requirements

2.4.2.1 Leakage Current (>3.5 mA)

Follow national and local codes regarding protective grounding of equipment with a leakage current > 3.5 mA. Adjustable frequency drive technology implies high frequency switching at high power. This will generate a leakage current in the ground connection. A fault current in the Adjustable frequency drive at the output power terminals might contain a DC component which can charge the filter capacitors and cause a transient ground current. The ground leakage current depends on various system configurations including RFI filtering, shielded motor cables, and Adjustable frequency drive power.

EN/IEC61800-5-1 (Power Drive System Product Standard) requires special care if the leakage current exceeds 3.5m A. Grounding must be reinforced in one of the following ways:

- Ground wire of at least 0.0155 in² [10mm²]
- Two separate ground wires both complying with the dimensioning rules

See EN 60364-5-54 \S 543.7 for further information.

Using RCDs

Where residual current devices (RCDs), also known as ground leakage circuit breakers (ELCBs), are used, comply with the following:

Use RCDs of type B only which are capable of detecting AC and DC currents

Use RCDs with an inrush delay to prevent faults due to transient ground currents

Dimension RCDs according to the system configuration and environmental considerations

2.4.2.2 Grounding Using Shielded Cable

Grounding clamps are provided for motor wiring (see *Figure 2.7*).

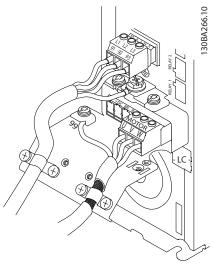


Figure 2.7 Grounding with Shielded Cable

2.4.3 Motor Connection

AWARNING

INDUCED VOLTAGE!

Run output motor cables from multiple adjustable frequency drives separately. Induced voltage from output motor cables run together can charge equipment capacitors even with the equipment turned off and locked out. Failure to run output motor cables separately could result in death or serious injury.

- For maximum wire sizes, see 10.1 Powerdependent Specifications
- Comply with local and national electrical codes for cable sizes.
- Motor wiring knockouts or access panels are provided at the base of IP21 and higher (NEMA1/12) units
- Do not install power factor correction capacitors between the adjustable frequency drive and the motor
- Do not wire a starting or pole-changing device between the adjustable frequency drive and the motor.
- Connect the 3-phase motor wiring to terminals 96 (U), 97 (V), and 98 (W).

30BB920.10



- Ground the cable in accordance with grounding instructions provided.
- Torque terminals in accordance with the information provided in 10.4.1 Connection Tightening Torques
- Follow the motor manufacturer wiring requirements

Figure 2.8 represents line power input, motor, and ground grounding for basic adjustable frequency drives. Actual configurations vary with unit types and optional equipment.

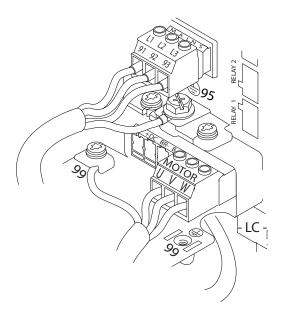


Figure 2.8 Example of Motor, Line Power and Ground Wiring

2.4.4 AC Line Power Connection

- Size wiring based upon the input current of the Adjustable frequency drive. For maximum wire sizes, see 10.1 Power-dependent Specifications.
- Comply with local and national electrical codes for cable sizes.
- Connect 3-phase AC input power wiring to terminals L1, L2, and L3 (see *Figure 2.8*).
- Depending on the configuration of the equipment, input power will be connected to the line power input terminals or the input disconnect.

- Ground the cable in accordance with grounding instructions provided in 2.4.2 Grounding Requirements
- All adjustable frequency drives may be used with an isolated input source as well as with ground reference power lines. When supplied from an isolated line power source (IT line power or floating delta) or TT/TN-S line power with a grounded leg (grounded delta), set 14-50 RFI Filter to OFF. When off, the internal RFI filter capacitors between the chassis and the intermediate circuit are isolated to avoid damage to the intermediate circuit and to reduce ground capacity currents in accordance with IEC 61800-3.

2.4.5 Control Wiring

- Isolate control wiring from high power components in the adjustable frequency drive.
- If the adjustable frequency drive is connected to a thermistor, for PELV isolation, optional thermistor control wiring must be reinforced/ double insulated. A 24 VDC supply voltage is recommended.

2.4.5.1 Access

- Remove access coverplate with a screwdriver. See *Figure 2.9*.
- Or remove front cover by loosening attaching screws. See *Figure 2.10*.

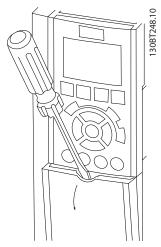


Figure 2.9 Control Wiring Access for A2, A3, B3, B4, C3 and C4 Enclosures

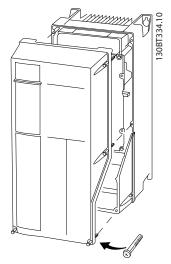


Figure 2.10 Control Wiring Access for A4, A5, B1, B2, C1 and C2 Enclosures

Please see Table 2.2 before tightening the covers.

-	-	2	2
-	*	2.2	2.2
-	*	2.2	2.2
-	*	2.2	2.2
-	*	2.2	2.2
		- * - *	- * 2.2 - * 2.2 - * 2.2 - * 2.2

^{*} No screws to tighten

Table 2.2 Tightening Torques for Covers (Nm)

2.4.5.2 Control Terminal Types

Figure 2.11 and shows the removable adjustable frequency drive connectors. Terminal functions and default settings are summarized in *Table 2.3*.

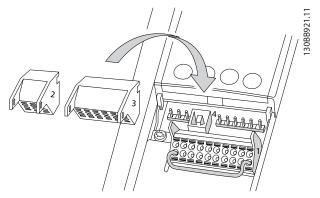


Figure 2.11 Control Terminal Locations

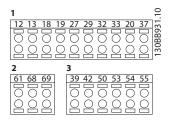


Figure 2.12 Terminal Numbers

- Connector 1 provides four programmable digital inputs terminals, two additional digital terminals programmable as either input or output, a 24 V DC terminal supply voltage, and a common for optional customer supplied 24 V DC voltage. FC 302 and FC 301 (optional in A1 enclosure) also provide a digital input for STO (Safe Torque Off) function.
- Connector 2 terminals (+)68 and (-)69 are for an RS-485 serial communications connection
- Connector 3 provides two analog inputs, one analog output, 10 V DC supply voltage, and commons for the inputs and output
- **Connector 4** is a USB port available for use with the MCT 10 Set-up Software
- Also provided are two Form C relay outputs that are in various locations depending upon the adjustable frequency drive configuration and size
- Some options available for ordering with the unit may provide additional terminals. See the manual provided with the equipment option.

See 10.2 General Technical Data for terminal ratings details.

Terminal description				
		Default		
Terminal	Parameter	setting	Description	
	Digi	ital inputs/outpu	its	
12, 13	-	+24 V DC	24 V DC supply	
			voltage. Maximum	
			output current is 200	
			mA total (130 mA for	
			FC 301) for all 24 V	
			loads. Useable for	
			digital inputs and	
			external transducers.	
18	5-10	[8] Start		
19	5-11	[10] Reversing		
32	5-14	[0] No	Digital inputs.	
		operation	Digital iliputs.	
33	5-15	[0] No		
		operation		

⁻ Does not exist



Terminal description				
		Default		
Terminal	Parameter	setting	Description	
27	5-12	[2] Coast	Selectable for either	
		inverse	digital input or	
29	5-13	[14] JOG	output. Default setting	
			is input.	
20	-		Common for digital	
			inputs and 0 V	
			potential for 24 V	
			supply.	
37	-	Safe Torque	Safe input. Used for	
		Off (STO)	STO.	
	Ana	log inputs/outpu	uts	
39	-		Common for analog	
			output	
42	6-50	[0] No	Programmable analog	
		operation	output. The analog	
			signal is 0–20 mA or	
			4–20 mA at a	
			maximum of 500Ω	
50	-	+10 V DC	10 V DC analog	
			supply voltage. 15 mA	
			maximum commonly	
			used for potenti-	
			ometer or thermistor.	
53	6-1*	Reference	Analog input.	
54	6-2*	Feedback	Selectable for voltage	
			or current. Switches	
			A53 and A54 select	
			mA or V.	
55	-		Common for analog	
			input	

Terminal description			
		Default	
Terminal	Parameter	setting	Description
	Seri	al communication	on
61	-		Integrated RC filter for
			cable screen. ONLY for
			connecting the shield
			when experiencing
			EMC problems.
68 (+)	8-3*		RS-485 Interface. A
69 (-)	8-3*		control card switch is
			provided for
			termination resistance.
Relays			

Terminal description				
		Default		
Terminal	Parameter	setting	Description	
		[0] No	Form C relay output.	
01, 02, 03	5-40 [0]	operation	Usable for AC or DC	
04, 05, 06	5-40 [1]	[0] No	voltage and resistive	
		operation	or inductive loads.	

Table 2.3 Terminal Description

2.4.5.3 Wiring to Control Terminals

Control terminal connectors can be unplugged from the Adjustable frequency drive for ease of installation, as shown in *Figure 2.11*.

- 1. Open the contact by inserting a small screwdriver into the slot above or below the contact, as shown in *Figure 2.13*.
- 2. Insert the bared control wire into the contact.
- 3. Remove the screwdriver to fasten the control wire into the contact.
- Ensure the contact is firmly established and not loose. Loose control wiring can be the source of equipment faults or less than optimal operation.

See 10.1 Power-dependent Specifications for control terminal wiring sizes.

See 6 Application Set-Up Examples for typical control wiring connections.

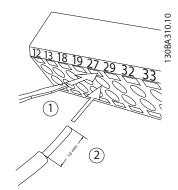


Figure 2.13 Connecting Control Wiring

2.4.5.4 Using Shielded Control Cables

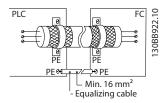
Correct shielding

The preferred method in most cases is to secure control and serial communication cables with shielding clamps provided at both ends to ensure best possible high frequency cable contact.

If the ground potential between the adjustable frequency drive and the PLC is different, electric noise may occur that will disturb the entire system. Solve this problem by fitting

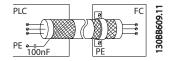


an equalizing cable next to the control cable. Minimum cable cross-section: $16 \, \text{mm}^2$.



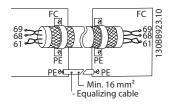
50/60Hz ground loops

With very long control cables, ground loops may occur. To eliminate ground loops, connect one end of the shield-to-ground with a 100nF capacitor (keeping leads short).

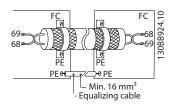


Avoid EMC noise on serial communication

This terminal is grounded via an internal RC link. Use twisted-pair cables to reduce interference between conductors. The recommended method is shown below:



Alternatively, the connection to terminal 61 can be omitted:



2.4.5.5 Control Terminal Functions

Adjustable frequency drive functions are commanded by receiving control input signals.

- Each terminal must be programmed for the function it will be supporting in the parameters associated with that terminal. See*Table 2.3* for terminals and associated parameters.
- It is important to confirm that the control terminal is programmed for the correct function.
 See 4 User Interface for details on accessing parameters and 5 About Adjustable Frequency
 Drive Programming for details on programming.

 The default terminal programming is intended to initiate Adjustable frequency drive functioning in a typical operational mode.

2.4.5.6 Jumper Terminals 12 and 27

A jumper wire may be required between terminal 12 (or 13) and terminal 27 for the Adjustable frequency drive to operate when using factory default programming values.

- Digital input terminal 27 is designed to receive an 24 V DC external interlock command. In many applications, the user wires an external interlock device to terminal 27
- When no interlock device is used, wire a jumper between control terminal 12 (recommended) or 13 to terminal 27. This provides an internal 24 V signal on terminal 27
- No signal present prevents the unit from operating.
- When the status line at the bottom of the LCP reads AUTO REMOTE COAST, this indicates that the unit is ready to operate but is missing an input signal on terminal 27.
- When factory installed optional equipment is wired to terminal 27, do not remove that wiring

2.4.5.7 Terminal 53 and 54 Switches

- Analog input terminals 53 and 54 can select either voltage (-10–10V) or current (0/4–20mA) input signals
- Remove power to the Adjustable frequency drive before changing switch positions
- Set switches A53 and A54 to select the signal type. U selects voltage, I selects current.
- The switches are accessible when the LCP has been removed (see Figure 2.14). Note that some option cards available for the unit may cover these switches and must be removed to change switch settings. Always remove power to the unit before removing option cards.
- Terminal 53 default is for a speed reference signal in open-loop set in 16-61 Terminal 53 Switch Setting
- Terminal 54 default is for a feedback signal in closed-loop set in 16-63 Terminal 54 Switch Setting

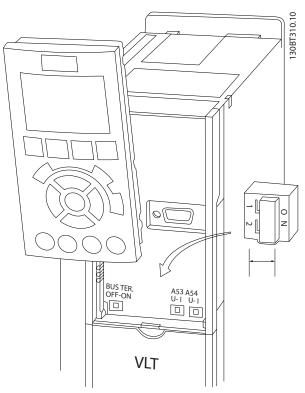


Figure 2.14 Location of Terminals 53 and 54 Switches and Bus Termination Switch

2.4.5.8 Terminal 37

Terminal 37 Safe Stop Function

The FC 302 and FC 301 (optional for A1 enclosure) is available with safe stop functionality via control terminal 37. Safe stop disables the control voltage of the power semiconductors of the Adjustable frequency drive output stage which in turn prevents generating the voltage required to rotate the motor. When the Safe Stop (T37) is activated, the Adjustable frequency drive issues an alarm, trips the unit, and coasts the motor to a stop. Manual restart is required. The safe stop function can be used for stopping the Adjustable frequency drive in emergency stop situations. In the normal operating mode when safe stop is not required, use the adjustable frequency drive's regular stop function instead. When automatic restart is used – the requirements according to ISO 12100-2 paragraph 5.3.2.5 must be fulfilled.

Liability Conditions

It is the responsibility of the user to ensure personnel installing and operating the Safe Stop function:

- Read and understand the safety regulations concerning health and safety/accident prevention
- Understand the generic and safety guidelines given in this description and the extended description in the *Design Guide*
- Have a good knowledge of the generic and safety standards applicable to the specific application

User is defined as: integrator, operator, servicing, maintenance staff.

Standards

Use of safe stop on terminal 37 requires that the user satisfies all provisions for safety including relevant laws, regulations and guidelines. The optional safe stop function complies with the following standards.

EN 954-1: 1996 Category 3

IEC 60204-1: 2005 category 0 - uncontrolled stop

IEC 61508: 1998 SIL2

IEC 61800-5-2: 2007 - safe torque off (STO)

function

IEC 62061: 2005 SIL CL2

ISO 13849-1: 2006 Category 3 PL d

ISO 14118: 2000 (EN 1037) - prevention of

unexpected start-up

The information and instructions of the instruction manual are not sufficient for a proper and safe use of the safe stop functionality. The related information and instructions of the relevant *Design Guide* must be followed.

Protective Measures

- Safety engineering systems may only be installed and commissioned by qualified and skilled personnel
- The unit must be installed in an IP54 cabinet or in an equivalent environment
- The cable between terminal 37 and the external safety device must be short circuit protected according to ISO 13849-2 table D.4
- If any external forces influence the motor axis (e.g., suspended loads), additional measures (e.g., a safety holding brake) are required in order to eliminate hazards.

Safe Stop Installation and Set-up

AWARNING

SAFE STOP FUNCTION!

The safe stop function does NOT isolate AC line voltage to the Adjustable frequency drive or auxiliary circuits. Perform work on electrical parts of the Adjustable frequency drive or the motor only after isolating the AC line voltage supply and waiting the length of time specified under Safety in this manual. Failure to isolate the AC line voltage supply from the unit and waiting the time specified could result in death or serious injury.

- It is not recommended to stop the Adjustable frequency drive by using the Safe Torque Off function. If a running Adjustable frequency drive is stopped by using the function, the unit will trip and stop by coasting. If this is not acceptable, e.g., causes danger, the Adjustable frequency drive and machinery must be stopped using the appropriate stopping mode before using this function. Depending on the application, a mechanical brake may be required.
- Concerning synchronous and permanent magnet motor adjustable frequency drives in case of a multiple IGBT power semiconductor failure: In spite of the activation of the Safe torque off function, the Adjustable frequency drive system can produce an alignment torque which maximally rotates the motor shaft by 180/p degrees. p denotes the pole pair number.
- This function is suitable for performing mechanical work on the Adjustable frequency drive system or affected area of a machine only.
 It does not provide electrical safety. This function should not be used as a control for starting and/or stopping the Adjustable frequency drive.

The following requirements have to be meet to perform a safe installation of the Adjustable frequency drive:

- 1. Remove the jumper wire between control terminals 37 and 12 or 13. Cutting or breaking the jumper is not sufficient to avoid short-circuiting. (See jumper on *Figure 2.15*.)
- Connect an external Safety monitoring relay via a NO safety function (the instruction for the safety device must be followed) to terminal 37 (safe stop) and either terminal 12 or 13 (24 V DC). The safety monitoring relay must comply with Category 3 (EN 954-1) / PL "d" (ISO 13849-1).

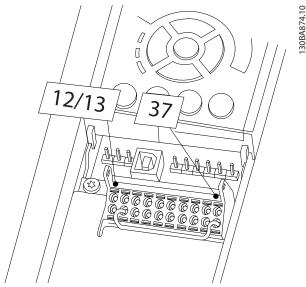


Figure 2.15 Jumper between Terminal 12/13 (24 V) and 37



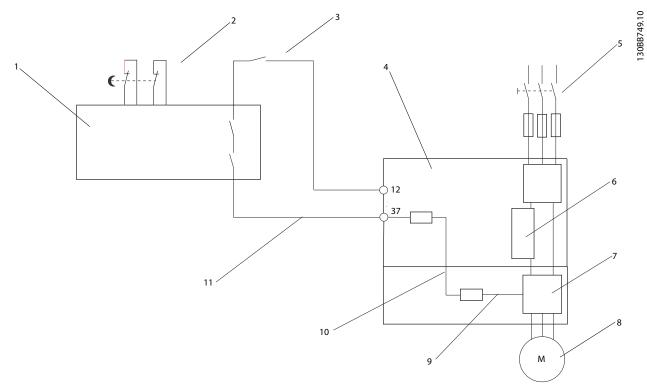


Figure 2.16 Installation to Achieve a Stopping Category 0 (EN 60204-1) with Safety Cat. 3 (EN 954-1) / PL "d" (ISO 13849-1).

1	Safety device Cat. 3 (circuit interrupt device, possibly		Inverter
	with release input)		
2	Door contact	8	Motor
3	Contactor (Coast)	9	5 V DC
4	Adjustable frequency drive	10	Safe channel
5	Line power	11	Short-circuit protected cable (if not inside installation cabinet)
6	Control board		

Safe Stop Commissioning Test

Installation

After installation and before first operation, perform a commissioning test of the installation making use of safe stop. Moreover, perform the test after each modification of the installation.

2.4.5.9 Mechanical Brake Control

In hoisting/lowering applications, it is necessary to be able to control an electro-mechanical brake:

- Control the brake using any relay output or digital output (terminal 27 or 29).
- Keep the output closed (voltage-free) as long as the Adjustable frequency drive is unable to 'support' the motor, for example due to the load being too heavy.
- Select Mechanical brake control [32] in parameter group 5-4* for applications with an electromechanical brake.
- The brake is released when the motor current exceeds the preset value in 2-20 Release Brake Current.
- The brake is engaged when the output frequency is less than the frequency set in 2-21 Activate Brake Speed [RPM]or 2-22 Activate Brake Speed [Hz], and only if the Adjustable frequency drive carries out a stop command.

If the Adjustable frequency drive is in alarm mode or in an overvoltage situation, the mechanical brake immediately cuts in.

In the vertical movement, the key point is that the load must be held, stopped, controlled (raised, lowered) in a perfectly safe mode during the entire operation. Because the Adjustable frequency drive is not a safety device, the crane/lift designer (OEM) must decide on the type and number of safety devices (e.g. speed switch, emergency brakes, etc.) to be used in order to be able to stop the load in case of emergency or malfunction of the system, according to relevant national crane/lifting regulations.

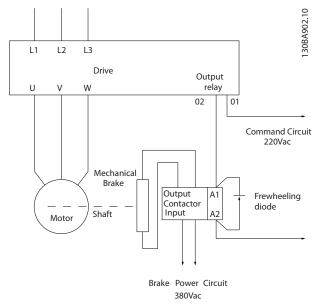


Figure 2.17 Connecting the Mechanical Brake to the Adjustable Frequency Drive

2.4.6 Serial Communication

Connect RS-485 serial communication wiring to terminals (+)68 and (-)69.

- A shielded serial communication cable is recommended
- See 2.4.2 Grounding Requirements for proper grounding

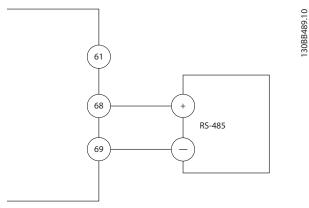


Figure 2.18 Serial Communication Wiring Diagram

For basic serial communication set-up, select the following

- 1. Protocol type in 8-30 Protocol.
- 2. Adjustable frequency drive address in 8-31 Address.

VLT*AutomationDrive Instruction Manual

- 3. Baud rate in 8-32 Baud Rate.
- Two communication protocols are internal to the Adjustable frequency drive. Follow the motor manufacturer wiring requirements.

Danfoss FC

Modbus RTU

- Functions can be programmed remotely using the protocol software and RS-485 connection or in parameter group 8-** Communications and Options.
- Selecting a specific communication protocol changes various default parameter settings to match that protocol's specifications along with making additional protocol-specific parameters available.
- Option cards which can be installed in the adjustable frequency drive are available to provide additional communication protocols. See the option card documentation for installation and operation manual.

2



7



3 Start-up and Functional Testing

3.1 Pre-start

3.1.1 Safety Inspection

▲WARNING

HIGH VOLTAGE!

If input and output connections have been connected improperly, there is potential for high voltage on these terminals. If power leads for multiple motors are improperly run through the same conduit, there is a potential for leakage current to charge capacitors within the Adjustable frequency drive, even when disconnected from line power input. For initial start-up, make no assumptions about power components. Follow pre-start procedures. Failure to follow pre-start procedures could result in personal injury or damage to equipment.

- Input power to the unit must be OFF and locked out. Do not rely on the Adjustable frequency drive disconnect switches for input power isolation.
- Verify that there is no voltage on input terminals L1 (91), L2 (92), and L3 (93), phase-to-phase and phase-to-ground,
- 3. Verify that there is no voltage on output terminals 96 (U), 97 (V), and 98 (W), phase-to-phase and phase-to-ground.
- 4. Confirm continuity of the motor by measuring ohm values on U-V (96-97), V-W (97-98), and W-U (98-96).
- Check for proper grounding of the Adjustable frequency drive as well as the motor.
- Inspect the Adjustable frequency drive for loose connections on terminals.
- Record the following motor nameplate data: power, voltage, frequency, full load current, and nominal speed. These values are needed to program motor nameplate data later.
- 8. Confirm that the supply voltage matches voltage of Adjustable frequency drive and motor.



3.1.2 Start-up Check List

CAUTION

Before applying power to the unit, inspect the entire installation as detailed in Table 3.1. Check mark those items when completed.

Inspect for	Description	Ø
Auxiliary equipment	Look for auxiliary equipment, switches, disconnects, or input fuses/circuit breakers that may reside on input power side of Adjustable frequency drive or output side to motor. Examine their operational readiness and ensure that they are ready in all respects for operation at full speed. Check function and installation of any sensors used for feedback to Adjustable	
	frequency drive. • Remove power factor correction caps on motor(s), if present	
Cable routing	Ensure that input power, motor wiring, and control wiring are separated or in three separate metallic conduits for high frequency noise isolation.	
Control wiring	 Check for broken or damaged wires and loose connections. Check that control wiring is isolated from power and motor wiring for noise immunity. Check the voltage source of the signals, if necessary. The use of shielded cable or twisted pair is recommended. Ensure that the shield is terminated correctly. 	
Cooling clearance	Make sure that the top and bottom clearance is adequate to ensure proper airflow for cooling.	
EMC considerations	Check for proper installation regarding electromagnetic compatibility.	
Environmental considerations	 See equipment label for the maximum ambient operating temperature limits. Humidity levels must be 5%–95% non-condensing. 	
Fusing and circuit breakers	Check for proper fusing or circuit breakers. Check that all fuses are inserted firmly and in operational condition and that all circuit breakers are in the open position.	
Grounding	 The unit requires a ground wire from its chassis to the building ground. Check for good ground connections that are tight and free of oxidation. Grounding to conduit or mounting the back panel to a metal surface is not a suitable ground. 	
Input and output power wiring	 Check for loose connections. Check that motor and line power are in separate conduit or separated shielded cables. 	
Panel interior	Make sure that the unit interior is free of dirt, metal chips, moisture, and corrosion.	
Switches	Ensure that all switch and disconnect settings are in the proper position.	
Vibration	Check that the unit is mounted solidly or that shock mounts are used, as necessary. Check for any unusual amount of vibration the unit may be subjected to.	

Table 3.1 Start-up Check List

3

3.2 Applying Power to the Adjustable Frequency Drive

AWARNING

HIGH VOLTAGE!

Adjustable frequency drives contain high voltage when connected to AC line power. Installation, start-up and maintenance should be performed by qualified personnel only. Failure to perform installation, start-up and maintenance by qualified personnel could result in death or serious injury.

AWARNING

UNINTENDED START!

When adjustable frequency drive is connected to AC line power, the motor may start at any time. The Adjustable frequency drive, motor, and any driven equipment must be in operational readiness. Failure to be in operational readiness when the Adjustable frequency drive is connected to AC line power could result in death, serious injury, equipment, or property damage.

- Confirm input voltage is balanced within 3%. If not, correct input voltage imbalance before proceeding. Repeat procedure after voltage correction.
- Ensure optional equipment wiring, if present, matches installation application.
- 3. Ensure that all operator devices are in the OFF position. Panel doors closed or cover mounted.
- 4. Apply power to the unit. DO NOT start the Adjustable frequency drive at this time. For units with a disconnect switch, turn to the ON position to apply power to the Adjustable frequency drive.

NOTE!

If the status line at the bottom of the LCP reads AUTO REMOTE COAST, this indicates that the unit is ready to operate but is missing an input signal on terminal 27. See *Figure 2.15* for details.

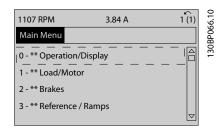
3.3 Basic Operational Programming

Adjustable frequency drives require basic operational programming prior to running for best performance. Basic operational programming requires entering motor nameplate data for the motor being operated and the minimum and maximum motor speeds. Enter data in accordance with the following procedure. Parameter settings recommended are intended for start-up and checkout purposes. Application settings may vary. See

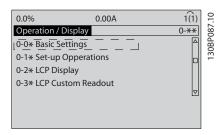
4 User Interface for detailed instructions on entering data through the LCP.

Enter data with power ON, but prior to operating the adjustable frequency drive.

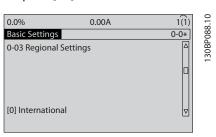
- 1. Press [Main Menu] twice on the LCP.
- 2. Use the navigation keys to scroll to parameter group 0-** Operation/Display and press [OK].



 Use navigation keys to scroll to parameter group 0-0* Basic Settings and press [OK].



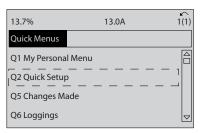
4. Use navigation keys to scroll to *0-03 Regional Settings* and press [OK].



- 5. Use navigation keys to select *International* or *North America* as appropriate and press [OK]. (This changes the default settings for a number of basic parameters. See *5.4 International/North American Default Parameter Settings* for a complete list.)
- Press [Quick Menu] on the LCP.



7. Use the navigation keys to scroll to parameter group *Q2 Quick Setup* and press [OK].



 Select language and press [OK]. Then enter the motor data in parameters 1-20/1-21 through 1-25.
 The information can be found on the motor nameplate.

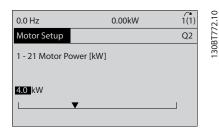
1-20 Motor Power [kW] or 1-21 Motor Power [HP]

1-22 Motor Voltage

1-23 Motor Frequency

1-24 Motor Current

1-25 Motor Nominal Speed



 A jumper wire should be in place between control terminals 12 and 27. If this is the case, leave 5-12 Terminal 27 Digital Input at factory default. Otherwise select No Operation. For adjustable frequency drives with an optional Danfoss bypass, no jumper wire is required.

10. 3-02 Minimum Reference

11. 3-03 Maximum Reference

12. 3-41 Ramp 1 Ramp Up Time

13. 3-42 Ramp 1 Ramp Down Time

14. *3-13 Reference Site*. Linked to Hand/Auto* Local Remote.

This concludes the quick set-up procedure. Press [Status] to return to the operational display.

3.4 Automatic Motor Adaptation

Automatic motor adaptation (AMA) is a test procedure that measures the electrical characteristics of the motor to optimize compatibility between the Adjustable frequency drive and the motor.

- The Adjustable frequency drive builds a mathematical model of the motor for regulating output motor current. The procedure also tests the input phase balance of electrical power. It compares the motor characteristics with the data entered in parameters 1-20 to 1-25.
- It does not cause the motor to run or harm to the motor
- Some motors may be unable to run the complete version of the test. In that case, select *Enable* reduced AMA
- If an output filter is connected to the motor, select Enable reduced AMA
- If warnings or alarms occur, see 8 Warnings and Alarms
- Run this procedure on a cold motor for best results

To run AMA

- 1. Press [Main Menu] to access parameters.
- 2. Scroll to parameter group 1-** Load and Motor.
- 3. Press [OK].
- 4. Scroll to parameter group 1-2* *Motor Data*.
- 5. Press [OK].
- 6. Scroll to 1-29 Automatic Motor Adaptation (AMA).
- 7. Press [OK].
- 8. Select Enable complete AMA.
- 9. Press [OK].
- 10. Follow on-screen instructions.
- The test will run automatically and indicate when it is complete.

3

3.5 Check Motor Rotation

Prior to running the adjustable frequency drive, check the motor rotation.

- 1. Press [Hands on].
- 2. Press [▶] for positive speed reference.
- 3. Check that the speed displayed is positive.

When 1-06 Clockwise Direction is set to [0]* Normal (default clockwise):

- 4a. Verify that the motor turns clockwise.
- 5a. Verify that the LCP direction arrow is clockwise.

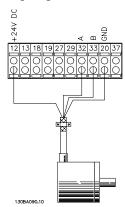
When 1-06 Clockwise Direction is set to [1] Inverse (counter-clockwise):

- 4b. Verify that the motor turns counter-clockwise.
- 5b. Verify that the LCP direction arrow is counter-clockwise.

3.6 Check Encoder Rotation

Check encoder rotation only if encoder feedback is used. Check encoder rotation in default open-loop control.

1. Verify that the encoder connection is according to the wiring diagram:



NOTE!

When using an encoder option, refer to the option manual.

- 2. Enter the speed PID feedback source in 7-00 Speed PID Feedback Source.
- 3. Press [Hand On].
- Press [►] for positive speed reference (1-06 Clockwise Direction at [0]* Normal).

5. Check in *16-57 Feedback [RPM]* that the feedback is positive.

NOTE!

If the feedback is negative, the encoder connection is wrong!

3.7 Local Control Test

ACAUTION

MOTOR START!

Ensure that the motor, system, and any attached equipment is ready for start. It is the responsibility of the user to ensure safe operation under any operational condition. Failure to ensure that the motor, system, and any attached equipment is ready for start could result in personal injury or equipment damage.

NOTE!

The Hand on key on the LCP provides a local start command to the Adjustable frequency drive. The OFF key provides the stop function.

When operating in local mode, the up and down arrows on the LCP increase and decrease the speed output of the Adjustable frequency drive. The left and right arrow keys move the display cursor in the numeric display.

- 1. Press [Hand On].
- Accelerate the Adjustable frequency drive by pressing [*] to full speed. Moving the cursor left of the decimal point provides quicker input changes.
- 3. Note any acceleration problems.
- 4. Press [OFF].
- 5. Note any deceleration problems.

If acceleration problems were encountered

- If warnings or alarms occur, see 8 Warnings and Alarms
- Check that motor data is entered correctly
- Increase the ramp-up time in 3-41 Ramp 1 Ramp
 Up Time
- Increase current limit in 4-18 Current Limit
- Increase torque limit in 4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode

If deceleration problems were encountered



- If warnings or alarms occur, see 8 Warnings and Alarms
- Check that motor data is entered correctly
- Increase the ramp-down time in 3-42 Ramp 1
 Ramp Down Time
- Enable overvoltage control in 2-17 Over-voltage Control

See 8.4 Warning and Alarm Definitions for resetting the Adjustable frequency drive after a trip.

NOTE!

3.1 Pre-start through 3.7 Local Control Test in this chapter conclude the procedures for applying power to the Adjustable frequency drive, basic programming, set-up, and functional testing.

3.8 System Start-up

The procedure in this section requires user-wiring and application programming to be completed. 6 Application Set-Up Examples is intended to help with this task. Other aids to application set-up are listed in 1.2 Additional Resources. The following procedure is recommended after application set-up by the user is completed.

ACAUTION

MOTOR START!

Ensure that the motor, system, and any attached equipment is ready for start. It is the responsibility of the user to ensure safe operation under any operational condition. Failure to ensure that the motor, system, and any attached equipment is ready for start could result in personal injury or equipment damage.

- 1. Press [Auto On].
- Ensure that external control functions are properly wired to the Adjustable frequency drive and all programming completed.
- 3. Apply an external run command.
- 4. Adjust the speed reference throughout the speed range.
- 5. Remove the external run command.
- 6. Note any problems.

If warnings or alarms occur, see 8 Warnings and Alarms.



4 User Interface

4.1 Local Control Panel

The local control panel (LCP) is the combined display and keypad on the front of the unit. The LCP is the user interface to the adjustable frequency drive.

The LCP has several user functions.

- Start, stop, and control speed when in local control
- Display operational data, status, warnings and
 cautions
- Programming adjustable frequency drive functions
- Manually reset the adjustable frequency drive after a fault when auto-reset is inactive

An optional numeric LCP (NLCP) is also available. The NLCP operates in a manner similar to the LCP. See the Programming Guide for details on use of the NLCP.

NOTE!

The display contrast can be adjusted by pressing [STATUS] and the up/down key.

4.1.1 LCP Layout

The LCP is divided into four functional groups (see *Figure 4.1*).

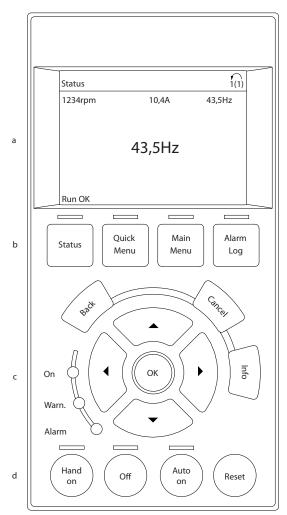


Figure 4.1 LCP

- a. Display area.
- b. Display menu keys for changing the display to show status options, programming, or error message history.
- Navigation keys for programming functions, moving the display cursor, and speed control in local operation. Also included are the status indicator lights.
- d. Operational mode keys and reset.



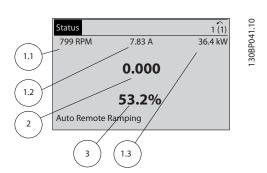
4.1.2 Setting LCP Display Values

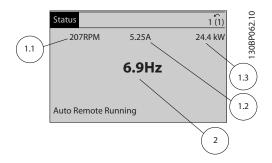
The display area is activated when the adjustable frequency drive receives power from AC line voltage, a DC bus terminal, or an external 24 V supply.

The information displayed on the LCP can be customized for user application.

- Each display readout has a parameter associated with it.
- Options are selected in main menu 0-2*.
- The adjustable frequency drive status at the bottom line of the display is generated automatically and is not selectable. See 7 Status Messages for definitions and details.

Display	Parameter number	Default setting
1.1	0-20	Speed [RPM]
1.2	0-21	Motor Current
1.3	0-22	Power [kW]
2	0-23	Frequency
3	0-24	Reference [%]





4.1.3 Display Menu Keys

Menu keys are used for menu access for parameter set-up, toggling through status display modes during normal operation, and viewing fault log data.

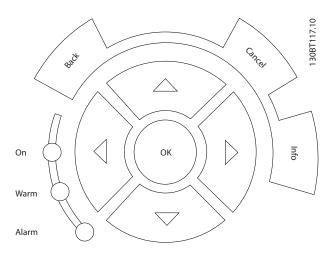
Status

Quick Menu Main Menu Alarm Log 130BP045.10

Key	Function	
Status	Press to show operational information. In Auto mode, press and hold to toggle between status readout displays	
	Press repeatedly to scroll through each status display.	
	 Press and hold [Status] plus [▲] or [▼] to adjust the display brightness 	
	 The symbol in the upper right corner of the display shows the direction of motor rotation and which set-up is active. This is not programmable. 	
Quick Menu	Allows access to programming parameters for initial set-up instructions and many detailed application instructions. • Press to access Q2 Quick Setup for sequenced instructions to program the basic frequency controller set up	
	Follow the sequence of parameters as presented for the function set-up	
Main Menu	Allows access to all programming parameters. Press twice to access top level index. Press once to return to the last location accessed.	
	 Press and hold to enter a parameter number for direct access to that parameter. 	
Alarm Log	Displays a list of current warnings, the last 10 alarms, and the maintenance log. • For details about the adjustable frequency drive before it entered the alarm mode, select the alarm number using the navigation keys and press [OK].	

4.1.4 Navigation Keys

Navigation keys are used for programming functions and moving the display cursor. The navigation keys also provide speed control in local (hand) operation. Three Adjustable frequency drive status indicator lights are also located in this area.

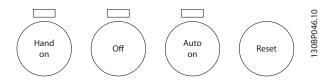


Key	Function	
Back	Reverts to the previous step or list in the menu	
	structure.	
Cancel	Cancels the last change or command as long as	
	the display mode has not changed.	
Info	Press for a definition of the function being	
	displayed.	
Navigation	Use the four navigation arrows to move between	
Keys	items in the menu.	
ОК	Use to access parameter groups or to enable a	
	choice.	

Light	Indicator	Function
Green	ON	The ON light activates when the
		Adjustable frequency drive
		receives power from AC line
		voltage, a DC bus terminal, or an
		external 24V supply.
Yellow	WARN	When warning conditions are met,
		the yellow WARN light comes on
		and text appears in the display
		area identifying the problem.
Red	ALARM	A fault condition causes the red
		alarm light to flash and an alarm
		text is displayed.

4.1.5 Operation Keys

Operation keys are found at the bottom of the LCP.



Key	Function	
Hand On	Press to start the Adjustable frequency drive in local control. Use the navigation keys to control Adjustable frequency drive speed An external stop signal by control input or serial communication overrides the local hand on	
Off	Stops the motor but does not remove power to the Adjustable frequency drive.	
Auto On	Puts the system in remote operational mode. Responds to an external start command by control terminals or serial communication Speed reference is from an external source	
Reset	Resets the Adjustable frequency drive manually after a fault has been cleared.	

4.2 Backup and Copying Parameter Settings

Programming data is stored internally in the Adjustable frequency drive.

- The data can be uploaded into the LCP memory as a storage backup.
- Once stored in the LCP, the data can be downloaded back into the Adjustable frequency drive
- Or downloaded into other adjustable frequency drives by connecting the LCP into those units and downloading the stored settings. (This is a quick way to program multiple units with the same settings.)
- Initialization of the Adjustable frequency drive to restore factory default settings does not change data stored in the LCP memory

AWARNING

UNINTENDED START!

When Adjustable frequency drive is connected to AC line power, the motor may start at any time. The Adjustable frequency drive, motor, and any driven equipment must be in operational readiness. Failure to be in operational readiness when the Adjustable frequency drive is connected to AC line power could result in death, serious injury, equipment, or property damage.



4.2.1 Uploading Data to the LCP

- 1. Press [OFF] to stop the motor before uploading or downloading data.
- 2. Go to 0-50 LCP Copy.
- 3. Press [OK].
- 4. Select All to LCP.
- 5. Press [OK]. A progress bar shows the uploading process.
- 6. Press [Hand On] or [Auto On] to return to normal operation.

4.2.2 Downloading Data from the LCP

- Press [OFF] to stop the motor before uploading or downloading data.
- 2. Go to 0-50 LCP Copy.
- 3. Press [OK].
- 4. Select All from LCP.
- 5. Press [OK]. A progress bar shows the downloading process.
- Press [Hand On] or [Auto On] to return to normal operation.

4.3 Restoring Default Settings

CAUTION

Initialization restores the unit to factory default settings. Any programming, motor data, localization, and monitoring records will be lost. Uploading data to the LCP provides a backup prior to initialization.

Restoring the Adjustable frequency drive parameter settings back to default values is done by initialization of the adjustable frequency drive. Initialization can be through *14-22 Operation Mode* or manually.

- Initialization using 14-22 Operation Mode does not change Adjustable frequency drive data such as operating hours, serial communication selections, personal menu settings, fault log, alarm log, and other monitoring functions
- Using *14-22 Operation Mode* is generally recommended.
- Manual initialization erases all motor, programming, localization, and monitoring data and restores factory default settings.

4.3.1 Recommended Initialization

- 1. Press [Main Menu] twice to access parameters.
- 2. Scroll to 14-22 Operation Mode.
- 3. Press [OK].
- 4. Scroll to Initialization.
- Press [OK].
- Remove power to the unit and wait for the display to turn off.
- 7. Apply power to the unit.

Default parameter settings are restored during start-up. This may take slightly longer than normal.

- 8. Alarm 80 is displayed.
- 9. Press [Reset] to return to operation mode.

4.3.2 Manual Initialization

- Remove power to the unit and wait for the display to turn off.
- 2. Press and hold [Status], [Main Menu], and [OK] at the same time and apply power to the unit.

Factory default parameter settings are restored during startup. This may take slightly longer than normal.

Manual initialization does not reset the following Adjustable frequency drive information

- 15-00 Operating Hours
- 15-03 Power Up's
- 15-04 Over Temp's
- 15-05 Over Volt's

5 About Adjustable Frequency Drive Programming

5.1 Introduction

The Adjustable frequency drive is programmed for its application functions using parameters. Parameters are accessed by pressing either [Quick Menu] or [Main Menu] on the LCP. (See 4 User Interface for details on using the LCP function keys.) Parameters may also be accessed through a PC using the MCT 10 Set-up Software (see 5.6.1 Remote Programming with MCT-10 Set-up Software).

The quick menu is intended for initial start up (Q2-** Quick Set Up). Data entered in a parameter can change the options available in the parameters following that entry.

The main menu accesses all parameters and allows for advanced adjustable frequency drive applications.

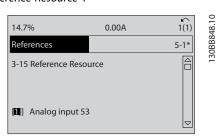
5.2 Programming Example

Here is an example for programming the adjustable frequency drive for a common application in open-loop using the quick menu.

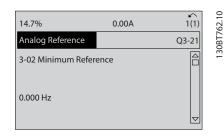
- This procedure programs the adjustable frequency drive to receive a 0-10 V DC analog control signal on input terminal 53
- The adjustable frequency drive will respond by providing 6-60 Hz output to the motor proportional to the input signal (0-10V DC = 6-60 Hz).

Select the following parameters using the navigation keys to scroll to the titles and press [OK] after each action.

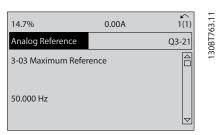
3-15 Reference Resource 1



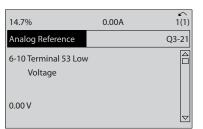
2. 3-02 Minimum Reference. Set minimum internal adjustable frequency drive reference to 0 Hz. (This sets the minimum adjustable frequency drive speed at 0 Hz.)



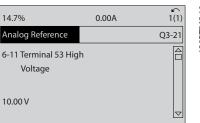
3-03 Maximum Reference. Set maximum internal adjustable frequency drive reference to 60 Hz. (This sets the maximum adjustable frequency drive speed at 60 Hz. Note that 50/60 Hz is a regional variation.)



6-10 Terminal 53 Low Voltage. Set minimum external voltage reference on Terminal 53 at 0V. (This sets the minimum input signal at 0 V.)



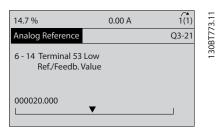
6-11 Terminal 53 High Voltage. Set maximum external voltage reference on Terminal 53 at 10 V. (This sets the maximum input signal at 10V.)



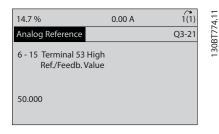
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6. 6-14 Terminal 53 Low Ref./Feedb. Value. Set minimum speed reference on Terminal 53 at 6Hz. (This tells the adjustable frequency drive that the minimum voltage received on Terminal 53 (0 V) equals 6 Hz output.)



7. 6-15 Terminal 53 High Ref./Feedb. Value. Set maximum speed reference on Terminal 53 at 60 Hz. (This tells the adjustable frequency drive that the maximum voltage received on Terminal 53 (10 V) equals 60 Hz output.)



With an external device providing a 0–10 V control signal connected to adjustable frequency drive terminal 53, the system is now ready for operation. Note that the scroll bar on the right in the last figure of the display is at the bottom, indicating the procedure is complete.

Figure 5.1 shows the wiring connections used to enable this set-up.

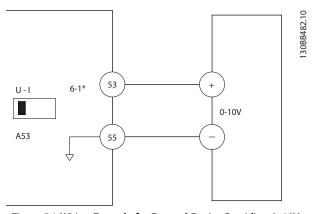


Figure 5.1 Wiring Example for External Device Providing 0–10V Control Signal (adjustable frequency drive left, external device right)

5.3 Control Terminal Programming Examples

Control terminals can be programmed.

- Each terminal has specified functions it is capable of performing.
- Parameters associated with the terminal enable the function.
- For proper Adjustable frequency drive functioning, the control terminals must be

Wired properly

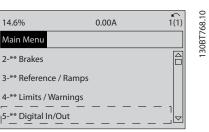
Programmed for the intended function

Receiving a signal

See *Table 2.3* for control terminal parameter number and default setting. (Default setting can change based on the selection in *0-03 Regional Settings*.)

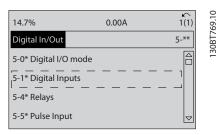
The following example shows accessing Terminal 18 to see the default setting.

1. Press [Main Menu] twice, scroll to parameter group 5-** *Digital In/Out Parameter Data Set* and press [OK].

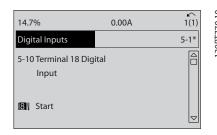




2. Scroll to parameter group 5-1* *Digital Inputs* and press [OK].



3. Scroll to *5-10 Terminal 18 Digital Input*. Press [OK] to access function choices. The default setting *Start* is shown.



5.4 International/North American Default Parameter Settings

Setting *0-03 Regional Settings* to [0]*International* or [1] *North America* changes the default settings for some parameters. *Table 5.1* lists those parameters that are effected.

Parameter	International default parameter	North American default parameter			
	value	value			
0-03 Regional	International	North America			
Settings					
1-20 Motor Power	See Note 1	See Note 1			
[kW]					
1-21 Motor Power	See Note 2	See Note 2			
[HP]					
1-22 Motor Voltage	230 V/400 V/575 V	208 V/460 V/575 V			
1-23 Motor	50 Hz	60 Hz			
Frequency					
3-03 Maximum	50 Hz	60 Hz			
Reference					
3-04 Reference	Sum	External/Preset			
Function					
4-13 Motor Speed	1500RPM	1800RPM			
High Limit [RPM]					
See Note 3 and 5					

Parameter	International default parameter value	North American default parameter value
4-14 Motor Speed	50 Hz	60 Hz
High Limit [Hz]		
See Note 4		
4-19 Max Output	132Hz	120 Hz
Frequency		
4-53 Warning Speed	1500RPM	1800RPM
High		
5-12 Terminal 27	Coast inverse	External interlock
Digital Input		
5-40 Function Relay	No operation	No alarm
6-15 Terminal 53	50	60
High Ref./Feedb.		
Value		
6-50 Terminal 42	No operation	Speed 4-20 mA
Output		
14-20 Reset Mode	Manual reset	Infinite auto reset

Table 5.1 International/North American Default Parameter Settings

Note 1: 1-20 Motor Power [kW] is only visible when 0-03 Regional Settings is set to [0] International.

Note 2: 1-21 Motor Power [HP] , is only visible when 0-03 Regional Settings is set to [1] North America.

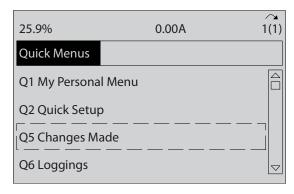
Note 3: This parameter is only visible when 0-02 Motor Speed Unit is set to [0] RPM.

Note 4: This parameter is only visible when 0-02 Motor Speed Unit is set to [1] Hz.

Note 5: The default value depends on the number of motor poles. For a 4-poled motor, the international default value is 1500 RPM and for a 2-poled motor, 3000 RPM. The corresponding values for North America is 1800 RPM and 3600 RPM, respectively.

Changes made to default settings are stored and available for viewing in the quick menu along with any programming entered into parameters.

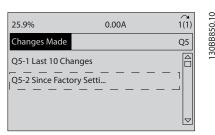
- 1. Press [Quick Menu].
- 2. Scroll to Q5 Changes Made and press [OK].



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3. Select Q5-2 *Since Factory Setting* to view all programming changes or Q5-1 *Last 10 Changes* for the most recent.



5.5 Parameter Menu Structure

Establishing the correct programming for applications often requires setting functions in several related parameters. These parameter settings provide the Adjustable frequency drive with system details for the Adjustable frequency drive to operate properly. System details may include such things as input and output signal types, programming terminals, minimum and maximum signal ranges, custom displays, automatic restart, and other features.

- See the LCP display to view detailed parameter programming and setting options.
- Press [Info] in any menu location to view additional details for that function.
- Press and hold [Main Menu] to enter a parameter number for direct access to that parameter.
- Details for common application set ups are provided in 6 Application Set-Up Examples.

About Adjustable Frequency ...

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About	Adjustable Fr	equen	су				Mar	nual																									
				Warning Reference Low Warning Reference High Warning Feedback I ow					Digital		Terminal 27 Mode		ľ					Terminal X30/3 Digital	Terminal X30/4 Digital Input	Terminal	Terminal X46/3 Digital	Terminal X46/5 Digital Input Terminal X46/7 Digital Input	•		Terminal X46/13 Digital Input	ľ	•		Term X30/7 Digi Out (MCB 101)			Off Delay, Relay	ľ
4-30 4-31 4-32	4-34 4-35 4-37 4-38 4-39	4-5 *	4-52 4-53	4-54 4-55 4-56	4-57	4 4	4-60 4-61	4-62 4-63	#-G	2-00	5-01	5-1	5-10	5-11	5-13	5-14	5-16	5-17	5-18	5-20	5-21	5-22	5-24	5-25	5-26	5-30	5-31	5-32	5-33	5-40	5-41	5-42	5-50
	Ramp 1 S-ramp Ratio at Decel. Start Ramp 2 Ramp 2 Type Ramp 2 Type Ramp 2 Ramp-up Time	Ramp 2 S-ramp Ratio at Accel. Start Ramp 2 S-ramp Ratio at Accel. End Ramp 2 S-ramp Ratio at Decel. Start	Ramp 3 Ramp 3 Ramp 3	Ramp 3 Ramp up Time Ramp 3 Ramp-down Time Ramp 3 S-ramp Ratio at Accel Start	Ramp 3 S-ramp Ratio at Accel. End	Ramp 3 S-ramp Ratio at Decel. End	Ramp 4 Ramp 4 Type	Ramp 4 Ramp-up Time Ramp 4 Ramp-down Time	Ramp 4 S-ramp Ratio at Accel. Start	Ramp 4 S-ramp Ratio at Decel. Ella Ramp 4 S-ramp Ratio at Decel. Start	Ramp 4 S-ramp Ratio at Decel. End	Joa Ramp Time	Quick Stop Ramp Time	Quick Stop Ramp Type	Quick stop s-ramp hatto at Decel. Start	Quick Stop S-ramp Ratio at Decel.	End Digital Pot. meter	Step Size	Ramp Time	rower nestore Maximum Limit	Minimum Limit	Ramp Delay Limits / Warnings	Motor Limits	Motor Speed Direction	Motor Speed Low Limit [RPM]	Motor Speed Low Limit [HZ] Motor Speed High Limit [RPM]	Motor Speed High Limit [Hz]	Torque Limit Motor Mode	Torque Limit Generator Mode	Max Output Frequency	Limit Factors	Torque Limit Factor Source	Motor Speed Mon.
3-42 3-45 3-46	3-47 3-48 3-50 3-51 3-52	3-56	3-60 3-60	3-61 3-62 3-65	3-66	3-68	3-7*	3-71	3-75	3-77	3-78	3-80	3-81	3-82	0-00	3-84	*6-E	3-90	3-91	3-93	3-94	3-95	<u>*</u> 1-4	4-10	1-4	4-13	4-14	4-16	4-17	4-19	4-2 *	4-20	4 -3*
	Thermistor Resource ATEX ETR cur.lim. speed reduction KTY Sensor Type KTY Thermistor Resource KTY Threshold level KTY Threshold level ATEX ETR Interpol. points freq.			DC Brake Cut-in Speed [RPM] DC Brake Cut-in Speed [Hz] Maximum Reference			Braking Energy Limit (kW) Braking Energy Monitoring		_		Mechanical Brake				Stop Delay Brake Release Time		_		Reference Limits			Maximum Reference Reference Frinction		_	Jog Speed [Hz]				Reference Resource 2			Ramp 1	
1-90 1-91	1-93 1-94 1-95 1-96 1-98	5 6 * 6	2-02 2-02	2-03	2-1 *	2-11	2-12 2-13	2-15 2-16			2-2	2-21	2-22	2-23	2-25	2-26	2-28	*.	6 0	3-05	3-02	3-03	3 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 2 1	3-10	3-11	3-12	3-14	3-15	3-16			4	3-41
Motor Data Motor Power [kW] Motor Power [HP]	Motor Voltage Motor Tequency Motor Current Motor Nominal Speed Motor Cont. Rated Torque Automatic Motor Adaptation (AMA)	Addi. Motor Data Stator Resistance (Rs) Rotor Resistance (Rr) Cacher Locking Doctors	Statof Leakage Reactance (XI) Rotor Leakage Reactance (X2) Main Reactance (Xh)	Iron Loss Resistance (Rfe) d-axis Inductance (Ld) Motor Poles	Back EMF at 1000 RPM	Load-Indep. Setting	Motor Magnetization at Zero Speed Min Speed Normal Magnetizing	[RPM] Min Speed Normal Magnetizing [Hz]	Model Shift Frequency	Voltage reduction in held weakening U/f Characteristic - U	U/f Characteristic - F Elvetart Test Pulses Current	Flystart Test Pulses Current	Load-Depend. Settg.	Low Speed Load Compensation	rign speed Load Compensation Slip Compensation	Slip Compensation Time Constant	Resonance Dampening Resonance Dampening Time	Constant	Min. Current at Low Speed	Load Type Minimum Inertia	Maximum Inertia	Start Adjustments	Start Function	Flying Start	Start Speed [RPM]	Start Current	Stop Adjustments	Function at Stop	Min Speed for Function at Stop	Min Speed for Function at Stop [Hz]	Precise Stop Function	Precise Stop Counter Value Dracise Stop Speed Compensation	Delay
1-2 * 1-20	1-23 1-23 1-24 1-25 1-26	1-30 1-31	1-34 1-35	1-36	9 4 5	<u>+</u>	1-50	1-52	1-53	1-55	1-56	1-59	4	1-60	1-62	1-63	1-65		1-66	1-68	1-69	1 -7	•	_	1-74	1-76	<u>*</u>	1-80	1-81	1-82	1-83	1-84	3
5.5.1 Main Menu Structure	0-4* Operation/Display 0-0 Basic Settings 0-01 Language 0-02 Motor Speed Unit 0-03 Regional Settings			0-13 Readout: Linked Set-ups 0-14 Readout: Edit Set-ups / Channel 0-15 Readout: Actual set-up	0-2* LCP Display 0-20 Display Line 1.1 Small				0-3* LCP Custom Readout 0-30 Unit for User-defined Readout		0-32 Max Value of User-defined Readout 0-37 Display Text 1			0-4* LCF Reypad 0-40 [Hand on] Key on LCP		0-42 [Auto on] Key on LCP 0-43 [Reset] Key on LCP			0-50 LCP Copy		0-6* Password		_	0-66 Access to Quick Menu w/o Password	U-6/ Bus Password Access 1-** Load and Motor	ľ			I-UZ FIUX Motor Feedback Source I-03 Torque Characteristics	-	I-05 Local Mode Configuration	-00 Clockwise Direction -1* Motor Selection	_
7		000	000	000	00	0	0	0 0	00	0	0	0	0)	0	00	0	0)	0	0	0	0	0 0	-	-	_			_		_	-

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10-33 Store Always 10-34 DeviceNet Product Code 10-39 DeviceNet F Parameters 10-5* CANopen 10-5 Process Data Config Write. 10-5 Process Data Config Read. 12-0* IP Settings 12-0* IP Settings 12-00 IP Address Assignment 12-01 IP Address Assignment 12-01 IP Address Assignment 12-03 Default Gateway 12-04 DHCP Server 12-05 Lease Expires 12-06 Name Servers 12-06 Name Servers 12-07 Domain Name 12-08 Host Name 12-09 Physical Address 12-10 Link Status 12-11 Link Duration	12-12 Auto Negotiation 12-13 Link Speed 12-14 Link Speed 12-27 Process Data 12-20 Control Instance 12-21 Process Data Config Write 12-21 Process Data Config Write 12-22 Process Data Config Read 12-23 Process Data Config Read 12-24 Process Data Config Read 12-25 Store Data Values 12-25 Store Data Values 12-26 Store Data Values 12-27 Primary Master 12-28 Store Data Values 12-29 Revision 12-31 Net Reference 12-31 Net Reference 12-32 Net Control 12-33 CIP Product Code 12-35 EDS Parameter 12-36 Confinibit Timer 12-37 COS Inhibit Timer 12-38 Cos Filter 12-40 Status Parameter 12-41 Slave Message Count 12-40 Status Parameter 12-40 Status Parameter 12-51 Configured Station Address 12-51 Configured Station Address 12-51 Configured Station Address 12-51 Configured Station Prover 12-89 The Server 12-89 Transparent Socket Channel Port 12-90 Cable Diagnostic 12-91 Auto Cross Over
Bus Jog 2 Speed Sepoint Sepoint Actual Value FCD Write Configuration FCD Read Configuration Rode Address Parameters for Signals Parameters for Signals Parameters for Signals Parameters for Signals Parameter Edit Pault Message Counter Fault Number Fault Number Sa Profibus Warning Word Actual Baud Rate Device Identification Profile Number	
n. Ref. xx. Ref. rce al/ Inv. Inv. Ctrl. down	SSTW d CTW
Analog Output 1 Terminal 42 Output Terminal 42 Output Min Scale Terminal 42 Output Min Scale Terminal 42 Output Max Scale Terminal 42 Output Timeout Preset Analog Output Filter Terminal X30/8 Output Terminal X30/8 Min. Scale Terminal X30/8 Min. Scale Terminal X30/8 Output Timeout Preset Analog Output 3 Terminal X45/1 Output Terminal X45/1 Min. Scale Terminal X45/1 Output Timeout Terminal X45/1 Output Timeout Terminal X45/1 Output Timeout Terminal X45/1 Output Timeout Preset	Analog Output 4 Terminal X45/3 Output Terminal X45/3 Output Terminal X45/3 Output Terminal X45/3 Max. Scale Terminal X45/3 Max. Scale Terminal X45/3 Day Terminal X45/2 Day Terminal X4
Term. 29 High Frequency Term. 29 Low Ref./Feedb. Value Pulse Filter Time Constant #29 Term. 32 High Ref./Feedb. Value Pulse Filter Time Constant #29 Term. 33 High Frequency Term. 33 High Frequency Term. 33 High Ref./Feedb. Value Term. 33 High Ref./Feedb. Value Pulse Output Ref./Feedb. Value Pulse Output Max Freq #27 Terminal 27 Pulse Output Variable Pulse Output Max Freq #29 Terminal 29 Pulse Output Variable Pulse Output Max Freq #29 Terminal X30/6 Pulse Output Variable Pulse Output Max Freq #30 Terminal X30/6 Pulse Output Variable Pulse Output Max Freq #30 Terminal X30/6 Pulse Coutput Variable Term 32/33 Encoder Input Term 32/33 Encoder Direction Bus Controlled Digital & Relay Bus Control	5-93 Pulse Out #27 Bus Control 6-8* 5-94 Pulse Out #27 Timeout Preset 6-80 5-95 Pulse Out #27 Timeout Preset 6-81 5-96 Pulse Out #30/Firmeout Preset 6-81 5-97 Pulse Out #330/6 Bus Control 6-83 5-98 Pulse Out #330/7 Timeout Preset 6-84 6-00 Live Zero Timeout Time 7-0 6-01 Live Zero Timeout Function 7-0 6-10 Live Zero Timeout Function 7-0 6-11 Terminal 53 Low Voltage 7-0 6-12 Terminal 53 High Voltage 7-0 6-13 Terminal 53 High Ref/Feedb. Value 7-0 6-14 Terminal 54 High Voltage 7-1 6-27 Analog Input 2 7-1 6-28 Terminal 54 High Voltage 7-1 6-29 Terminal 54 Low Current 7-2 6-20 Terminal 54 High Current 7-2 6-21 Terminal 54 High Current 7-2 6-22 Terminal 54 High Voltage 7-3 6-23

VLT Automation Drive Instruction Manual

About Adjustable Frequency	Manual
Analog Readouts Analog Readouts Analog Input X48/2 [mA] Temp. Input X48/7 Temp. Input X48/7 Temp. Input X48/10 Inputs & Outputs 2 Digital Input 2 Plocess PID Error Process PID Clamped Output Process PID Clamped Output Process PID Clamped Output Wobble Wobble Delta Frequency [Hz] Wobble Delta Frequency [Wz] Wobble Delta Frequency [Wz] Wobble Delta Frequency [Wz]	Wobble Jump Frequency [142] Wobble Jump Frequency [142] Wobble Jump Time Wobble Jump Time Wobble Random Function Wobble Random Function Wobble Random Ratio Min. Wobble Part Adjust High Starting Torque Time [5] High Starting Torque Time [5] High Starting Torque Time [6] Adv. Start Adjust High Starting Torque Time [6] High Starting Torque Time [6] By Ration Proportion Ime [6] Gompatibility (1) G-cked Rotor Detection Time [6] G-cked Rotor Detection Time [6] By Ration Proportional Gain By Pass Induction Gain By Pass Start Time Delay By pass Start Time Delay By pass Start Time Delay By pass Starts Word By pass Starts Word By pass Starts Word By pass Start Startings Femode By pass Activation By pass Running Hours Remote By pass Activation Absolute Protocol Absolute Encoder Baud Rate X55 Absolute Encoder Baud Rate Encoder Glock Frequency Absolute Encoder Clock Frequency
18-38 18-36 18-36 18-36 18-36 18-36 18-36 18-36 18-36 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90 18-90	30-04 V 330-05 V 3300
16-50 External Reference 16-51 Pulse Reference 16-52 Feedback (Unit) 16-53 Digi Pot Reference 16-57 Feedback (RPM) 16-66 Digital Input 16-60 Digital Input 53 Switch Setting 16-62 Analog Input 53 16-63 Terminal 54 Switch Setting 16-64 Analog Input 54 16-65 Digital Output 191 16-66 Digital Output (Bin) 16-66 Preq. Input #32 [Hz] 16-68 Freq. Input #33 [Hz] 16-69 Pulse Output #31 [Hz] 16-70 Pulse Output [bin] 16-71 Relay Output [bin]	Counter B Prec. Stop Counter Analog in X30/11 Analog on X30/12 Analog Out X45/1 [mA] Serial communication bus & FC Port Serial communication bus & FC Port Serial communication bus REF 1 Comm. Option STW FC Port RFF 1 Diagnosis Readouts Alarm Word Alarm Word 2 Warning Word 2 Warning Word 2 Ext. Status Word Alarm Word 2 Ext. Status Word Alarm Word 2 SEX. Status Word Alarm Word 2 Ext. Status Word Alarm Word 2 SEX. Status Word Alarm Word 2 SEX. Status Word Conclock Rate SSI Data Length Clock Rate Exsolution (Positions/Rev) SSI Data Format Resolution (Positions/Rev) Foles Input Voltage Input Voltage Input Yoltage Input Kequency Transformation Ratio Resolver Interface Monitoring and App. Feedback Signal Monitoring
15-51 Adjustable Frequency Drive Serial Number 15-59 CSIV Filename 15-6• Option Ident 15-60 Option Mounted 15-61 Option Mounted 15-62 Option Ordering No 15-63 Option Serial No 15-63 Option Serial No 15-70 Option in Slot A 15-71 Slot A Option SW Version 15-72 Option in Slot B 15-73 Slot CO Option SW Version 15-74 Option in Slot CO 15-75 Slot CO Option SW Version	
14-40 VT Level 14-41 AEO Minimum Magnetization 14-42 Minimum AEO Frequency 14-43 Motor Cos-Phi 14-58 FEI Filter 14-51 DC Link Compensation 14-55 Fan Control 14-55 Output Filter 14-55 Output Filter 14-55 Output Filter 14-55 Actual Number of Inverter Units 14-57 Inductance Output Filter 14-57 Actual Number of Inverter Units 14-75 VLT Alarm Word 14-72 VLT Alarm Word 14-74 VLT Ext. Status Word 14-74 VLT Ext. Status Word 14-88 Options	Fault Settings Fault Settings Fault Level Drive Information Operating Data Operating Data Operating Hours RWIN Counter Power-ups Over Temps Over Volts Reset Rwin Counter Reset Rwin Counter Reset Rwin Gounter Data Log Settings Logging Source Logging Interval Trigger Event Logging Mode Samples Before Trigger Historic Log: Value Historic Log: Value Historic Log: Value Fault Log: Error Code Fault Log: Error Code Fault Log: Setting Fault Log: Time Drive Identification FC Type Fower Section Voltage Software Version Ordered Typecode String Actual Typecode String Number Power Card Ordering Number LCP ID Num. SW ID Power Card
12-93 Cable Error Length 12-95 Broadcast Storm Protection 12-95 Broadcast Storm Filter 12-96 Port Config 12-98 Interface Counters 12-98 Interface Counters 12-98 Interface Counters 13-98 Storm Filter 13-00 SL Controller Mode 13-01 Start Event 13-02 Stop Event 13-03 Reset SLC 13-14 Comparators 13-16 Comparator Operator 13-17 Comparator Value 13-18 RS-FF Operand S 13-16 RS-FF Operand S 13-16 RS-FF Operand S	

5

34-71 MCO Alarm Word 2 35-0* Temp. Input Mode 35-0* Temp. Input Mode 35-00 Tem. X48/4 Temp. Unit 35-01 Tem. X48/4 Temp. Unit 35-03 Tem. X48/7 Input Type 35-04 Tem. X48/7 Input Type 35-05 Tem. X48/7 Input Type 35-06 Tem. X48/7 Input Type 35-06 Tem. X48/1 Input Type 35-07 Tem. X48/1 Input Type 35-07 Tem. X48/4 Eilter Time Constant 35-18 Temp. Input X48/4 35-19 Tem. X48/4 Low Temp. Limit 35-17 Tem. X48/4 High Temp. Limit 35-27 Tem. X48/7 High Temp. Limit 35-27 Tem. X48/7 Input Monitor 35-26 Tem. X48/7 Input Monitor 35-27 Tem. X48/7 Input Monitor 35-28 Tem. X48/1 O Temp. Monitor 35-39 Tem. X48/1 O Temp. Limit 35-37 Tem. X48/1 O Temp. Limit 35-37 Tem. X48/1 O Temp. Limit 35-38 Tem. X48/1 O Temp. Limit 35-39 Tem. X48/1 O Temp. Limit 35-37 Tem. X48/2 Low Temp. Limit 35-38 Tem. X48/1 Unput Monitor 35-39 Tem. X48/2 High Current 35-40 Tem. X48/2 High Current 35-41 Tem. X48/2 High Current 35-42 Tem. X48/2 High Ref./Feedb. Value 35-44 Tem. X48/2 High Ref./Feedb. Value 35-45 Tem. X48/2 High Ref./Feedb. Value 35-46 Term. X48/2 Filter Time Constant
Activated Program Number Power-up State Drive Status Monitoring Behavior after Error RCO Supplied by External 24 VDC Terminal at alarm Status word at alarm Status word at alarm Status word at alarm MCO Port Settings K62 MCO CAN node ID K62 MCO CAN node ID K63 MCO R5485 serial baud rate MCO DEAR REACOUS EAST OF CAN NODE ID CO TO
Sync Factor Master Accuracy Window for Position Sync. Belative Slave Barker Distance Slave Marker Distance Master Marker Distance Master Marker Type Slave Marker Type Master Marker Type Marker Miller Marker Mumber for Fault Marker Mumber for Ready Velocity Filter Marker Mumber for Ready Marker Filter Time Marker Filter Time Marker Miller Marker Miller Marker Marker Filter Marker Miller Marker Marker Filter Marker Marker Filter Mindow Marker Filter M
User Unit Denominator User Unit Denominator User Unit Denominator User Unit Numerator Enc.2 Control Enc.2 Control Enc.2 Control Enc.2 Control Enc. 2 Coutrol Babolute Encoder Clock Frequency Absolute Encoder Clock Frequency Absolute Encoder Clock Generation Absolute Encoder Clock Generation Babolute Encoder Clock Generator Babolute Encoder Clock Babolute Encoder Clock Babolute Encoder Clock Babolute Encoder Glock Babolute Encoder Flower Babolute Encoder Flower Babolute Encoder Flower Babolute Flower Babolute Encoder Flower Babolute Encoder Flower Babolute Flower Babolute Encoder Flower Babolute Encoder Flower Babolute Flower Babolute Encoder Flower Babolute Flower Babolute Encoder Flower Babolute Flower Babolute Encoder B
32-10 32-11 32-12 32-13 32-13 32-14 32-14 32-14 32-14 32-14 32-15 32-15 32-16 32-16 32-16 32-16 32-16 32-17 32-16 32-16 32-16 32-16 32-17 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18 32-18



5.6 Remote Programming with MCT-10 Setup Software

Danfoss has a software program available for developing, storing, and transferring Adjustable frequency drive programming. The MCT 10 Set-up Software allows the user to connect a PC to the Adjustable frequency drive and perform live programming rather than using the LCP. Also, all Adjustable frequency drive programming can be done off-line and simply downloaded into Adjustable frequency drive. Or the entire Adjustable frequency drive profile can be loaded onto the PC for backup storage or analysis.

The USB connector or RS-485 terminal are available for connecting to the Adjustable frequency drive.

MCT 10 Set-up Software is available for free download at www.VLT-software.com. A CD is also available by requesting part number 130B1000. A user's manual provides detailed instructions for operation.

5



6 Application Set-Up Examples

6.1 Introduction

NOTE!

A jumper wire may be required between terminal 12 (or 13) and terminal 27 for the Adjustable frequency drive to operate when using factory default programming values. See 2.4.5.6 Jumper Terminals 12 and 27 for details.

The examples in this section are intended as a quick reference for common applications.

- Parameter settings are the regional default values unless otherwise indicated (selected in 0-03 Regional Settings)
- Parameters associated with the terminals and their settings are shown next to the drawings.
- Where switch settings for analog terminals A53 or A54 are required, these are also shown.

6.2 Application Examples

		Parameters					
FC		10	Function	Setting			
+24 V	120	30BB929.10					
+24 V	130	30BI	1-29 Automatic				
DIN	180	-	Motor	[1] Enable			
DIN	190		Adaptation	complete			
сом	200		(AMA)	AMA			
DIN	270	J	5-12 Terminal 27	[2]* Coast			
DIN	290		Digital Input	inverse			
DIN	320		* = Default Value				
DIN	330		Notes/comments: Parameter				
DIN	370		group 1-2* must be set				
+10 V	5 0 ¢		according to mot				
A IN	530						
A IN	540						
сом	550						
A OUT	420						
СОМ	390						
	7						

Table 6.1 AMA with T27 Connected

			Parame	eters			
FC		.10	Function	Setting			
+24 V	120	30BB930.10					
+24 V	130	308	1-29 Automatic				
D IN	180	-	Motor	[1] Enable			
D IN	190		Adaptation	complete			
сом	200		(AMA)	AMA			
D IN	270		5-12 Terminal 27	[0] No			
D IN	290		Digital Input	operation			
D IN	320		* = Default Value				
DIN	330		Notes/comments:	Darameter			
DIN	370		group 1-2* must be set				
+10 V	50 0		according to mot	or			
A IN	53 0						
A IN	54 0						
СОМ	550						
A OUT	420						
сом	39						
	7						

Table 6.2 AMA without T27 Connected

		_	Parame	eters
FC		.10	Function	Setting
+24 V	120	3088926.10		
+24 V	130	30BE	6-10 Terminal 53	
DIN	180		Low Voltage	0.07 V*
DIN	190		6-11 Terminal 53	10 V*
СОМ	200		High Voltage	
DIN	270		6-14 Terminal 53	0 RPM
DIN	290		Low Ref./Feedb.	
DIN	320		Value	
DIN	330		6-15 Terminal 53	1500RPM
DIN	370		High Ref./Feedb.	
101/	500		Value	
+10 V A IN	50¢ 53¢	+	* = Default Value	Į.
I A IN	540		Notes/comments:	
СОМ	550			
A OUT	420			
СОМ	390	-10 - +10V		
U-I				
A53				

Table 6.3 Analog Speed Reference (Voltage)



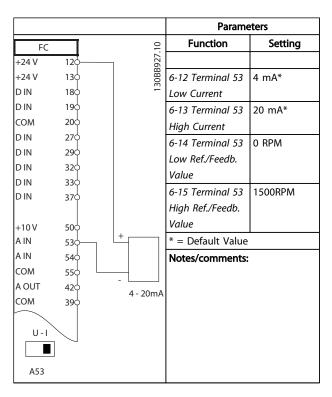
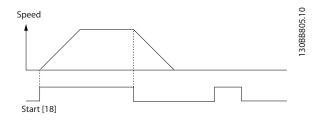


Table 6.4 Analog Speed Reference (Current)

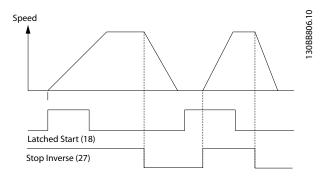
				Parame	Parameters				
FC			10	Function	Setting				
+24 V	120-		30BB802.10						
+24 V	130		30BE	5-10 Terminal 18	[8] Start*				
D IN	180-) ==	Digital Input					
D IN	190			5-12 Terminal 27	[0] No				
сом	200			Digital Input	operation				
D IN	27ф			5-19 Terminal 37	[1] Safe Stop				
D IN	290			Safe Stop	Alarm				
DIN	32ф			* = Default Value					
DIN	33Ф			Notes/comments:					
DIN	37Φ-	7		If 5-12 Terminal 27 Digital Input					
+10	500			is set to [0] No op					
A IN	53Q			jumper wire to te	rminal 27 is				
AIN	54Q			not needed.					
сом	550								
A OUT	420								
сом	390								
\									
	$\sqrt{}$								

Table 6.5 Start/Stop Command with Safe Stop



				Parame	eters
FC			0	Function	Setting
+24 V	120		30BB803.10		
+24 V	130	}	08B	5-10 Terminal 18	[9] Latched
D IN	180		13	Digital Input	Start
D IN	190	}		5-12 Terminal 27	[6] Stop
сом	200	}		Digital Input	Inverse
DIN	270	\		* = Default Value	
DIN	290	}		Notes/comments:	
DIN	320	}		If 5-12 Terminal 22	7 Diaital Innut
DIN	330	>			
DIN	370]	is set to [0] No op	
				jumper wire to te	rminal 27 is
+10 V	500	 		not needed.	
A IN	530	}			
A IN	540	}			
сом	550	}			
A OUT	420	}			
сом	390	}			
	_	<u> </u>			

Table 6.6 Pulse Start/Stop



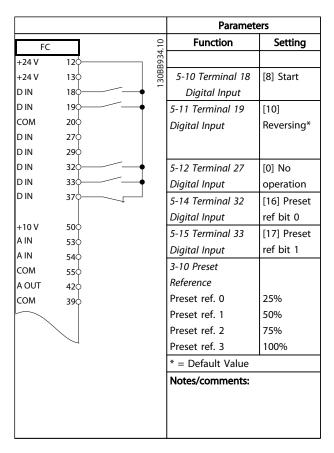


Table 6.7 Start/Stop with Reversing and Four Preset Speeds

				Parame	eters
FC	$\overline{}$		10	Function	Setting
+24 V	120		30BB928.10		
+24 V	130		OBB	5-11 Terminal 19	[1] Reset
DIN	180		13	Digital Input	
DIN	190		•	* = Default Value	
сом	200			Notes/comments:	
DIN	270				
DIN	290				
DIN	320				
DIN	330				
D IN	370	_			
+10 V	500				
A IN	530				
A IN	540				
СОМ	550				
A OUT	420				
СОМ	390				
	7				

Table 6.8 External Alarm Reset

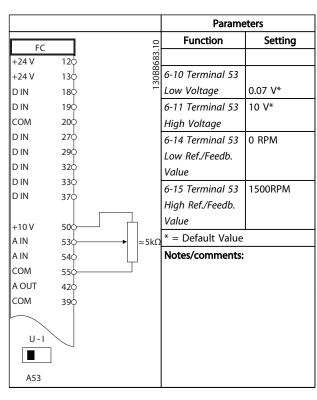


Table 6.9 Speed Reference (using a manual potentiometer)

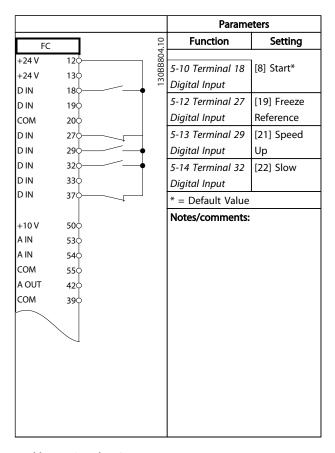
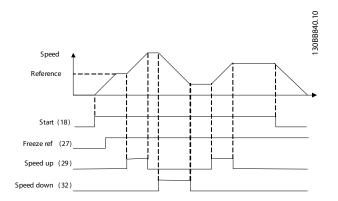


Table 6.10 Speed Up/Down





			Parameters		
FC 9		Function	Setting		
+24 V	120	3088685.10			
+24 V	130	088	8-30 Protocol	FC*	
DIN	180	13	8-31 Address	1*	
DIN	190		8-32 Baud Rate	9600*	
СОМ	200		* = Default Value		
DIN	270		N. da a fara managan da		
DIN	290		Notes/comments:		
DIN	320		Select protocol, a		
DIN	330		baud rate in the a		
DIN	370		mentioned param	eters.	
+10 V	500				
A IN	530				
A IN	540				
СОМ	550				
A OUT	420				
СОМ	390				
	010				
≂ ⊬—	020				
	030				
	040				
2 /-	050				
	060	RS-485			
	610				
	680	+			
	690				

Table 6.11 RS-485 Network Connection

CAUTION

Thermistors must use reinforced or double insulation to meet PELV insulation requirements.

		Parameters		
FC =		Function	Setting	
+24 V	120 130			
+24 V	130	1-90 Motor	[2]	
D IN	180 ≕	Thermal	Thermistor	
D IN	190	Protection	trip	
СОМ	200	1-93 Thermistor	[1] Analog	
D IN	270	Source	input 53	
D IN	290	* = Default Value		
DIN	320			
D IN	33¢ 37¢	Notes/comments:		
DIN	3/0	If only a warning is desired,		
+10 V	500	1-90 Motor Thermal Protection		
A IN	530	should be set to [1] Thermistor		
A IN	540	warning.		
сом	550			
A OUT	420			
СОМ	390			
U-I				
	7			
A53				

Table 6.12 Motor Thermistor



		Parameters			eters	
		1				
+24 V	FC '	120	139.1			
+24 V +24 V		120	130BB839.10	4-30 Motor		
D IN		180	13	Feedback Loss		
DIN		190		Function	[1] Warning	
СОМ		200		4-31 Motor	100 RPM	
DIN		270		Feedback Speed		
DIN		290		Error		
DIN		320		4-32 Motor	5 sec	
D IN		330		Feedback Loss		
DIN		37		Timeout		
				7-00 Speed PID	[2] MCB 102	
+10 V	′	500		Feedback Source		
A IN		530		17-11 Resolution	1024*	
A IN		540		(PPR)		
COM A OU	т	55¢ 42¢		13-00 SL	[1] On	
COM	1			Controller Mode	[.,] 6	
COIVI		390		13-01 Start Event	[19] Warning	
		010		13-02 Stop Event	[44] Reset	
F -	/	020-		13 02 Stop Everit	key	
ן "ו		030-	>	13-10 Comparato	[21] Warning	
				.′	number	
		040		r Operand		
Z [/	05		13-11 Comparato	[1] ≈*	
L		060		r Operator	00	
				13-12 Comparato	90	
				r Value	[22]	
				13-51 SL	[22]	
				Controller Event	Comparator 0	
				13-52 SL	[32] Set	
				Controller Action	digital out A	
				<u>-</u> .	low	
				5-40 Function	[80] SL digital	
				Relay	output A	
				* = Default Value		
				Notes/comments:		
				If the limit in the		
				monitor is exceed	, ,	
				90 will be issued.	The SLC	
				monitors Warning		
				case that Warning		
				TRUE then Relay		
				External equipme	*	
				indicate that service may be		
				required. If the feedback error		
				goes below the limit again		
				within 5 sec., then the drive		
				continues and the warning		
				disappears. But Re	elay 1 will still	
				be triggered until	[Reset] on	
				the LCP.		

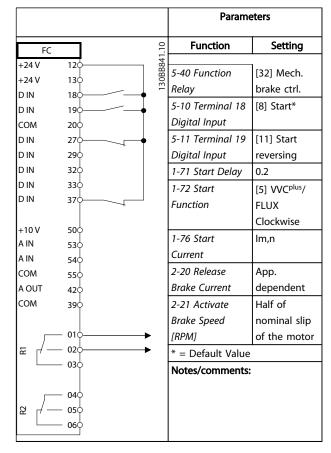


Table 6.14 Mechanical Brake Control

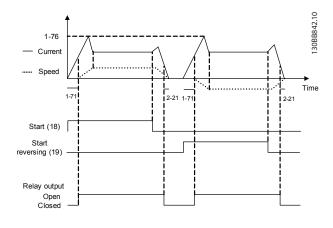


Table 6.13 Using SLC to Set a Relay



6



7 Status Messages

7.1 Status Display

When the Adjustable frequency drive is in status mode, status messages are generated automatically from within the Adjustable frequency drive and appear in the bottom line of the display (see *Figure 7.1.*)

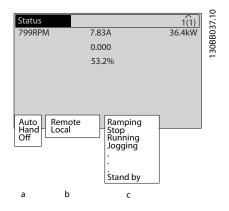


Figure 7.1 Status Display

- a. The first word on the status line indicates where the stop/start command originates.
- b. The second word on the status line indicates where the speed control originates.
- c. The last part of the status line gives the present Adjustable frequency drive status. These show the operational mode the Adjustable frequency drive is in.

NOTE!

In auto/remote mode, the Adjustable frequency drive requires external commands to execute functions.

7.2 Status Message Definitions Table

The next three tables define the meaning of the status message display words.

	Operation mode			
Off	The adjustable frequency drive does not react			
	to any control signal until [Auto On] or [Hand			
	on] is pressed.			
Auto on	The adjustable frequency drive is controlled			
	from the control terminals and/or the serial			
	communication.			
Hand on	The adjustable frequency drive can be			
	controlled by the navigation keys on the LCP.			
	Stop commands, reset, reversing, DC brake,			
	and other signals applied to the control			
	terminals can override local control.			

	Reference site			
Remote	The speed reference is given from external			
	signals, serial communication, or internal			
	preset references.			
Local	The adjustable frequency drive uses [Hand on]			
	control or reference values from the LCP.			

	Operation status			
AC Brake	AC Brake was selected in 2-10 Brake Function.			
	The AC brake over-magnetizes the motor to			
	achieve a controlled slow down.			
AMA finish OK	Automatic motor adaptation (AMA) was			
	carried out successfully.			
AMA ready	AMA is ready to start. Press [Hand on] to start.			
AMA running	AMA process is in progress.			
Braking	The brake chopper is in operation. Generative			
	energy is absorbed by the brake resistor.			
Braking max.	The brake chopper is in operation. The power			
	limit for the brake resistor defined in			
	2-12 Brake Power Limit (kW) is reached.			
Coast	Coast inverse was selected as a function			
	for a digital input (parameter group 5-1*).			
	The corresponding terminal is not			
	connected.			
	Coast activated by serial communication			



	Operation status
Ctrl. Ramp-down	Control Ramp-down was selected in 14-10 Mains Failure. • The AC line voltage is below the value set
	in 14-11 Mains Voltage at Mains Fault at line power fault
	The adjustable frequency drive ramps down the motor using a controlled ramp- down
Current High	The adjustable frequency drive output current is above the limit set in 4-51 Warning Current High.
Current Low	The adjustable frequency drive output current is below the limit set in 4-52 Warning Speed Low
DC Hold	DC hold is selected in 1-80 Function at Stop and a stop command is active. The motor is held by a DC current set in 2-00 DC Hold/ Preheat Current.
DC Stop	 The motor is held with a DC current (2-01 DC Brake Current) for a specified time (2-02 DC Braking Time). DC Brake is activated in 2-03 DC Brake Cut In Speed [RPM] and a Stop command is active. DC Brake (inverse) is selected as a function for a digital input (parameter group 5-1*). The corresponding terminal is not active.
Facella al, biala	The DC Brake is activated via serial communication. The sum of all active feedbacks is above the
Feedback high	The sum of all active feedbacks is above the feedback limit set in 4-57 Warning Feedback High.
Feedback low	The sum of all active feedbacks is below the feedback limit set in 4-56 Warning Feedback Low.
Freeze output	 The remote reference is active which holds the present speed. Freeze output was selected as a function for a digital input (parameter group 5-1*). The corresponding terminal is active. Speed control is only possible via the terminal functions speed up and slow. Hold ramp is activated via serial communication.
Freeze output request	A freeze output command has been given, but the motor will remain stopped until a run permissive signal is received.

	Operation status		
Freeze ref.	Freeze Reference was chosen as a function for		
l reeze rei.	a digital input (parameter group 5-1*). The		
	corresponding terminal is active. The adjustable frequency drive saves the actual		
	reference. Changing the reference is now only		
	1		
	possible via terminal functions speed up and		
	slow.		
Jog request	A jog command has been given, but the		
	motor will be stopped until a run permissive		
	signal is received via a digital input.		
Jogging	The motor is running as programmed in		
	3-19 Jog Speed [RPM].		
	Jog was selected as function for a digital		
	input (parameter group 5-1*). The		
	corresponding terminal (e.g., Terminal 29)		
	is active.		
	The Jog function is activated via the serial		
	communication.		
	The Jog function was selected as a		
	reaction for a monitoring function (e.g., No		
	signal). The monitoring function is active.		
Motor check	In 1-80 Function at Stop, Motor Check was		
	selected. A stop command is active. To ensure		
	that a motor is connected to the adjustable		
	frequency drive, a permanent test current is		
	applied to the motor.		
OVC control	Overvoltage control was activated in 2-17 Over-		
	voltage Control. The connected motor is		
	supplying the adjustable frequency drive with		
	generative energy. The overvoltage control		
	adjusts the V/Hz ratio to run the motor in		
	controlled mode and to prevent the		
	adjustable frequency drive from tripping.		
PowerUnit Off	(For adjustable frequency drives with an		
l oweronic on	external 24 V power supply installed only.)		
	Line power supply to the adjustable frequency		
	drive is removed, but the control card is		
	supplied by the external 24 V.		
Protection md	Protection mode is active. The unit has		
riotection ma			
	detected a critical status (an overcurrent or		
	overvoltage).		
	To avoid tripping, switching frequency is		
	reduced to 4 kHz.		
	If possible, protection mode ends after		
	approximately 10sec.		
	Protection mode can be restricted in		
	14-26 Trip Delay at Inverter Fault		
	20 mp Delay at inverter radit		

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	Operation status
QStop	The motor is decelerating using 3-81 Quick
	Stop Ramp Time.
	Quick stop inverse was chosen as a
	function for a digital input (parameter
	group 5-1*). The corresponding terminal is
	not active.
	The guick stop function was activated via
	serial communication.
Ramping	The motor is accelerating/decelerating using
namping	the active Ramp- up/down. The reference, a
Dof himb	limit value or a standstill is not yet reached.
Ref. high	The sum of all active references is above the
	reference limit set in 4-55 Warning Reference
D ()	High.
Ref. low	The sum of all active references is below the
	reference limit set in 4-54 Warning Reference
2 (Low.
Run on ref.	The adjustable frequency drive is running in
	the reference range. The feedback value
_	matches the setpoint value.
Run request	A start command has been given, but the
	motor is stopped until a run permissive signal
_	is received via digital input.
Running	The motor is driven by the adjustable
	frequency drive.
Speed high	Motor speed is above the value set in
	4-53 Warning Speed High.
Speed low	Motor speed is below the value set in
	4-52 Warning Speed Low.
Standby	In Auto On mode, the adjustable frequency
	drive will start the motor with a start signal
	from a digital input or serial communication.
Start delay	In 1-71 Start Delay, a delay starting time was
	set. A start command is activated and the
	motor will start after the start delay time
	expires.
Start fwd/rev	Start forward and start reverse were selected
	as functions for two different digital inputs
	(parameter group 5-1*). The motor will start in
	forward or reverse depending on which
	corresponding terminal is activated.
Stop	The adjustable frequency drive has received a
	stop command from the LCP, digital input or
	serial communication.
Trip	An alarm occurred and the motor is stopped.
	Once the cause of the alarm is cleared, the
	adjustable frequency drive can be reset
	manually by pressing [Reset] or remotely by
	control terminals or serial communication.

	Operation status		
Trip lock	An alarm occurred and the motor is stopped.		
	Once the cause of the alarm is cleared, power		
	must be cycled to the adjustable frequency		
	drive. The adjustable frequency drive can then		
	be reset manually by pressing [Reset] or		
	remotely by control terminals or serial		
	communication.		

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8 Warnings and Alarms

8.1 System Monitoring

The Adjustable frequency drive monitors the condition of its input power, output, and motor factors as well as other system performance indicators. A warning or alarm may not necessarily indicate a problem internal to the Adjustable frequency drive itself. In many cases it indicates failure conditions from input voltage, motor load or temperature, external signals, or other areas monitored by the adjustable frequency drive's internal logic. Be sure to investigate those areas exterior to the Adjustable frequency drive as indicated in the alarm or warning.

8.2 Warning and Alarm Types

Warnings

A warning is issued when an alarm condition is impending or when an abnormal operating condition is present and may result in the Adjustable frequency drive issuing an alarm. A warning clears by itself when the abnormal condition is removed.

Alarms

Trip

An alarm is issued when the Adjustable frequency drive is tripped, that is, the Adjustable frequency drive suspends operation to prevent Adjustable frequency drive or system damage. The motor will coast to a stop. The Adjustable frequency drive logic will continue to operate and monitor the Adjustable frequency drive status. After the fault condition is remedied, the Adjustable frequency drive can be reset. It will then be ready to start operation again.

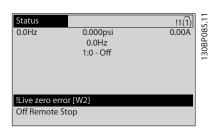
A trip can be reset in any of 4 ways:

- Press [RESET] on the LCP
- Digital reset input command
- Serial communication reset input command
- Auto reset

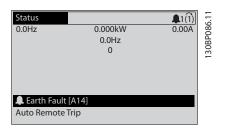
Trip lock

An alarm that causes the Adjustable frequency drive to trip-lock requires that input power be cycled. The motor will coast to a stop. The Adjustable frequency drive logic will continue to operate and monitor the Adjustable frequency drive status. Remove input power to the Adjustable frequency drive and correct the cause of the fault, then restore power. This action puts the Adjustable frequency drive into a trip condition as described above and may be reset in any of those four ways.

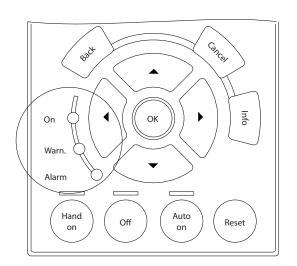
8.3 Warning and Alarm Displays



An alarm or trip lock alarm will flash on display along with the alarm number.



In addition to the text and alarm code on the Adjustable frequency drive display, the status indicator lights operate.



	Warn. LED	Alarm LED
Warning	ON	OFF
Alarm	OFF	ON (Flashing)
Trip Lock	ON	ON (Flashing)

30BB467.10



8.4 Warning and Alarm Definitions

Table 8.1 defines whether a warning is issued prior to an alarm, and whether the alarm trips the unit or trip locks the unit.

# D	Description	Warning	Alarm/Trip	Alarm/Trip Lock	Parameter Reference
1 10	0 Volts low	Х			
2 Li	ive zero error	(X)	(X)		6-01 Live Zero Timeout Function
3 N	lo motor	(X)			1-80 Function at Stop
4 Li	ine phase loss	(X)	(X)	(X)	14-12 Function at Mains Imbalance
5 D	C link voltage high	Х			
6 D	C link voltage low	Х			
7 D	C over-voltage	Х	Χ		
8 D	C undervoltage	Х	Х		
9 In	nverter overloaded	Х	Х		
10 M	Motor ETR overtemperature	(X)	(X)		1-90 Motor Thermal Protection
11 M	Notor thermistor over temperature	(X)	(X)		1-90 Motor Thermal Protection
12 To	orque limit	Х	Х		4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode 4-17 Torque Limit Generator Mode
13 O	Overcurrent	X	Χ	X	
14 G	round Fault	Х	Х	Х	
15 H	lardware mismatch		Х	X	
16 SI	hort Circuit		Х	Х	
17 C	ontrol word timeout	(X)	(X)		8-04 Control Word Timeout Function
20 Te	emp. Input Error				
21 Pa	aram Error				
22 H	loist Mech. Brake	(X)	(X)		Parameter group 2-2*
23 In	nternal Fans	Х			
24 Ex	xternal Fans	Х			
25 Bı	rake resistor short-circuited	Х			
26 Bı	rake resistor power limit	(X)	(X)		2-13 Brake Power Monitoring
27 Bı	rake chopper short-circuited	Х	Х		
28 Bı	rake check	(X)	(X)		2-15 Brake Check
	leatsink temp	Х	Х	Х	
30 M	Notor phase U missing	(X)	(X)	(X)	4-58 Missing Motor Phase Function
31 M	Notor phase V missing	(X)	(X)	(X)	4-58 Missing Motor Phase Function
32 M	Notor phase W missing	(X)	(X)	(X)	4-58 Missing Motor Phase Function
33 Sc	oft-charge fault		Х	Х	
	erial communication bus communication fault	Х	Х		
35 O	ption Fault				
36 Li	ine failure	Х	Х		



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Warnings and Alarms

#	Description	Warning	Alarm/Trip	Alarm/Trip Lock	Parameter Reference
37	Phase imbalance		Х		
38	Internal Fault		Х	Х	
39	Heatsink sensor		Х	Х	
40	Overload of Digital Output Terminal 27	(X)			5-00 Digital I/O Mode, 5-01 Terminal 27 Mode
41	Overload of Digital Output Terminal 29	(X)			5-00 Digital I/O Mode, 5-02 Terminal 29 Mode
42	Ovrld X30/6-7	(X)			
43	Ext. Supply (option)				
45	Ground Fault 2	Х	Х	Х	
46	Pwr. card supply		Х	Х	
47	24 V supply low	Х	Х	Х	
48	1.8 V supply low		Х	Х	
49	Speed limit	Х			
50	AMA calibration failed		Х		
51	AMA check U _{nom} and I _{nom}		Х		
52	AMA low I _{nom}		Х		
53	AMA motor too big		Х		
54	AMA motor too small		X		
55	AMA parameter out of range		X		
56	AMA interrupted by user		X		
57	AMA timeout		X		
58	AMA internal fault	X	X		
59	Current limit	X			4-18 Current Limit
61	Feedback Error	(X)	(X)		4-30 Motor Feedback Loss Function
62	Output Frequency at Maximum Limit	Х			
63	Mechanical Brake Low		(X)		2-20 Release Brake Current
64	Voltage Limit	х			
65	Control Board Over-temperature	х	Х	X	
66	Heat sink Temperature Low	Х			
67	Option Configuration has Changed		Х		
68	Safe Stop	(X)	(X) ¹⁾		5-19 Terminal 37 Safe Stop
69	Pwr. Card Temp		X	Х	·
70	Illegal FC configuration			Х	
71	PTC 1 Safe Stop				
72	Dangerous failure				
73	Safe Stop Auto Restart	(X)	(X)		5-19 Terminal 37 Safe Stop
74	PTC Thermistor			X	r
75	Illegal Profile Sel.		Х		
76	Power Unit Set-up	Х			
77	Reduced power mode	Х			14-59 Actual Number of Inverter Units
78	Tracking Error	(X)	(X)		4-34 Tracking Error Function
79	Illegal PS config		Х	Х	
80	Drive Initialized to Default Value		Х		

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#	Description	Warning	Alarm/Trip	Alarm/Trip Lock	Parameter
					Reference
81	CSIV corrupt		Х		
82	CSIV param error		Х		
83	Illegal Option Combination			Х	
84	No Safety Option		Х		
88	Option Detection			X	
89	Mechanical Brake Sliding	X			
90	Feedback Monitor	(X)	(X)		17-61 Feedback Signal
					Monitoring
91	Analog input 54 wrong settings			X	S202
163	ATEX ETR cur.lim.warning	X			
164	ATEX ETR cur.lim.alarm		Χ		
165	ATEX ETR freq.lim.warning	X			
166	ATEX ETR freq.lim.alarm		Χ		
243	Brake IGBT	X	Χ	X	
244	Heatsink temp	X	Χ	X	
245	Heatsink sensor		Χ	X	
246	Pwr.card supply			X	
247	Pwr.card temp		Χ	X	
248	Illegal PS config			X	
249	Rect. low temp.	X			
250	New spare parts			X	
251	New Type Code		Χ	X	

Table 8.1 Alarm/Warning Code List

(X) Dependent on parameter

1) Cannot be Auto reset via 14-20 Reset Mode

8.4.1 Fault Messages

The warning/alarm information below defines the warning/alarm condition, provides the probable cause for the condition, and details a remedy or troubleshooting procedure.

WARNING 1, 10 Volts low

The control card voltage is below 10 V from terminal 50. Remove some of the load from terminal 50, as the 10 V supply is overloaded. Max. 15 mA or minimum 590 Ω .

This condition can be caused by a short in a connected potentiometer or improper wiring of the potentiometer.

Troubleshooting: Remove the wiring from terminal 50. If the warning clears, the problem is with the customer wiring. If the warning does not clear, replace the control card.

WARNING/ALARM 2, Live zero error

This warning or alarm will only appear if programmed by the user in 6-01 Live Zero Timeout Function. The signal on one of the analog inputs is less than 50% of the minimum value programmed for that input. This condition can be

caused by broken wiring or faulty device sending the signal.

Troubleshooting

Check connections on all the analog input terminals. Control card terminals 53 and 54 for signals, terminal 55 common. MCB 101 terminals 11 and 12 for signals, terminal 10 common. MCB 109 terminals 1, 3, 5 for signals, terminals 2, 4, 6 common).

Check that the Adjustable frequency drive programming and switch settings match the analog signal type.

Perform Input Terminal Signal Test.

WARNING/ALARM 3, No motor

No motor has been connected to the output of the Adjustable frequency drive.

WARNING/ALARM 4, Mains phase loss

A phase is missing on the supply side, or the line voltage imbalance is too high. This message also appears for a fault in the input rectifier on the Adjustable frequency drive. Options are programmed at 14-12 Function at Mains Imbalance.

Troubleshooting: Check the supply voltage and supply currents to the Adjustable frequency drive.

WARNING 5, DC link voltage high

The intermediate circuit voltage (DC) is higher than the high voltage warning limit. The limit is dependent on the Adjustable frequency drive voltage rating. The unit is still active.

WARNING 6, DC link voltage low

The intermediate circuit voltage (DC) is lower than the low voltage warning limit. The limit is dependent on the Adjustable frequency drive voltage rating. The unit is still active.

WARNING/ALARM 7, DC overvoltage

If the intermediate circuit voltage exceeds the limit, the Adjustable frequency drive trips after a time.

Troubleshooting

Connect a brake resistor

Extend the ramp time

Change the ramp type

Activate the functions in 2-10 Brake Function

Increase 14-26 Trip Delay at Inverter Fault

WARNING/ALARM 8, DC undervoltage

If the intermediate circuit voltage (DC link) drops below the under voltage limit, the Adjustable frequency drive checks if a 24V DC backup supply is connected. If no 24V DC backup supply is connected, the Adjustable frequency drive trips after a fixed time delay. The time delay varies with unit size.

Troubleshooting:

Check that the supply voltage matches the Adjustable frequency drive voltage.

Perform input voltage test

Perform soft charge circuit test

WARNING/ALARM 9, Inverter overload

The Adjustable frequency drive is about to cut out because of an overload (too high current for too long). The counter for electronic, thermal inverter protection gives a warning at 98% and trips at 100%, while giving an alarm. The Adjustable frequency drive *cannot* be reset until the counter is below 90%.

The fault is that the Adjustable frequency drive is overloaded by more than 100% for too long.

Troubleshooting

Compare the output current shown on the LCP with the Adjustable frequency drive rated current.

Compare the output current shown on the LCP with measured motor current.

Display the Thermal Drive Load on the LCP and monitor the value. When running above the Adjustable frequency drive continuous current rating, the counter should increase. When running below the Adjustable frequency drive continuous current rating, the counter should decrease.

See the derating section in the *Design Guide* for more details if a high switching frequency is required.

WARNING/ALARM 10, Motor overload temperature

According to the electronic thermal protection (ETR), the motor is too hot. Select whether the Adjustable frequency drive gives a warning or an alarm when the counter reaches 100% in *1-90 Motor Thermal Protection*. The fault occurs when the motor is overloaded by more than 100% for too long.

Troubleshooting

Check for motor overheating.

Check if the motor is mechanically overloaded.

Check that the motor current set in *1-24 Motor Current* is correct.

Ensure that Motor data in parameters 1-20 through 1-25 are set correctly.

If an external fan is in use, check in 1-91 Motor External Fan that it is selected.

Running AMA in 1-29 Automatic Motor Adaptation (AMA) may tune the Adjustable frequency drive to the motor more accurately and reduce thermal loading.

WARNING/ALARM 11, Motor thermistor over temp

The thermistor might be disconnected. Select whether the Adjustable frequency drive gives a warning or an alarm in 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection.

Troubleshooting

Check for motor overheating.

Check if the motor is mechanically overloaded.

When using terminal 53 or 54, check that the thermistor is connected correctly between either terminal 53 or 54 (analog voltage input) and terminal 50 (+10V supply) and that the terminal switch for 53 or 54 is set for voltage. Check 1-93 Thermistor Source selects terminal 53 or 54.

When using digital inputs 18 or 19, check that the thermistor is connected correctly between either terminal 18 or 19 (digital input PNP only) and terminal 50. Check *1-93 Thermistor Source* selects terminal 18 or 19.

WARNING/ALARM 12, Torque limit

The torque has exceeded the value in 4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode or the value in 4-17 Torque Limit Generator Mode. 14-25 Trip Delay at Torque Limit can change this from a warning only condition to a warning followed by an alarm.



Troubleshooting

If the motor torque limit is exceeded during ramp-up, extend the ramp-up time.

If the generator torque limit is exceeded during ramp-down, extend the ramp--down time.

If torque limit occurs while running, possibly increase the torque limit. Be sure the system can operate safely at a higher torque.

Check the application for excessive current draw on the motor.

WARNING/ALARM 13, Overcurrent

The inverter peak current limit (approximately 200% of the rated current) is exceeded. The warning lasts about 1.5 secs., then the Adjustable frequency drive trips and issues an alarm. This fault may be caused by shock loading or fast acceleration with high inertia loads. If extended mechanical brake control is selected, trip can be reset externally.

Troubleshooting:

Remove power and check if the motor shaft can be turned.

Check that the motor size matches the Adjustable frequency drive.

Check parameters 1-20 through 1-25 for correct motor data.

ALARM 14, Ground fault

There is current from the output phases to ground, either in the cable between the Adjustable frequency drive and the motor or in the motor itself.

Troubleshooting:

Remove power to the Adjustable frequency drive and repair the ground fault.

Check for ground faults in the motor by measuring the resistance to ground of the motor leads and the motor with a megohmmeter.

ALARM 15, Hardware mismatch

A fitted option is not operational with the present control board hardware or software.

Record the value of the following parameters and contact your Danfoss supplier:

15-40 FC Type

15-41 Power Section

15-42 Voltage

15-43 Software Version

15-45 Actual Typecode String

15-49 SW ID Control Card

15-50 SW ID Power Card

15-60 Option Mounted

15-61 Option SW Version (for each option slot)

ALARM 16, Short circuit

There is short-circuiting in the motor or motor wiring.

Remove power to the Adjustable frequency drive and repair the short circuit.

WARNING/ALARM 17, Control word timeout

There is no communication to the Adjustable frequency drive.

The warning will only be active when 8-04 Control Word Timeout Function is NOT set to OFF.

If 8-04 Control Word Timeout Function is set to Stop and Trip, a warning appears and the Adjustable frequency drive ramps down until it stops then displays an alarm.

Troubleshooting:

Check connections on the serial communication cable.

Increase 8-03 Control Word Timeout Time

Check the operation of the communication equipment.

Verify a proper installation based on EMC requirements.

WARNING/ALARM 20, Temp. input error

The temperature sensor is not connected.

WARNING/ALARM 21, Parameter error

The parameter is out of range. The parameter number is reported in the LCP. The affected parameter must be set to a valid value.

WARNING/ALARM 22, Hoist mechanical brake

Report value will show what kind it is. 0 = The torque ref. was not reached before timeout. 1 = There was no brake feedback before timeout.

WARNING 23, Internal fan fault

The fan warning function is an extra protective function that checks if the fan is running/mounted. The fan warning can be disabled in *14-53 Fan Monitor* ([0] Disabled).

For the D, E, and F Frame filters, the regulated voltage to the fans is monitored.

Troubleshooting:

Check for proper fan operation.

Cycle power to the Adjustable frequency drive and make sure that the fan operates briefly at start-up.

Check the sensors on the heatsink and control card.

WARNING 24, External fan fault

The fan warning function is an extra protective function that checks if the fan is running/mounted. The fan warning can be disabled in *14-53 Fan Monitor* ([0] Disabled).

Troubleshooting:

Check for proper fan operation.

Cycle power to the Adjustable frequency drive and make sure that the fan operates briefly at start-up.

Check the sensors on the heatsink and control card.

WARNING 25, Brake resistor short circuit

The brake resistor is monitored during operation. If a short circuit occurs, the brake function is disabled and the warning appears. The Adjustable frequency drive is still operational but without the brake function. Remove power to the Adjustable frequency drive and replace the brake resistor (see 2-15 Brake Check).

WARNING/ALARM 26, Brake resistor power limit

The power transmitted to the brake resistor is calculated as a mean value over the last 120 seconds of run time. The calculation is based on the intermediate circuit voltage and the brake resistance value set in 2-16 AC brake Max. Current. The warning is active when the dissipated braking is higher than 90% of the brake resistance power. If Trip [2] is selected in 2-13 Brake Power Monitoring, the Adjustable frequency drive will trip when the dissipated braking energy reaches 100%.

WARNING/ALARM 27, Brake chopper fault

The brake transistor is monitored during operation and if a short circuit occurs, the brake function is disabled and a warning is issued. The Adjustable frequency drive is still operational but, since the brake transistor has short-circuited, substantial power is transmitted to the brake resistor, even if it is inactive.

Remove power to the Adjustable frequency drive and remove the brake resistor.

WARNING/ALARM 28, Brake check failed

The brake resistor is not connected or not working. Check 2-15 Brake Check.

ALARM 29, Heatsink temp

The maximum temperature of the heatsink has been exceeded. The temperature fault will not reset until the temperature falls below a defined heatsink temperature. The trip and reset points are different based on the Adjustable frequency drive power size.

Troubleshooting:

Check for the following conditions.

Ambient temperature too high.

Motor cable too long.

Incorrect airflow clearance above and below the Adjustable frequency drive

Blocked airflow around the Adjustable frequency drive.

Damaged heatsink fan.

Dirty heatsink.

ALARM 30, Motor phase U missing

Motor phase U between the Adjustable frequency drive and the motor is missing.

Remove power from the Adjustable frequency drive and check motor phase U.

ALARM 31, Motor phase V missing

Motor phase V between the Adjustable frequency drive and the motor is missing.

Remove power from the Adjustable frequency drive and check motor phase V.

ALARM 32, Motor phase W missing

Motor phase W between the Adjustable frequency drive and the motor is missing.

Remove power from the Adjustable frequency drive and check motor phase W.

ALARM 33, Inrush fault

Too many power-ups have occurred within a short time period. Let the unit cool to operating temperature.

WARNING/ALARM 34, communication fault

The serial communication bus on the communication option card is not working.

WARNING/ALARM 35, Option fault

An option alarm is received. The alarm is option specific. The most likely cause is a power-up or a communication fault.

WARNING/ALARM 36, Mains failure

This warning/alarm is only active if the supply voltage to the Adjustable frequency drive is lost and 14-10 Mains Failure is NOT set to [0] No Function. Check the fuses to the Adjustable frequency drive and line power supply to the unit.

ALARM 37, Imb of sup volt

There is a current imbalance between the power units

ALARM 38, Internal fault

When an internal fault occurs, a code number defined in the table below is displayed.

Troubleshooting

Cycle power

Check that the option is properly installed

Check for loose or missing wiring



It may be necessary to contact your Danfoss supplier or service department. Note the code number for further troubleshooting directions.

No.	Text		
0	Serial port cannot be initialized. Contact		
	yourDanfoss supplier or DanfossService		
	Department.		
256-258	Power EEPROM data is defect or too old		
512-519	Internal fault. Contact yourDanfoss supplier or		
	Danfoss Service Department.		
783	Parameter value outside of min/max limits		
1024-1284	Internal fault. Contact your Danfoss supplier or the		
	Danfoss Service Department.		
1299	Option SW in slot A is too old		
1300	Option SW in slot B is too old		
1302	Option SW in slot C1 is too old		
1315	Option SW in slot A is not supported (not allowed		
1316	Option SW in slot B is not supported (not allowed)		
1318	Option SW in slot C1 is not supported (not		
	allowed)		
1379-2819	Internal fault. Contact yourDanfoss supplier or		
	DanfossService Department.		
2820	LCP stack overflow		
2821	Serial port overflow		
2822	USB port overflow		
3072-5122	Parameter value is outside its limits		
5123	Option in slot A: Hardware incompatible with		
control board hardware			
5124	Option in slot B: Hardware incompatible with		
control board hardware			
5125	5125 Option in slot C0: Hardware incompatible with		
control board hardware			
5126	Option in slot C1: Hardware incompatible with		
	control board hardware		
5376-6231	6-6231 Internal fault. Contact yourDanfoss supplier or		
DanfossService Department.			

ALARM 39, Heatsink sensor

No feedback from the heatsink temperature sensor.

The signal from the IGBT thermal sensor is not available on the power card. The problem could be on the power card, on the gate drive card, or the ribbon cable between the power card and gate drive card.

WARNING 40, Overload of digital output terminal 27

Check the load connected to terminal 27 or remove short-circuit connection. Check 5-00 Digital I/O Mode and 5-01 Terminal 27 Mode.

WARNING 41, Overload of digital output terminal 29

Check the load connected to terminal 29 or remove short-circuit connection. Check 5-00 Digital I/O Mode and 5-02 Terminal 29 Mode.

WARNING 42, Overload of digital output on X30/6 or overload of digital output on X30/7

For X30/6, check the load connected to X30/6 or remove short-circuit connection. Check *5-32 Term X30/6 Digi Out (MCB 101)*.

For X30/7, check the load connected to X30/7 or remove short-circuit connection. Check *5-33 Term X30/7 Digi Out (MCB 101)*.

ALARM 43, Ext. supply

MCB 113 Ext. Relay Option is mounted without ext. 24 V DC. Either connect an ext. 24 V DC supply or specify that no external supply is used via 14-80 Option Supplied by External 24VDC [0]. A change in 14-80 Option Supplied by External 24VDC requires a power cycle.

ALARM 45, Earth Fault 2

Ground fault on start-up.

Troubleshooting

Check for proper grounding and loose connections.

Check for proper wire size.

Check motor cables for short-circuits or leakage currents.

ALARM 46, Power card supply

The supply on the power card is out of range.

There are three power supplies generated by the switch mode power supply (SMPS) on the power card: 24V, 5V, +/- 18V. When powered with 24V DC with the MCB 107 option, only the 24V and 5V supplies are monitored. When powered with three-phase AC line voltage, all three supplied are monitored.

Troubleshooting

Check for a defective power card.

Check for a defective control card.

Check for a defective option card.

If a 24V DC power supply is used, verify proper supply power.

WARNING 47, 24V supply low

The 24 V DC is measured on the control card. The external 24V DC backup power supply may be overloaded; otherwise, contact your Danfoss supplier.

WARNING 48, 1.8V supply low

The 1.8V DC supply used on the control card is outside of allowable limits. The power supply is measured on the control card. Check for a defective control card. If an option card is present, check for an overvoltage condition.

WARNING 49, Speed limit

When the speed is not within the specified range in 4-11 Motor Speed Low Limit [RPM] and 4-13 Motor Speed High Limit [RPM], the Adjustable frequency drive will show

a warning. When the speed is below the specified limit in 1-86 Trip Speed Low [RPM] (except when starting or stopping) the Adjustable frequency drive will trip.

ALARM 50, AMA calibration failed

Contact your Danfoss supplier or Danfoss Service Department.

ALARM 51, AMA check Unom and Inom

The settings for motor voltage, motor current, and motor power are wrong. Check the settings in parameters 1-20 to 1-25.

ALARM 52, AMA low Inom

The motor current is too low. Check the setting in 4-18 Current Limit.

ALARM 53, AMA motor too big

The motor is too big for the AMA to operate.

ALARM 54, AMA motor too small

The motor is too small for the AMA to operate.

ALARM 55, AMA Parameter out of range

The parameter values of the motor are outside of the acceptable range. AMA will not run.

ALARM 56, AMA interrupted by user

The AMA has been interrupted by the user.

ALARM 57, AMA timeout

Try to restart AMA again. Repeated restarts may overheat the motor.

ALARM 58, AMA internal fault

Contact your Danfoss supplier.

WARNING 59, Current limit

The current is higher than the value in 4-18 Current Limit. Ensure that Motor data in parameters 1-20 through 1-25 are set correctly. Possibly increase the current limit. Be sure the system can operate safely at a higher limit.

WARNING 60, External interlock

A digital input signal is indicating a fault condition external to the Adjustable frequency drive. An external interlock has commanded the Adjustable frequency drive to trip. Clear the external fault condition. To resume normal operation, apply 24V DC to the terminal programmed for external interlock. Reset the Adjustable frequency drive.

WARNING/ALARM 61, Tracking error

An error between calculated speed and speed measurement from feedback device. The function Warning/ Alarm/Disabling setting is in 4-30 Motor Feedback Loss Function. Accepted error setting in 4-31 Motor Feedback Speed Error and the allowed time the error occur setting in 4-32 Motor Feedback Loss Timeout. During a commissioning procedure the function may be effective.

WARNING 62, Output frequency at maximum limit

The output frequency has reached the value set in 4-19 Max Output Frequency. Check the application to determine the cause. Possibly increase the output frequency limit. Be sure the system can operate safely at a higher output frequency. The warning will clear when the output drops below the maximum limit.

ALARM 63, Mechanical brake low

The actual motor current has not exceeded the "release brake" current within the "Start delay" time window.

WARNING/ALARM 65, Control card over temperature

The cutout temperature of the control card is 176°F [80°C].

Troubleshooting

- Check that the ambient operating temperature is within limits.
- Check for clogged filters.
- Check fan operation.
- Check the control card.

WARNING 66, Heatsink temperature low

The Adjustable frequency drive is too cold to operate. This warning is based on the temperature sensor in the IGBT module.

Increase the ambient temperature of the unit. Also, a trickle amount of current can be supplied to the Adjustable frequency drive whenever the motor is stopped by setting 2-00 DC Hold/Preheat Current at 5% and 1-80 Function at Stop

ALARM 67, Option module configuration has changed

One or more options have either been added or removed since the last power-down. Check that the configuration change is intentional and reset the unit.

ALARM 68, Safe stop activated

Loss of the 24V DC signal on terminal 37 has caused the filter to trip. To resume normal operation, apply 24V DC to terminal 37 and reset the filter.

ALARM 69, Power card temperaturePower card temperature

The temperature sensor on the power card is either too hot or too cold.

Troubleshooting

Check that the ambient operating temperature is within limits.

Check for clogged filters.

Check fan operation.

Check the power card.



ALARM 70, Illegal FC configuration

The control card and power card are incompatible. Contact your supplier with the type code of the unit from the nameplate and the part numbers of the cards to check compatibility.

ALARM 71, PTC 1 safe stop

Safe Stop has been activated from the PTC Thermistor Card (motor too warm). Normal operation can be resumed when the applies 24 V DC to T-37 again (when the motor temperature reaches an acceptable level) and when the digital Input from the is deactivated. When that happens, a reset signal must be is be sent (via Bus, Digital I/O, or by pressing [RESET]).

ALARM 72, Dangerous failure

Safe Stop with Trip Lock. The dangerous failure alarm is issued if the combination of safe stop commands is unexpected. This is the case if the VLT enables X44/10 but safe stop is somehow not enabled. Furthermore, if the is the only device using safe stop (specified through selection [4] or [5] in 5-19 Terminal 37 Safe Stop), an unexpected combination is activation of safe stop without the X44/10 being activated. The following table summarizes the unexpected combinations that lead to Alarm 72. Note that if X44/10 is activated in selection 2 or 3, this signal is ignored! However, the will still be able to activate Safe Stop.

WARNING 73, Safe stop auto restart

Safe stopped. Note that with automatic restart enabled, the motor may start when the fault is cleared.

ALARM 74, PTC Thermistor

Alarm related to the ATEX option. The PTC is not working.

ALARM 75, Illegal profile sel.

Parameter value must not be written while motor is running. Stop motor before writing MCO profile to 8-10 Control Word Profile for instance.

WARNING 76, Power unit set-up

The required number of power units does not match the detected number of active power units.

Troubleshooting:

When replacing an F-frame module, this will occur if the power specific data in the module power card does not match the rest of the Adjustable frequency drive. Please confirm the spare part and its power card are the correct part number.

77 WARNING, Reduced power mode

This warning indicates that the Adjustable frequency drive is operating in reduced power mode (i.e., less than the allowed number of inverter sections). This warning will be generated on power cycle when the Adjustable frequency drive is set to run with fewer inverters and will remain on.

ALARM 78, Tracking error

The difference between setpoint value and actual value has exceeded the value in 4-35 Tracking Error. Disable the function by 4-34 Tracking Error Function or select an alarm/warning also in 4-34 Tracking Error Function. Investigate the mechanics around the load and motor. Check feedback connections from motor – encoder – to Adjustable frequency drive. Select motor feedback function in 4-30 Motor Feedback Loss Function. Adjust tracking error band in 4-35 Tracking Error and 4-37 Tracking Error Ramping.

ALARM 79, Illegal power section configuration

The scaling card is the incorrect part number or not installed. Also MK102 connector on the power card could not be installed.

ALARM 80. Unit initialized to default value

Parameter settings are initialized to default settings after a manual reset. Reset the unit to clear the alarm.

ALARM 81, CSIV corrupt

CSIV file has syntax errors.

ALARM 82, CSIV par. err.

CSIV failed to init a parameter.

ALARM 83, Illegal option combination

The mounted options are not supported to work together.

ALARM 84, No safety option

The safety option was removed without applying a general reset. Reconnect the safety option.

ALARM 88, Option detection

A change in the option layout has been detected. This alarm occurs when 14-89 Option Detection is set to [0] Frozen configuration and the option layout for some reason has changed. An option layout change has to be enabled in 14-89 Option Detection before the change is accepted. If the change of configuration is not accepted, it is only possible to reset Alarm 88 (Trip-lock) when the option configuration has been re-established/corrected.

WARNING 89, Mechanical brake sliding

The hoist brake monitor has detected a motor speed > 10rpm.

ALARM 90, Feedback mon.

Check the connection to encoder/ resolver option and eventually replace the MCB 102 or MCB 103.

ALARM 91, Analogue input 54 wrong settings

Switch S202 has to be set in position OFF (voltage input) when a KTY sensor is connected to analog input terminal 54.

ALARM 92, No flow

A no-flow condition has been detected in the system. 22-23 No-Flow Function is set for alarm. Troubleshoot the system and reset the Adjustable frequency drive after the fault has been cleared.



ALARM 93, Dry pump

A no-flow condition in the system with the Adjustable frequency drive operating at high speed may indicate a dry pump. 22-26 Dry Pump Function is set for alarm. Troubleshoot the system and reset the Adjustable frequency drive after the fault has been cleared.

ALARM 94, End of curve

Feedback is lower than the setpoint. This may indicate leakage in the system. 22-50 End of Curve Function is set for alarm. Troubleshoot the system and reset the Adjustable frequency drive after the fault has been cleared.

ALARM 95, Broken belt

Torque is below the torque level set for no load, indicating a broken belt. 22-60 Broken Belt Function is set for alarm. Troubleshoot the system and reset the Adjustable frequency drive after the fault has been cleared.

ALARM 96, Start delayed

Motor start has been delayed due to short-cycle protection. 22-76 Interval between Starts is enabled. Troubleshoot the system and reset the Adjustable frequency drive after the fault has been cleared.

WARNING 97, Stop delayed

Stopping the motor has been delayed due to short cycle protection. 22-76 Interval between Starts is enabled. Troubleshoot the system and reset the Adjustable frequency drive after the fault has been cleared.

WARNING 98, Clock fault

Time is not set or the RTC clock has failed. Reset the clock in *0-70 Date and Time*.

WARNING 163, ATEX ETR cur.lim.warning

The warning limit of ATEX ETR rated current curve has been reached. The warning is activated at 83% and deactivated at 65% of the permitted thermal overload.

ALARM 164, ATEX ETR cur.lim.alarm

The ATEX ETR permitted thermal overload has been exceeded.

WARNING 165, ATEX ETR freq.lim.warning

The Adjustable frequency drive is running more than 50 sec. below the permitted minimum frequency (1-98 ATEX ETR interpol. points freq. [0]).

ALARM 166, ATEX ETR freq.lim.alarm

The Adjustable frequency drive has operated more than 60 sec. (in a period of 600 sec.) below the permitted minimum frequency (1-98 ATEX ETR interpol. points freq. [0]).

ALARM 243, Brake IGBT

This alarm is only for F Frame drives. It is equivalent to Alarm 27. The report value in the alarm log indicates which power module generated the alarm:

ALARM 244, Heatsink temperature

This alarm is only for F Frame adjustable frequency drives. It is equivalent to Alarm 29. The report value in the alarm log indicates which power module generated the alarm.

ALARM 245, Heatsink sensor

This alarm is only for F Frame adjustable frequency drives. It is equivalent to Alarm 39. The report value in the alarm log indicates which power module generated the alarm.

- 1 = left most inverter module.
- 2 = middle inverter module in F2 or F4 Adjustable frequency drive.
- 2 = right inverter module in F1 or F3 Adjustable frequency drivee.
- 3 = right inverter module in F2 or F4 Adjustable frequency drive.
- 5 = rectifier module.

ALARM 246, Power card supply

This alarm is only for F Frame Adjustable frequency drive. It is equivalent to Alarm 46. The report value in the alarm log indicates which power module generated the alarm.

- 1 = left most inverter module.
- 2 = middle inverter module in F2 or F4 Adjustable frequency drive.
- 2 = right inverter module in F1 or F3 Adjustable frequency drive.
- 3 = right inverter module in F2 or F4 Adjustable frequency drive.
- 5 = rectifier module.

ALARM 69, Power card temperaturePower card temperature

This alarm is only for F Frame Adjustable frequency drive. It is equivalent to Alarm 69. The report value in the alarm log indicates which power module generated the alarm.

- 1 = left most inverter module.
- 2 = middle inverter module in F2 or F4 Adjustable frequency drive.
- 2 = right inverter module in F1 or F3 Adjustable frequency drive.
- 3 = right inverter module in F2 or F4 Adjustable frequency drive.
- 5 = rectifier module.

ALARM 248, Illegal power section configuration

This alarm is only for F Frame adjustable frequency drives. It is equivalent to Alarm 79. The report value in the alarm log indicates which power module generated the alarm:

- Manual
- 1 = left most inverter module.
- 2 = middle inverter module in F2 or F4 Adjustable frequency drive.
- 2 = right inverter module in F1 or F3 Adjustable frequency drive.
- 3 = right inverter module in F2 or F4 Adjustable frequency drive.
- 5 = rectifier module.

WARNING 249, Rect. low temperature

IGBT sensor fault (highpower units only).

WARNING 250, New spare part

A component in the Adjustable frequency drive has been replaced. Reset the Adjustable frequency drive for normal operation.

WARNING 251, New type code

The power card or other components have been replaced and the type code changed. Reset to remove the warning and resume normal operation.



9 Basic Troubleshooting

9.1 Start Up and Operation

See Alarm Log in Table 4.1.

Symptom	Possible Cause	Test	Solution
	Missing input power	See Table 3.1.	Check the input power source.
	Missing or open fuses or circuit	See open fuses and tripped circuit	Follow the recommendations
	breaker tripped	breaker in this table for possible	provided.
		causes.	
	No power to the LCP	Check the LCP cable for proper	Replace the faulty LCP or
		connection or damage.	connection cable.
	Shortcut on control voltage	Check the 24 V control voltage	Wire the terminals properly.
	(terminal 12 or 50) or at control	supply for terminal 12/13 to 20-39	
Display dark / No function	terminals	or 10 V supply for terminal 50 to	
Display dark / No function		55.	
	Wrong LCP (LCP from VLT® 2800		Use only LCP 101 (P/N 130B1124)
	or 5000/6000/8000/ FCD or FCM)		or LCP 102 (P/N. 130B1107).
	Wrong contrast setting		Press [Status] + Up/Down arrows
			to adjust the contrast.
	Display (LCP) is defective	Test using a different LCP.	Replace the faulty LCP or
			connection cable.
	Internal voltage supply fault or		Contact supplier.
	SMPS is defective		
	Overloaded power supply (SMPS)	To rule out a problem in the	If the display stays lit, then the
	due to improper control wiring or	control wiring, disconnect all	problem is in the control wiring.
Intermittent display	a fault within the Adjustable	control wiring by removing the	Check the wiring for shorts or
intermittent display	frequency drive	terminal blocks.	incorrect connections. If the display
			continues to cut out, follow the
			procedure for display dark.

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Symptom	Possible Cause	Test	Solution
	Service switch open or missing	Check if the motor is connected	Connect the motor and check the
	motor connection	and the connection is not	service switch.
		interrupted (by a service switch or	
		other device).	
	No line power with 24 V DC	If the display is functioning but no	Apply line power to run the unit.
	option card	output, check that line power is	
		applied to the Adjustable	
		frequency drive.	
	LCP Stop	Check if [Off] has been pressed.	Press [Auto On] or [Hand On]
			(depending on your operation
			mode) to run the motor.
Motor not running	Missing start signal (Standby)	Check 5-10 Terminal 18 Digital Input	Apply a valid start signal to start
		for correct setting for terminal 18	the motor.
		(use default setting).	
	Motor coast signal active	Check 5-12 Terminal 27 Digital Input	Apply 24 V on terminal 27 or
	(Coasting)	for correct setting for terminal 27	program this terminal to No
		(use default setting).	operation.
	Wrong reference signal source	Check reference signal: Local,	Program correct settings Check
		remote or bus reference? Preset	3-13 Reference Site Set preset
		reference active? Terminal	reference active in parameter
		connection correct? Scaling of	group 3-1* References. Check for
		terminals correct? Reference signal	correct wiring. Check scaling of
		available?	terminals. Check reference signal.
	Motor rotation limit	Check that 4-10 Motor Speed	Program correct settings.
		Direction is programmed correctly.	
Motor running in wrong	Active reversing signal	Check if a reversing command is	Deactivate reversing signal.
direction		programmed for the terminal in	
direction		parameter group 5-1* Digital inputs.	
	Wrong motor phase connection		See 3.5 Check Motor Rotation in this
			manual.
	Frequency limits set wrong	Check output limits in4-13 Motor	Program correct limits.
		Speed High Limit [RPM], 4-14 Motor	
		Speed High Limit [Hz], and 4-19 Max	
Motor is not reaching		Output Frequency	
maximum speed	Reference input signal not scaled	Check reference input signal	Program correct settings.
	correctly	scaling in parameter group 6-*	
		Analog I/O mode and parameter	
	10 111 1	group 3-1* References.	
	Possible incorrect parameter	Check the settings of all motor	Check settings in parameter
Makanan	settings	parameters, including all motor	group1-6* Analog I/O mode. For
Motor speed unstable		compensation settings. For closed-	closed-loop operation, check
		loop operation, check PID settings.	settings in parameter group 20-0*
	Danible aver me averation	Charle for in come of market	Feedback.
	Possible over-magnetization	Check for incorrect motor settings	Check motor settings in parameter
Motor runs rough		in all motor parameters.	groups 1-2* Motor data, 1-3* Adv
			motor data, and 1-5* Load indep.
	Possible inserved settings in the	Chark brake parameters Charle	Setting.
Motor will not brake	Possible incorrect settings in the	Check brake parameters. Check	Check parameter group 2-0* DC brake and 3-0* Reference limits.
WIGGOT WITH THOU DEAKE	brake parameters. Possible too	ramp time settings.	viune aliu 3-0 neletetice ilitiits.
	short ramp downvæt times.		



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Symptom	Possible Cause	Test	Solution
	Phase to phase short	Motor or panel has a short phase	Eliminate any shorts detected.
		to phase. Check motor and panel	
		phase to for shorts.	
	Motor overload	Motor is overloaded for the	Perform start-up test and verify
		application.	motor current is within specifi-
Open power fuses or circuit			cations. If motor current is
breaker trip			exceeding nameplate full load
			current, motor may run only with
			reduced load. Review the specifi-
			cations for the application.
	Loose connections	Perform pre-startup check for loose	Tighten loose connections.
		connections.	
	Problem with line power (See	Rotate input power leads into the	If imbalanced leg follows the wire,
	Alarm 4 Line phase loss	drive one position: A to B, B to C, C	it is a power problem. Check line
Line power current	description)	to A.	power supply.
imbalance greater than 3%	Problem with the Adjustable	Rotate input power leads into the	If imbalance leg stays on same
	frequency drive unit	Adjustable frequency drive one	input terminal, it is a problem with
		position: A to B, B to C, C to A.	the unit. Contact supplier.
	Problem with motor or motor	Rotate output motor leads one	If imbalanced leg follows the wire,
	wiring	position: U to V, V to W, W to U.	the problem is in the motor or
Motor current imbalance			motor wiring. Check motor and
			motor wiring.
greater than 3%	Problem with drive unit	Rotate output motor leads one	If imbalance leg stays on same
		position: U to V, V to W, W to U.	output terminal, it is a problem
			with the unit. Contact supplier.

Q



10 Specifications

10.1 Power-dependent Specifications

C 301/FC 302	PK25	PK37	PK55	PK75	P1K1	P1K5	P2K2	P3K0	P3K7
Typical Shaft Output [hp/kW]	0.33 hp	0.5 hp	0.75 hp	1 hp [0.75	1.5 hp [1.1	2 hp [1.5	3 hp [2.2	4 hp [3	5 hp [3.7
Typical Shart Output [hp/kw]	[0.25 kW]	[0.37 kW]	[0.55 kW]	kW]	kW]	kW]	kW]	kW]	kW]
Enclosure IP20/IP21	A2	A2	A2	A2	A2	A2	A2	A3	A3
Enclosure IP 20 (FC 301 only)	A1	A1	A1	A1	A1	A1	-	-	-
Enclosure IP55, 66	A4/A5	A4/A5	A4/A5	A4/A5	A4/A5	A4/A5	A4/A5	A5	A5
Output current									
Continuous (3 x 200–240 V) [A]	1.8	2.4	3.5	4.6	6.6	7.5	10.6	12.5	16.7
Intermittent (3 x 200–240 V) [A]	2.9	3.8	5.6	7.4	10.6	12.0	17.0	20.0	26.7
Continuous kVA (208 V AC) [kVA]	0.65	0.86	1.26	1.66	2.38	2.70	3.82	4.50	6.00
Max. input current									-
Continuous (3 x 200–240 V) [A]	1.6	2.2	3.2	4.1	5.9	6.8	9.5	11.3	15.0
Intermittent (3 x 200–240 V) [A]	2.6	3.5	5.1	6.6	9.4	10.9	15.2	18.1	24.0
Additional specifications	<u> </u>			'					
IP20, 21 max. cable cross section ⁵⁾ (line power, motor, brake and load sharing) [AWG (mm ²)] ²⁾					2,12,12 (4,4,4) nin. 24 (0.2))	l			
IP55, 66 max. cable cross-section ⁵⁾ (line power, motor, brake and load sharing) [AWG (mm ²)]				12	2,12,12 (4,4,4)	1			
Max. cable cross-section ⁵⁾ with disconnect				10),12,12 (6,4,4)				
Estimated power loss at rated max. load [hp, W] 4)	0.03 hp, 21 W	0.04 hp, 29 W	0.06 hp / 42 W	0.07 hp, 54 W	0.08 hp, 63 W	181 [82]	0.16 hp / 116 W	0.21 hp, 155 W	0.25 hp, 185 W
Weight, enclosure IP20 (lbs [kg])	10.36 [4.7]	10.36 [4.7]	10.58 [4.8]	10.58 [4.8]	10.8 [4.9]	10.8 [4.9]	10.8 [4.9]	14.55 [6.6]	14.55 [6.6
A1 (IP20)	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	-	-	-
A5 (IP 55, 66)	13.5	13.5	13.5	13.5	13.5	13.5	13.5	13.5	13.5
Efficiency 4)	0.94	0.94	0.95	0.95	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96

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Line Power Supply 3 x 200–240 V AC						
FC 301/FC 302	P5	K5	P	7K5	P1	11K
High/ Normal Load ¹⁾	НО	NO	НО	NO	НО	NO
Typical Shaft Output [kW]	5.5	7.5	7.5	11	11	15
Enclosure IP20	Е	33		B3	E	34
Enclosure IP21	Е	31		B1	E	32
Enclosure IP55, 66	Е	31		B1	E	32
Output current	-1				!	
Continuous (3 x 200–240 V) [A]	24.2	30.8	30.8	46.2	46.2	59.4
Intermittent (60 sec overload) (3 x 200–240 V) [A]	38.7	33.9	49.3	50.8	73.9	65.3
Continuous kVA (208 V AC) [kVA]	8.7	11.1	11.1	16.6	16.6	21.4
Max. input current						
Continuous (3 x 200–240 V) [A]	22	28	28	42	42	54
Intermittent (60 sec overload) (3 x 200–240 V) [A] Additional specifications	35.2	30.8	44.8	46.2	67.2	59.4
IP21 max. cable cross-section ⁵⁾ (line power, brake, load sharing) [AWG (mm ²)] ²⁾	6,8,6 (1	6,10,16)	6,8,6 (1	6,10, 16)	2,-,-	(35,-,-)
IP21 max. cable cross-section ⁵⁾ (motor) [AWG (mm ²)] ²⁾	8,8,- (10,10,-)	8,8,- (10,10,-)	2,4,4 (3	35,25,25)
IP20 max. cable cross-section ⁵⁾ (line power, brake, motor and load sharing)	8,8,- (10,10,-)	8,8,- (10,10,-)	2,-,-	(35,-,-)
Max. cable cross-section with disconnect [AWG (mm²)] ²⁾			6,8,8 (1	16,10,10)		
Estimated power loss at rated max. load [hp, W] ⁴⁾	0.32 hp, 239 W	0.42 hp, 310 W	0.50 hp, 371 W	0.69 hp, 514 W	0.62, 463 W	0.81 hp, 602 W
Weight, enclosure IP21, IP55, 66 (lbs [kg])	50.7	1 [23]	50.7	1 [23]	59.5	2 [27]
Efficiency ⁴⁾	0.9	964	0.	959	0.9	964



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FC 301/FC 302	P1	15K	P1	8K	P2	2K	Р3	OK	Р3	7K
High/ Normal Load ¹⁾	НО	NO	НО	NO	НО	NO	НО	NO	НО	NO
Typical Shaft Output [kW]	15	18.5	18.5	22	22	30	30	37	37	45
Enclosure IP20	Е	34	C	:3	C	.3	C	4	C	4
Enclosure IP21	(1		1	C	:1	C	1	C	1
Enclosure IP55, IP66	(1	C	1	C	:1	C	.2	C	.2
Output current	•		•				•			
Continuous (3 x 200–240 V) [A]	59.4	74.8	74.8	88	88	115	115	143	143	170
Intermittent (60 sec overload) (3 x 200–240 V) [A]	89.1	82.3	112	96.8	132	127	173	157	215	187
Continuous kVA (208 V AC) [kVA]	21.4	26.9	26.9	31.7	31.7	41.4	41.4	51.5	51.5	61.2
Max. input current										
Continuous (3 x 200–240 V) [A]	54	68	68	80	80	104	104	130	130	154
Intermittent (60 sec overload) (3 x 200–240 V) [A]	81	74.8	102	88	120	114	156	143	195	169
Additional specifications	•									•
IP20 max. cable cross- section ⁵⁾ (line power, brake, motor and load sharing)	35	(2)	50	(1)	50	(1)	300MC	M (150)	300MC	M (150)
IP21, IP55, IP66 max. cable cross-section ⁵⁾ (line power, motor) [AWG (mm²)] ²⁾	1 ((50)	1 (50)	1 (50)	300MC	M (150)	300MC	M (150)
IP21, IP55, IP66 max. cable cross-section ⁵⁾ (brake, load sharing) [AWG (mm ²)] ²⁾	1 ((50)	1 (50)	1 (50)	3/0	(95)	3/0	(95)
Max. cable size with line power disconnect [AWG (mm²)] ²⁾			1, 2, 2 (5	0, 35, 35)				/0, 2/0 (0, 70)	300MC	ИСМ, IM, 4/0 50, 120)
Estimated power loss at rated max. load [hp, W] ⁴⁾	0.84 hp, 624 W	0.99 hp, 737 W	0.99 hp, 740 W	1.13 hp, 845 W	1.17 hp, 874 W	1.53 hp, 1,140 W	1.53 hp, 1,143 W	1.81 hp, 1,353 W	1.88 hp, 1,400 W	2.19 h _l 1,636 \
Weight, enclosure IP21, 55/66 (lbs [kg])		99.2 [45] 99.2 [45]		99.2 [45]			3 [65]		3 [65]	
2 347	1		-		1		-		 	

Efficiency⁴⁾
For fuse ratings, see 10.3.1 Fuses

Specifications

- 1) High overload = 160% torque during 60 sec., Normal overload = 110% torque during 60 sec.
- 2) American Wire Gauge.
- 3) Measured using 16 ft [5 m] shielded motor cables at rated load and rated frequency.

0.96

4) The typical power loss is at nominal load conditions and expected to be within +/-15% (tolerance relates to variety in voltage and cable conditions).

0.97

0.97

0.97

Values are based on a typical motor efficiency (eff2/eff3 border line) value. Motors with lower efficiency will also add to the power loss in the Adjustable frequency drive and opposite.

If the switching frequency is increased compared to the default setting, the power losses may rise significantly.

0.97



VLT Automation Drive Instruction Manual

LCP and typical control card power consumptions are included. Further options and customer load may add up to 30 W to the losses. (Though typical, only 4 W extra for a fully loaded control card, or options for slot A or slot B, each.)

Although measurements are made with state of the art equipment, some measurement inaccuracy must be allowed for (+/-5%).

5) The three values for the max. cable cross-section are for single core, flexible wire and flexible wire with sleeve, respectively.

Line Power Supply 3 x 380-500 V AC (FC 3	02), 3 x 380	-480 V AC (FC 301)							
	PK37	PK55	PK75	P1K1	P1K5	P2K2	P3K0	P4K0	P5K5	P7K5
FC 201/FC 202	0.5 hp	0.75 hp	1 hp	1.5 hp	2 hp [1.5	3 hp [2.2	4 hp [3	5.5 hp [4	7.5 hp	16.5 hp
FC 301/FC 302 Typical Shaft Output [hp/kW]	[0.37 kW]	[0.55 kW]	[0.75 kW]	[1.1 kW]	kW]	kW]	kW]	kW]	[5.5 kW]	[7.5 kW]
Enclosure IP20/IP21	A2	A2	A2	A2	A2	A2	A2	A2	A3	A3
Enclosure IP20 (FC 301 only)	A1	A2 A1	A2 A1	A2 A1	A2 A1	AZ	AZ	AZ	A3	AS
Enclosure IP55, 66	A4/A5	A4/A5	A4/A5	A4/A5	A4/A5	A4/A5	A4/A5	A4/A5	A5	A5
Output current	A4/A3	Λ 1 /Λ3	N-1/N3	Λ 1 /Λ3	N -1 /NJ	A4/A3	A 4 /A3	N 4 /N3	Λ3	Λ3
High overload 160% for 1 min.										
	0.51		1 hp							
	0.5 hp	0.75 hp	[0.75	1.5 hp	2 hp [1.5	3 hp [2.2	4 hp [3	5.5 hp [4	7.5 hp	16.5 hp
Shaft output [hp, kW]	[0.37 kW]	[0.55 kW]	kW]	[1.1 kW]	kW]	kW]	kW]	kW]	[5.5 kW]	[7.5 kW]
Continuous	1.2									
(3 x 380-440 V) [A]	1.3	1.8	2.4	3	4.1	5.6	7.2	10	13	16
Intermittent	2.1	2.0	2.0	4.0		0.0	11.5	1.6	20.0	25.6
(3 x 380-440 V) [A]	2.1	2.9	3.8	4.8	6.6	9.0	11.5	16	20.8	25.6
Continuous	1.2	1.6	2.1	2.7	2.4	4.0	6.3	0.2	11	145
(3 x 441-500 V) [A]	1.2	1.0	2.1	2.7	3.4	4.8	6.3	8.2	11	14.5
Intermittent	1.9	2.6	3.4	4.3	5.4	7.7	10.1	13.1	17.6	23.2
(3 x 441-500 V) [A]	1.5	2.0	3.4	4.5	3.4	7.7	10.1	13.1	17.0	23.2
Continuous kVA	0.9	1.3	1.7	2.1	2.8	3.9	5.0	6.9	9.0	11.0
(400 V AC) [kVA]	0.9	1.5	1.7	2.1	2.0	3.9	3.0	0.9	9.0	11.0
Continuous kVA	0.9	1.3	1.7	2.4	2.7	3.8	5.0	6.5	8.8	11.6
(460 V AC) [kVA]	0.9	1.5	1.7	2.4	2.7	3.0	3.0	0.5	0.0	11.0
Max. input current	_									
Continuous	1.2	1.6	2.2	2.7	3.7	5.0	6.5	9.0	11.7	14.4
(3 x 380–440 V) [A]					J.,	3.0	0.5			
Intermittent	1.9	2.6	3.5	4.3	5.9	8.0	10.4	14.4	18.7	23.0
(3 x 380-440 V) [A]										
Continuous	1.0	1.4	1.9	2.7	3.1	4.3	5.7	7.4	9.9	13.0
(3 x 441–500 V) [A]	-									
Intermittent (3 x 441–500 V) [A]	1.6	2.2	3.0	4.3	5.0	6.9	9.1	11.8	15.8	20.8
Additional specifications										
IP20, 21 max. cable cross	1									
section ⁵⁾ (line power, motor,					1212	12 (4,4,4)				
brake and load sharing) [AWG					, ,	24 (0.2))				
(mm2)] ²⁾					(111111.	24 (0.2))				
IP55, 66 max. cable cross-	+									
section ⁵⁾ (line power, motor,					12,12,	12 (4,4,4)				
brake and load sharing) [AWG										
(mm²)]	+									
Max. cable cross-section ⁵⁾ with					10,12,	12 (6,4,4)				
disconnect	-								ı	
Estimated power loss	0.05 hp /	0.06 hp /	0.06	0.08 hp /	0.08 hp /	0.12 hp /	0.16 hp /	0.17 hp /	0.25 hp /	0.34 hp
at rated max. load [hp, W] 4)	35 W	42 W	hp / 42	58 W	62 W	88 W	116 W	124 W	187 W	255 W
	+		W							
Weight,	4.7	4.7	4.8	4.8	4.9	4.9	4.9	4.9	6.6	6.6
enclosure IP20	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	142	112
Enclosure IP55, 66	13.5	13.5	13.5	13.5	13.5	13.5	13.5	13.5	14.2	14.2
Efficiency 4)	0.93	0.95	0.96	0.96	0.97	0.97	0.97	0.97	0.97	0.97
0.5–10 hp [0.37–7.5 kW] only available as 1	60% high o	verload.								

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Line Power Supply 3 x 380-500 V	AC (FC 302),	3 x 38	0–480 V AC (FC 301)					
FC 301/FC 302		P1	1K	P1:	5K	P1	8K	P2	2K
High/ Normal Load ¹⁾	Н	0	NO	НО	NO	НО	NO	НО	NO
Typical Shaft output [k\	V] 1	1	15	15	18.5	18.5	22.0	22.0	30.0
Enclosure IP20		В	3	B:	3	E	 34	В	4
Enclosure IP21		В	······································	В	1	Е	32	В	2
Enclosure IP55, IP66		В		В	1	E	32	В	2
Output current									
Continuous									
(3 x 380–440 V) [A]	2	4	32	32	37.5	37.5	44	44	61
Intermittent (60 sec									
overload)	38	3.4	35.2	51.2	41.3	60	48.4	70.4	67.1
(3 x 380–440 V) [A]									
Continuous			27	27	2.4	2.4	40	40	
(3 x 441–500 V) [A]	4	11	27	27	34	34	40	40	52
Intermittent (60 sec									
overload)	33	3.6	29.7	43.2	37.4	54.4	44	64	57.2
(3 x 441–500 V) [A]									
Continuous kVA	1.	: 6	22.2	22.2	26	26	20.5	20.5	42.2
(400 V AC) [kVA]	16	5.6	22.2	22.2	26	26	30.5	30.5	42.3
Continuous kVA			21.5		27.1		21.0		41.4
(460 V AC) [kVA]			21.5		27.1		31.9		41.4
Max. input current	•		•						
Continuous		2	20	20	2.4	24	40	40	
(3 x 380–440 V) [A]		2	29	29	34	34	40	40	55
Intermittent (60 sec									
overload)	35	5.2	31.9	46.4	37.4	54.4	44	64	60.5
(3 x 380–440 V) [A]									
Continuous		9	25	25	31	31	36	36	47
(3 x 441–500 V) [A]	'	<i>y</i>	25	23	31	31	30	30	47
Intermittent (60 sec									
overload)	30).4	27.5	40	34.1	49.6	39.6	57.6	51.7
(3 x 441–500 V) [A]									
Additional specifications									
IP21, IP55, IP66 max. ca	I								
cross-section ⁵⁾ (line pov	ver,	8 6 (1	6, 10, 16)	6, 8, 6 (16	5 10 16)	2((35,-,-)	2(35,-,-)
brake, load sharing) [AV	vg °'	0, 0 (1	0, 10, 10,	0, 0, 0 (10	5, 10, 10,	2,, \	,55,,,	2,, (33, ,)
(mm ²)] 2)									
IP21, IP55, IP66 max. ca	l l								
cross-section ⁵⁾ (motor) [AWG	8, 8,- (1	10, 10,-)	8, 8,- (1	0, 10,-)	2, 4, 4 (3	5, 25, 25)	2, 4, 4 (3	5, 25, 25)
(mm ²)] ²⁾									
IP20 max. cable cross-									
section ⁵⁾ (line power, b	l l	3, 8,- (1	10, 10,-)	8, 8,- (1	0, 10,-)	2,-,- ((35,-,-)	2,-,- (35,-,-)
motor and load sharing)								
Max. cable cross-section	l l				6, 8, 8 (16,	10 10)			
disconnect [AWG (mm²)] 2)		,		3, 3, 0 (10,	. 5, 10,			
Estimated power loss	l l	hp /	0.53 hp /	0.51 hp /	0.62	0.6 hp /	0.70 hp /	0.73 hp /	1 hp /
at rated max. load [hp,		l W	392 W	379 W	hp /465 W	444 W	525 W	547 W	739 W
Weight, enclosure IP20	(lbs	26.46	5 [12]	26.46	[12]	51 Ω	[23.5]	51.8	23 51
[kg])		20.40	, [14]	20.40	[14]	51.0	[23.3]	51.0	
Weight,									
enclosure IP21, IP55, 66	(lbs	50.71	[23]	50.71	[23]	59.52	2 [27]	59.52	[27]
[kg])									
Efficiency ⁴⁾		0.	98	0.9	98	0.	98	0.9	98

VLT[®]AutomationDrive Instruction

Line Powe	er Supply 3 x 380-500 V AC (FC	302), 3 x 38	0-480 V AC	(FC 301)							
FC 301/FC			0K	P3	7K	P4	15K	P5	5K	P7	′5K
High/ Nor	rmal Load ¹⁾	НО	NO	НО	NO	НО	NO	НО	NO	НО	NO
	Typical Shaft output [kW]	30	37	37	45	45	55	55	75	75	90
	Enclosure IP20	В	4	C	3		3	C	4		4
	Enclosure IP21		:1	С	1		1	С			2
	Enclosure IP55, IP66	C		С			1	С	2		2
Output cu	ırrent			Į.				ı			
•	Continuous						404	406	4.47	4.47	4
	(3 x 380-440 V) [A]	61	73	73	90	90	106	106	147	147	177
	Intermittent (60 sec.										
	overload)	91.5	80.3	110	99	135	117	159	162	221	195
	(3 x 380-440 V) [A]										
	Continuous	52	65	65	80	80	105	105	130	130	160
	(3 x 441–500 V) [A]	32	05	05	80	80	105	105	130	130	160
	Intermittent (60 sec										
	overload)	78	71.5	97.5	88	120	116	158	143	195	176
	(3 x 441–500 V) [A]										
	Continuous kVA	42.3	50.6	50.6	62.4	62.4	73.4	73.4	102	102	123
	(400 V AC) [kVA]	42.3	30.0	30.0	02.4	02.4	73.4	73.4	102	102	123
	Continuous kVA		51.8		63.7		83.7		104		128
	(460 V AC) [kVA]		31.0		03.7		03.7		104		120
Max. inpu	t current										
	Continuous	55	66	66	82	82	96	96	133	133	161
	(3 x 380–440 V) [A]	33	00	00	02	02	90	90	133	155	101
	Intermittent (60 sec.										
	overload)	82.5	72.6	99	90.2	123	106	144	146	200	177
	(3 x 380–440 V) [A]										
	Continuous	47	59	59	73	73	95	95	118	118	145
	(3 x 441–500 V) [A]	٦,	33	33	,,	/3	23	,,,	110	110	173
	Intermittent (60 sec.										
	overload)	70.5	64.9	88.5	80.3	110	105	143	130	177	160
	(3 x 441–500 V) [A]										
Additional	l specifications										
	IP20 max. cable cross-										
	section ⁵⁾ (line power and	2 (35)	1 (50)	1 ((50)	150 (30	0 mcm)	150 (30	0 mcm)
	motor)										
	IP20 max. cable cross-										
	section ⁵⁾ (brake and load	2 (35)	1 (50)	1 ((50)	4/0	(95)	4/0	(95)
	sharing)										
	IP21, IP55, IP66 max. cable										
	cross-section ⁵⁾ (line power,	1 (50)	1 (50)	1 ((50)	300MCI	M (150)	300MC	M (150)
	motor) [AWG (mm ²)] ²⁾										
	IP21, IP55, IP66 max. cable										
	cross-section ⁵⁾ (brake, load	1 (50)	1 (50)	1 ((50)	3/0	(95)	3/0	(95)
	sharing) [AWG (mm²)] 2)										
	Max. cable size with line			1 2	2			2/0 2	/O. 2/C	350MCM,	300MCM,
	power disconnect [AWG			1, 2,				3/0, 2/			/0
	(mm²)] ²⁾			(50, 35,	35)			(95, 7	0, 70)	(185, 1	50, 120)
	Estimated power loss	0.761	0041	0041	1.12.1	1101	1.45	1271	1061		
	at rated max. load [hp, W]	0.76 hp /	0.94 hp /	0.94 hp /	1.13 hp /	1.19 hp /	1.45 hp /	1.37 hp /	1.86 hp,	1.65 hp,	1.98 hp,
	4)	570 W	698 W	697 W	843 W	891 W	1083 W	1022 W	1384 W	1232 W	1474 W
	Weight,					†					
	enclosure IP21, IP55, IP66	99.2	[45]	99.2	[45]	99.2	[45]	143.3	[65]	143.3	3 [65]
	(lbs [kg])										
	Efficiency ⁴⁾	0.	98	0.9	98	0.	98	0.9	98	0.	99
	1 =	<u>. </u>	-	0	-	·	. •		-	·	

Manual

For fuse ratings, see 10.3.1 Fuses

- 1) High overload = 160% torque during 60 sec., Normal overload = 110% torque during 60 sec.
- 2) American Wire Gauge.
- 3) Measured using 16 ft. [5 m] shielded motor cables at rated load and rated frequency.
- 4) The typical power loss is at nominal load conditions and expected to be within +/-15% (tolerance relates to variety in voltage and cable conditions).

Values are based on a typical motor efficiency (eff2/eff3 border line) value. Motors with lower efficiency will also add to the power loss in the Adjustable frequency drive and opposite.

If the switching frequency is increased compared to the default setting, the power losses may rise significantly.



VLT Automation Drive Instruction

Specifications Manual

> LCP and typical control card power consumptions are included. Further options and customer load may add up to 30 W to the losses. (Though typical, only 4 W extra for a fully loaded control card, or options for slot A or slot B, each.)

Although measurements are made with state of the art equipment, some measurement inaccuracy must be allowed for (+/-5%).

5) The three values for the max. cable cross-section are for single core, flexible wire and flexible wire with sleeve, respectively.

FC 302		PK75	P1K1	P1K5	P2K2	P3K0	P4K0	P5K5	P7K5
		1 hp [0.75	1.5 hp [1.1	2 hp [1.5	3 hp [2.2	4 hp [3	5.5 hp [4	7.5 hp [5.5	10 hp [7.5
	Typical Shaft Output [hp/kW]	kW]	kW]	kW]	kW]	kW]	kW]	kW]	kW]
	Enclosure IP20, 21	A3	A3	A3	A3	A3	A3	A3	A3
	Enclosure IP55	A5	A5	A5	A5	A5	A5	A5	A5
Output	current		-	-	-		-		
	Continuous (3 x 525–550 V) [A]	1.8	2.6	2.9	4.1	5.2	6.4	9.5	11.5
	Intermittent (3 x 525–550 V) [A]	2.9	4.2	4.6	6.6	8.3	10.2	15.2	18.4
	Continuous (3 x 551–600 V) [A]	1.7	2.4	2.7	3.9	4.9	6.1	9.0	11.0
	Intermittent (3 x 551–600 V) [A]	2.7	3.8	4.3	6.2	7.8	9.8	14.4	17.6
	Continuous kVA (525 V AC) [kVA]	1.7	2.5	2.8	3.9	5.0	6.1	9.0	11.0
	Continuous kVA (575 V AC) [kVA]	1.7	2.4	2.7	3.9	4.9	6.1	9.0	11.0
Max. inp	out current		•	•	•		•	•	
	Continuous (3 x 525–600 V) [A]	1.7	2.4	2.7	4.1	5.2	5.8	8.6	10.4
	Intermittent (3 x 525–600 V) [A]	2.7	3.8	4.3	6.6	8.3	9.3	13.8	16.6
Addition	nal specifications	•				-		•	
	IP20, 21 max. cable cross section ⁵⁾ (line power, motor, brake and load sharing) [AWG (mm2)] ²⁾				12,12,12 (min. 2				
	IP55, 66 max. cable cross-section ⁵⁾ (line power, motor, brake and load sharing) [AWG (mm ²)]				12,12,12	2 (4,4,4)			
	Max. cable cross-section ⁵⁾ with disconnect				10,12,12	2 (6,4,4)			
	Estimated power loss	0.05 hp /	0.07 hp /	0.09 hp, 65		0.16 hp,	0.19 hp,	0.26 hp,	0.35 hp,
	at rated max. load [hp, W] 4)	35 W	50 W	W	W	122 W	145 W	195 W	261 W
	Weight, Enclosure IP00 (lbs [kg])	14.33 [6.5]	14.33 [6.5]	14.33 [6.5]	14.33 [6.5]	14.33 [6.5]	14.33 [6.5]	14.55 [6.6]	14.55 [6.6]
	Weight, enclosure IP55 (lbs [kg])	29.76 [13.5]	29.76 [13.5]	29.76 [13.5]	29.76 [13.5]	29.76 [13.5]	29.76 [13.5]	31.3 [14.2]	31.3 [14.2]
	Efficiency 4)	0.97	0.97	0.97	0.97	0.97	0.97	0.97	0.97

VLT*AutomationDrive Instruction Manual

FC 302		P1	1K	P1	15K	P18	ВК	P2	2K	P3	ок
High/ Nor	mal Load ¹⁾	НО	NO	НО	NO	НО	NO	НО	NO	НО	NO
Typical Sh	aft Output [kW]	11	15	15	18.5	18.5	22	22	30	30	37
	Enclosure IP21, IP55, IP66	E	31	E	31	B	2	Е	32	C	1
	Enclosure IP20	E	33	E	33	B4	4	Е	34	В	34
Output cu	rrent			•							
	Continuous (3 x 525–550 V) [A]	19	23	23	28	28	36	36	43	43	54
	Intermittent (3 x 525–550 V) [A]	30	25	37	31	45	40	58	47	65	59
	Continuous (3 x 525–600 V) [A]	18	22	22	27	27	34	34	41	41	52
	Intermittent (3 x 525–600 V) [A]	29	24	35	30	43	37	54	45	62	57
	Continuous kVA (550 V AC) [kVA]	18.1	21.9	21.9	26.7	26.7	34.3	34.3	41.0	41.0	51.4
	Continuous kVA (575 V AC) [kVA]	17.9	21.9	21.9	26.9	26.9	33.9	33.9	40.8	40.8	51.8
Max. inpu	t current			•						•	
-	Continuous at 550 V [A]	17.2	20.9	20.9	25.4	25.4	32.7	32.7	39	39	49
	Intermittent at 550 V [A]	28	23	33	28	41	36	52	43	59	54
	Continuous at 575 V [A]	16	20	20	24	24	31	31	37	37	47
	Intermittent at 575 V [A]	26	22	32	27	39	34	50	41	56	52
Additional	specifications										
	IP21, IP55, IP66 max. cable cross-section ⁵⁾ (line power, brake, load sharing) [AWG (mm ²)] 2)	6, 8, 8 (1	6, 10, 10)	6, 8, 8 (1	6, 10, 10)	2,-,- (3	35,-,-)	2,-,- (35,-,-)	1,-,- (50,-,-)
	IP21, IP55, IP66 max. cable cross-section ⁵⁾ (motor) [AWG (mm²)] ²⁾	8, 8,- (10, 10,-)	8, 8,- (10, 10,-)	2, 4, 4 (25		2, 4, 4 (3	5, 25, 25)	1,-,- (50,-,-)
	IP20 max. cable cross- section ⁵⁾ (line power, brake, motor and load sharing)	8, 8,- (10, 10,-)	8, 8,- (10, 10,-)	2,-,- (3	35,-,-)	2,-,- (35,-,-)	2,-,- (35,-,-)
	Max. cable cross-section with disconnect [AWG (mm²)] ²⁾					8, 8 10, 10)					2, 2 5, 35)
	Estimated power loss at rated max. load [hp, W] 4)		0.30 hp, 225 W		0.38 hp, 285 W		0.44 hp, 329 W		0.94 hp, 700 W		0.94 h _i 700 W
	Weight, enclosure IP21 (lbs [kg])	50.7	1 [23]	50.7	1 [23]	59.52	[27]	59.52	2 [27]	59.52	2 [27]
	Weight, enclosure IP20 (lbs [kg])	26.46	5 [12]	26.4	6 [12]	51.8 [23.5]	51.8	[23.5]	51.8	[23.5]
	Efficiency 4)	0	98	0	.98	0.9) S	0	98	0.1	98



VLT Automation Drive Instruction	
Manual	

FC 302		P3	7K	Р	45K	P5	5K	P75K		
High/ Normal Load*		НО	NO	НО	NO	НО	NO	НО	NO	
Typical S	Shaft Output [kW]	37	45	45	55	55	75	75	90	
Enclosur	e IP21, IP55, IP66	C1	C1		C1	C	2	(2	
Enclosur	e IP20	C3	C3		C3	C	:4		[4	
Output current	L.		1							
Continue	ous				l				l	
(3 x 525	–550 V) [A]	54	65	65	87	87	105	105	137	
Intermit	tent				1			450		
(3 x 525	–550 V) [A]	81	72	98	96	131	116	158	151	
Continue	ous	F2	62	62	02	02	100	100	121	
(3 x 525	-600 V) [A]	52	62	62	83	83	100	100	131	
Intermit	tent	70		0.2	0.1	125	110	450	144	
(3 x 525	-600 V) [A]	78	68	93	91	125	110	150	144	
Continue	ous kVA (550 V AC)	F1 4	61.0	61.0	02.0	02.0	100.0	100.0	120.5	
[kVA]		51.4	61.9	61.9	82.9	82.9	100.0	100.0	130.5	
Continue	ous kVA (575 V AC)	51.0	61.7	61.7	02.7	02.7	00.6	00.6	120.5	
[kVA]		51.8	61.7	61.7	82.7	82.7	99.6	99.6	130.5	
Max. input current	·		•						•	
Continue	ous	40	F0	50	70.0	70.0	05.3	05.3	1242	
at 550 V	[A]	49	59	59	78.9	78.9	95.3	95.3	124.3	
Intermit	tent	7.4	65	-00	0.7	110	105	1.42	127	
at 550 V	[A]	74	65	89	87	118	105	143	137	
Continu	ous	47	F.C.	56	7.5	7.5	01	01	110	
at 575 V	[A]	47	56	56	75	75	91	91	119	
Intermit	tent	70	62	0.5	02	112	100	127	121	
at 575 V	[A]	70	62	85	83	113	100	137	131	
Additional specificat	ions		•	•			•		•	
IP20 ma	x. cable cross-section ⁵⁾		FO /1	`			200146	NA (150)		
(line pov	wer and motor)		50 (1)			300MC	M (150)		
IP20 ma	x. cable cross-section ⁵⁾		FO (1	`			0.5	(4.(0)		
(brake a	nd load sharing)		50 (1)			95 ((4/0)		
IP21, IP5	5, IP66 max. cable									
cross-sec	ction ⁵⁾ (line power,		1 (50)			300MC	M (150)		
motor) [AWG (mm ²)] ²⁾									
	5, IP66 max. cable									
cross-sec	ction ⁵⁾ (brake, load		1 (50)			4/0	(95)		
	[AWG (mm²)] ²⁾									
	ole size with line							350MCM,	300MCM	
	isconnect [AWG		1, 2,				/0, 2/0	·	/0	
(mm²)] ²	-		(50, 35,	35)		(95, 7	0, 70)		50, 120)	
	d power loss		1.14 hp,		1.48 hp,		1.88 hp,		2.01 hp	
	max. load [hp, W] ⁴⁾		850 W		1,100 W		1,400 W		1,500 V	
Weight,			!				,			
"	e IP20 (lbs [kg])	77.2	[35]	77.	2 [35]	110.2	2 [50]	0] 110.2 [50]		
Weight,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·									
-	e IP21, IP55 (lbs [kg])	99.2	[45]	99.	2 [45]	143.3	B [65]	143.3	3 [65]	
22.3541	y ⁴⁾							0.98		



Line Power Supply 3 x 525-690 V	AC							
FC 302	P ⁻	I1K	P1	5K	P.	18K	P2	2K
High/ Normal Load ¹⁾	НО	NO	НО	NO	НО	NO	НО	NO
Typical Shaft output at ! V [kW]	7.5	11	11	15	15	18.5	18.5	22
Typical Shaft output at ! V [HP]	11	15	15	20	20	25	25	30
Typical Shaft output at (V [kW]	690 11	15	15	18.5	18.5	22	22	30
Enclosure IP21, 55	E	32	В	2	E	32	В	32
Output current								
Continuous (3 x 525–550 V) [A]	14	19	19	23	23	28	28	36
Intermittent (60 sec overload) (3 x 525–550 V) [A]	22.4	20.9	30.4	25.3	36.8	30.8	44.8	39.6
Continuous (3 x 551–690 V) [A]	13	18	18	22	22	27	27	34
Intermittent (60 sec overload) (3 x 551–690 V) [A]	20.8	19.8	28.8	24.2	35.2	29.7	43.2	37.4
Continuous KVA (at 550 V) [KVA]	13.3	18.1	18.1	21.9	21.9	26.7	26.7	34.3
Continuous KVA (at 575 V) [KVA]	12.9	17.9	17.9	21.9	21.9	26.9	26.9	33.9
Continuous KVA (at 690 V) [KVA]	15.5	21.5	21.5	26.3	26.3	32.3	32.3	40.6
Max. input current				'				
Continuous (3 x 525–690 V) [A]	15	19.5	19.5	24	24	29	29	36
Intermittent (60 sec overload) (3 x 525–690 V) [A]	23.2	21.5	31.2	26.4	38.4	31.9	46.4	39.6
Additional specifications		•	•	•	•	•	1	
Max. cable cross-section (line power, load share a brake) [AWG (mm²)]				2,-,- (35	5,-,-)			
Max. cable cross-section (motor) [AWG (mm²)]				2, 4, 4 (35,	25, 25)			
Max. cable size with line power disconnect [AWG (mm²)] ²⁾				6,8,8 (16,	10,10)			
Estimated power loss at rated max. load [hp, 1	M] ⁴⁾ 1.65 hp	o, 228 W	0.38 hp	, 285 W	0.45 իր	o, 335 W	0.51 hp	, 375 W
Weight, enclosure IP21, IP55 (lbs [kg])				59.52 [27]			
Efficiency ⁴⁾	0	.98	0.9	98	0	.98	0.	98



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ine Power Supply 3 x 525–690 V AC C 302	P	30K	P3	7K	P.	45K	P5	55K	P7	75K
ligh/ Normal Load*	НО	NO	НО	NO	НО	NO	НО	NO	НО	NO
Typical Shaft output at 550 V [kW]	22	30	30	37	37	45	45	55	55	75
Typical Shaft output at 575 V [HP]	30	40	40	50	50	60	60	75	75	100
Typical Shaft output at 690 V [kW]	30	37	37	45	45	55	55	75	75	90
Enclosure IP21, 55	(C2	C	2	(C2	(2	(2
Output current										
Continuous (3 x 525–550 V) [A]	36	43	43	54	54	65	65	87	87	105
Intermittent (60 sec overload) (3 x 525–550 V) [A]	54	47.3	64.5	59.4	81	71.5	97.5	95.7	130.5	115.5
Continuous (3 x 551–690 V) [A]	34	41	41	52	52	62	62	83	83	100
Intermittent (60 sec overload) (3 x 551–690 V) [A]	51	45.1	61.5	57.2	78	68.2	93	91.3	124.5	110
Continuous KVA (at 550 V) [KVA]	34.3	41.0	41.0	51.4	51.4	61.9	61.9	82.9	82.9	100.0
Continuous KVA (at 575 V) [KVA]	33.9	40.8	40.8	51.8	51.8	61.7	61.7	82.7	82.7	99.6
Continuous KVA (at 690 V) [KVA]	40.6	49.0	49.0	62.1	62.1	74.1	74.1	99.2	99.2	119.5
lax. input current										
Continuous (at 550 V) [A]	36	49	49	59	59	71	71	87	87	99
Continuous (at 575 V) [A]	54	53.9	72	64.9	87	78.1	105	95.7	129	108.9
dditional specifications										
Max. cable cross-section (line power and motor) [AWG (mm²)]					300MCN	l (150)				
Max. cable cross section (load share and brake) [mm² (AWG)]					3/0 (95)				
Max. cable size with line power disconnect [AWG (mm²)] ²⁾	3/0, 2/0, 2/0 (95, 70, 70) 350MCM, 300MCM, 4/0 (185, 150, 120)							-		
Estimated power loss at rated max. load [hp, W]	0.64 հր	o, 480 W	0.79 hp	, 592 W	0.97 իլ	o, 720 W	1.18 hp	, 880 W	1.61 hp,	1,200 W
Weight, enclosure IP21, IP55 (lbs [kg])					143.3	[65]				
Efficiency ⁴⁾	0	.98	0.9	98	0	.98	0.	98	0.	.98

For fuse ratings, see 10.3.1 Fuses

- 1) High overload = 160% torque during 60 sec., Normal overload = 110% torque during 60 sec.
- 2) American Wire Gauge.
- 3) Measured using 16 ft. [5 m] shielded motor cables at rated load and rated frequency.
- 4) The typical power loss is at nominal load conditions and expected to be within +/-15% (tolerance relates to variety in voltage and cable conditions).

Values are based on a typical motor efficiency (eff2/eff3 border line) value. Motors with lower efficiency will also add to the power loss in the Adjustable frequency drive and opposite.

If the switching frequency is increased compared to the default setting, the power losses may rise significantly.

LCP and typical control card power consumptions are included. Further options and customer load may add up to 30 W to the losses. (Though typical, only 4 W extra for a fully loaded control card, or options for slot A or slot B, each.)

Although measurements are made with state of the art equipment, some measurement inaccuracy must be allowed for (+/-5%).

5) The three values for the max. cable cross-section are for single core, flexible wire and flexible wire with sleeve, respectively.



10.2 General Technical Data

Line power supply:	
Supply Terminals (6-pulse)	L1, L2, L3
Supply Terminals (12-pulse)	L1-1, L2-1, L3-1, L1-2, L2-2, L3-2
Supply voltage	200-240 V ±10%
Supply voltage	FC 301: 380-480 V / FC 302: 380-500 V ±10%
	FC 302: 525-600 V ±10%
Supply voltage	FC 302: 525-690 V ±10%

AC line voltage low / line drop-out:

During low AC line voltage or a line drop-out, the adjustable frequency drive continues until the intermediate circuit voltage drops below the minimum stop level, which corresponds typically to 15% below the adjustable frequency drive's lowest rated supply voltage. Power-up and full torque cannot be expected at AC line voltage lower than 10% below the adjustable frequency drive's lowest rated supply voltage.

Supply frequency	50/60 Hz ±5%
Max. imbalance temporary between line phases	3.0% of rated supply voltage
True Power Factor (λ)	≥ 0.9 nominal at rated load
Displacement Power Factor (cos φ)	near unity (> 0.98)
Switching on input supply L1, L2, L3 (power-ups) ≤ 7.5 kW	maximum 2 times/min.
Switching on input supply L1, L2, L3 (power-ups) 15–100 hp [11–75 kW]	maximum 1 time/min.
Switching on input supply L1, L2, L3 (power-ups) ≥ 125 hp [90 kW]	maximum 1 time/2 min.
Environment according to EN60664-1	overvoltage category lll/pollution degree 2

The unit is suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering not more than 100,000 RMS symmetrical Amperes, 240/500/600/690 V maximum.

Motor output (U, V, W):

Output voltage	0–100% of supply voltage
Output frequency (0.33–10 hp [0.25–75 kW])	FC 301: 0.2-1000 Hz/FC 302: 0-1000 Hz
Output frequency (125–1350 hp [90–1000 kW])	0-800 ¹⁾ Hz
Output frequency in flux mode (FC 302 only)	0–300 Hz
Switching on output	Unlimited
Ramp times	0.01–3600 sec.

¹⁾ Voltage and power dependent

Torque characteristics:

Starting torque (Constant torque)	maximum 160% for 60 sec. ¹⁾
Starting torque	maximum 180% up to 0.5 sec. ¹⁾
Overload torque (Constant torque)	maximum 160% for 60 sec. ¹⁾
Starting torque (Variable torque)	maximum 110% for 60 sec. ¹⁾
Overload torque (Variable torque)	maximum 110% for 60 sec.

Torque rise time in (independent of fsw)	10 ms
Torque rise time in FLUX (for 5 kHz fsw)	1 ms

¹⁾ Percentage relates to the nominal torque.

Digital inputs:

Programmable digital inputs	FC 301: 4 (5) ¹⁾ /FC 302: 4 (6) ¹⁾
Terminal number	18, 19, 27 ¹⁾ , 29 ¹⁾ , 32, 33,
Logic	PNP or NPN
Voltage level	0-24 V DC
Voltage level, logic'0' PNP	< 5 V DC
Voltage level, logic'1' PNP	> 10 V DC

²⁾ The torque response time depends on application and load but as a general rule, the torque step from 0 to reference is $4-5 \times 10^{-2}$ torque rise time.



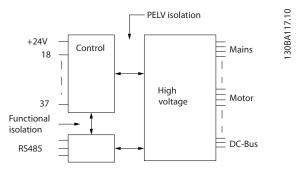
Specifications	VLT*AutomationDrive Instruction Manual	
Voltage level, logic '0' NPN ²⁾		> 19 V DC
Voltage level, logic '1' NPN ²⁾		< 14 V DC
Maximum voltage on input		28 V DC
Pulse frequency range		0–110 kHz
(Duty cycle) Min. pulse width		4.5ms
Input resistance, R _i		approx. 4 kΩ
Safe stop Terminal 37 ^{3, 4)} (Terminal	37 is fixed PNP logic):	
Voltage level		0–24 V DC
Voltage level, logic'0' PNP		< 4 V DC
Voltage level, logic'1' PNP		>20 V DC
Maximum voltage on input		28 V DC
Typical input current at 24 V		50 mA rms
Typical input current at 20 V		60 mA rms
Input capacitance		400nF

All digital inputs are galvanically isolated from the supply voltage (PELV) and other high-voltage terminals.

Analog inputs:

7 maiog inpats:	
Number of analog inputs	2
Terminal number	53, 54
Modes	Voltage or current
Mode select	Switch S201 and switch S202
Voltage mode	Switch S201/switch S202 = OFF (U)
Voltage level	FC 301: 0-+10/ FC 302: -10 to +10 V (scaleable)
Input resistance, R _i	approx. 10 kΩ
Max. voltage	± 20V
Current mode	Switch S201/switch S202 = ON (I)
Current level	0/4 to 20 mA (scaleable)
Input resistance, R _i	approx. 200 Ω
Max. current	30 mA
Resolution for analog inputs	10 bit (+ sign)
Accuracy of analog inputs	Max. error 0.5% of full scale
Bandwidth	FC 301: 20 Hz/ FC 302: 100 Hz

The analog inputs are galvanically isolated from the supply voltage (PELV) and other high-voltage terminals.



¹⁾ Terminals 27 and 29 can also be programmed as output.

²⁾ Except safe stop input Terminal 37.

³⁾ See 2.4.5.8 Terminal 37 for further information about terminal 37 and Safe Stop.

⁴⁾ When using a contactor with a DC coil inside in combination with Safe Stop, it is important to make a return way for the current from the coil when turning it off. This can be done by using a freewheel diode (or, alternatively, a 30 or 50 V MOV for quicker response time) across the coil. Typical contactors can be bought with this diode.



Max. error: 0.1% of full scale

Max. error: 0.05 % of full scale

		Danfoss
Specifications	VLT*AutomationDrive Instruction Manual	
Pulse/encoder inputs:		
Programmable pulse/encoder inputs		2/1
Terminal number pulse/encoder		29 ¹⁾ , 33 ²⁾ / 32 ³⁾ , 33 ³⁾
Max. frequency at terminal 29, 32, 33		110 kHz (push-pull driven)
Max. frequency at terminal 29, 32, 33		5 kHz (open collector)
Min. frequency at terminal 29, 32, 33		4Hz
Voltage level		see 10.2.1 Digital Inputs:
Maximum voltage on input		28 V DC
Input resistance, R _i		approx. 4kΩ

The pulse and encoder inputs (terminals 29, 32, 33) are galvanically isolated from the supply voltage (PELV) and other highvoltage terminals.

Pulse input accuracy (0.1-1 kHz)

Encoder input accuracy (1–11 kHz)

Digital output:

Programmable digital/pulse outputs	2
Terminal number	27, 29 ¹⁾
Voltage level at digital/frequency output	0-24V
Max. output current (sink or source)	40mA
Max. load at frequency output	1kΩ
Max. capacitive load at frequency output	10nF
Minimum output frequency at frequency output	0Hz
Maximum output frequency at frequency output	32kHz
Accuracy of frequency output	Max. error: 0.1% of full scale
Resolution of frequency outputs	12 bit

¹⁾ Terminal 27 and 29 can also be programmed as input.

The digital output is galvanically isolated from the supply voltage (PELV) and other high-voltage terminals.

Analog output:

Number of programmable analog outputs	1
Terminal number	42
Current range at analog output	0/4–20mA
Max. load GND - analog output	500Ω
Accuracy on analog output	Max. error: 0.5% of full scale
Resolution on analog output	12 bit

The analog output is galvanically isolated from the supply voltage (PELV) and other high-voltage terminals.

Control card, 24V DC output:

Terminal number	12, 13
Output voltage	24V +1, -3 V
Max. load	FC 301: 130mA/ FC 302: 200mA

The 24 V DC supply is galvanically isolated from the supply voltage (PELV), but has the same potential as the analog and digital inputs and outputs.

Control card, 10V DC output:

Terminal number	50
Output voltage	10.5V ±0.5V
Max. load	15mA

The 10V DC supply is galvanically isolated from the supply voltage (PELV) and other high-voltage terminals.

¹⁾ FC 302 only

²⁾ Pulse inputs are 29 and 33

³⁾ Encoder inputs: 32 = A, and 33 = B



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Specifications	Manual

Control card, RS-485 serial communication:

Terminal number 68 (P,TX+, RX+), 69 (N,TX-, RX-)
Terminal number 61 Common for terminals 68 and 69

The RS-485 serial communication circuit is functionally separated from other central circuits and galvanically isolated from the supply voltage (PELV).

Control card, USB serial communication:

USB standard 1.1 (Full speed)
USB plug USB type B "device" plug

Connection to PC is carried out via a standard host/device USB cable.

The USB connection is galvanically isolated from the supply voltage (PELV) and other high-voltage terminals.

The USB ground connection is <u>not</u> galvanically isolated from protection ground. Use only an isolated laptop for the PC connection to the USB connector on the Adjustable frequency drive.

Relay outputs:

Programmable relay outputs	FC 301all kW: 1 / FC 302 all kW: 2
Relay 01 Terminal number	1-3 (break), 1-2 (make)
Max. terminal load (AC-1) ¹⁾ on 1-3 (NC), 1-2 (NO) (Resistive load)	240V AC, 2A
Max. terminal load (AC-15) ¹⁾ (Inductive load @ cosφ 0.4)	240V AC, 0.2A
Max. terminal load (DC-1) ¹⁾ on 1-2 (NO), 1-3 (NC) (Resistive load)	60V DC, 1A
Max. terminal load (DC-13) ¹⁾ (Inductive load)	24 V DC, 0.1A
Relay 02 (FC 302 only) Terminal number	4-6 (break), 4-5 (make)
Max. terminal load (AC-1) ¹⁾ on 4-5 (NO) (Resistive load) ²⁾³⁾ Overvoltage cat. II	400V AC, 2A
Max. terminal load (AC-15) ¹⁾ on 4-5 (NO) (Inductive load @ cosφ 0.4)	240V AC, 0.2A
Max. terminal load (DC-1) ¹⁾ on 4-5 (NO) (Resistive load)	80V DC, 2A
Max. terminal load (DC-13) ¹⁾ on 4-5 (NO) (Inductive load)	24 V DC, 0.1A
Max. terminal load (AC-1) ¹⁾ on 4-6 (NC) (Resistive load)	240V AC, 2A
Max. terminal load (AC-15) ¹⁾ on 4-6 (NC) (Inductive load @ cosφ 0.4)	240V AC, 0.2A
Max. terminal load (DC-1) ¹⁾ on 4-6 (NC) (Resistive load)	50V DC, 2A
Max. terminal load (DC-13) ¹⁾ on 4-6 (NC) (Inductive load)	24 V DC, 0.1A
Min. terminal load on 1-3 (NC), 1-2 (NO), 4-6 (NC), 4-5 (NO)	24V DC 10mA, 24V AC 20mA
Environment according to EN 60664-1	overvoltage category III/pollution degree 2

¹⁾ IEC 60947 part 4 and 5

The relay contacts are galvanically isolated from the rest of the circuit by reinforced isolation (PELV).

Cable lengths and cross-sections for control cables¹⁾:

cable lengths and cross sections for control co		
Max. motor cable length, shielded	FC 301: 164 ft [50m]/FC 301 (A1): 82 ft [25i	m]/ FC 302: 492 ft [150 m]
Max. motor cable length, non-shielded	FC 301: 246 ft [75m]/FC 301 (A1): 164 ft [50 r	m]/ FC 302: 984 ft [300 m]
Maximum cross section to control terminals, fl	exible/rigid wire without cable end sleeves	1.5mm ² /16 AWG
Maximum cross-section to control terminals, fl	exible wire with cable end sleeves	1mm ² /18 AWG
Maximum cross-section to control terminals, fl	exible wire with cable end sleeves with collar	0.5mm ² /20 AWG
Minimum cross-section to control terminals		0.25mm ² / 24AWG

¹⁾For power cables, see electrical data tables.

Control card performance:

control cara performance.	
Scan interval	FC 301: 5 ms/ FC 302: 1 ms
Control characteristics:	
Resolution of output frequency at 0-1000Hz	± 0.003Hz
Repeat accuracy of <i>Precise start/stop</i> (terminals 18, 19)	≤± 0.1ms
System response time (terminals 18, 19, 27, 29, 32, 33)	≤ 2ms
Speed control range (open-loop)	1:100 of synchronous speed
Speed control range (closed-loop)	1:1000 of synchronous speed
Speed accuracy (open-loop)	30–4000 rpm: error ±8rpm

²⁾ Overvoltage Category II

³⁾ UL applications 300V AC2A



Specifications	VLT*AutomationDrive Instruction Manual	
Speed accuracy (closed-loop), depo	ending on resolution of feedback device	0–6000 rpm: error ±0.15 rpm
Torque control accuracy (speed fee	edback)	max error±5% of rated torque
All control characteristics are based	on a 4-pole asynchronous motor	
Environment:		
Enclosure	IP20 ¹⁾ / Ty	/pe 1, IP21 ²⁾ / Type 1, IP55/ Type 12, IP 66
Vibration test		1.0g
Max. relative humidity	5%–93% (IEC 721-3-3; Clas	s 3K3 (non-condensing) during operation
Aggressive environment (IEC 6006	8-2-43) H ₂ S test	class Kd
	Max. 122°F [50°C]	(24-hour average maximum 113°F [45°C])
1) Only for \leq 3.7 kW (200–240 V), \leq	7.5 kW (400–480/ 500V)	
²⁾ As enclosure kit for ≤ 3.7 kW (200	0–240 V), ≤ 7.5 kW (400–480/ 500V)	
³⁾ Derating for high ambient tempe	rature, see special conditions in the Design Guide	
Minimum ambient temperature du	ring full-scale operation	32°F [0°C]
Minimum ambient temperature at	reduced performance	14°F [-10°C]
Temperature during storage/transp		-13°- +149°/158°F [-25°- +65°/70°C]
Maximum altitude above sea level	without derating	3 300 ft 11000 mi
Derating for high altitude, see spec	ial conditions in the Design Guide.	
EMC standards, Emission		EN 61800-3, EN 61000-6-3/4, EN 55011
		EN 61800-3, EN 61000-6-1/2,
EMC standards, Immunity	EN 61000-4-2, EN 61000-4-3, E	N 61000-4-4, EN 61000-4-5, EN 61000-4-6

- Protection and Features:
 - Electronic thermal motor protection against overload.

See section on special conditions in the Design Guide.

- Temperature monitoring of the heatsink ensures that the Adjustable frequency drive trips if the temperature reaches a predefined level. An overload temperature cannot be reset until the temperature of the heatsink is below the values stated in the tables on the following pages (guideline these temperatures may vary for different power sizes, frame sizes, enclosure ratings, etc.).
- The Adjustable frequency drive is protected against short-circuits on motor terminals U, V, W.
- If a line phase is missing, the Adjustable frequency drive trips or issues a warning (depending on the load).
- Monitoring of the intermediate circuit voltage ensures that the Adjustable frequency drive trips if the intermediate circuit voltage is too low or too high.
- The Adjustable frequency drive constantly checks for critical levels of internal temperature, load current, high voltage on the intermediate circuit and low motor speeds. As a response to a critical level, the Adjustable frequency drive can adjust the switching frequency and/ or change the switching pattern in order to ensure the performance of the Adjustable frequency drive.



10.3 Fuse Tables

It is recommended to use fuses and/ or circuit breakers on the supply side as protection in case of component break-down inside the Adjustable frequency drive (first fault).

NOTE!

This is mandatory in order to ensure compliance with IEC 60364 for CE or NEC 2009 for UL.

▲WARNING

Personnel and property must be protected against the consequence of internal component break-down in the Adjustable frequency drive.

Branch Circuit Protection

In order to protect the installation against electrical and fire hazard, all branch circuits in an installation, switch gear, machines etc., must be protected against short-circuit and overcurrent according to national/international regulations.

NOTE!

The recommendations given do not cover branch circuit protection for UL.

Short-circuit protection:

Danfoss recommends using the fuses/circuit breakers mentioned below to protect service personnel and property in case of component break-down in the Adjustable frequency drive.

10.3.1 Recommendations

AWARNING

In case of malfunction, not following the recommendation may result in personnel risk and damage to the Adjustable frequency drive and other equipment.

The following tables list the recommended rated current. Recommended fuses are of the type gG for small to medium power sizes. For larger powers, aR fuses are recommended. For circuit breakers, Moeller types have been tested to have a recommendation. Other types of circuit breakers may be used provide they limit the energy into the Adjustable frequency drive to a level equal to or lower than the Moeller types.

If fuses/circuit breakers are chosen according as recommended, possible damage to the Adjustable frequency drive will be limited to mainly damage inside the unit.

For further information, please see Application Note Fuses and Circuit Breakers, MN.90.TX.YY



10.3.2 CE Compliance

Fuses or circuit breakers are mandatory to comply with IEC 60364. Danfoss recommend using a selection of the following.

The fuses below are suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering 100,000 Arms (symmetrical), 240V, or 480V, or 500V, or 600V depending on the Adjustable frequency drive voltage rating. With the proper fusing, the Adjustable frequency drive short circuit current rating (SCCR) is 100,000 Arms.

Enclosure	Enclosure FC 300 Power Recom		Recommended	Recommended circuit	Max. trip level
		fuse size	Max. fuse	breaker	
Size	[kW]			Moeller	[A]
A1	0.25-1.5	gG-10	gG-25	PKZM0-16	16
A2	0.25-2.2	gG-10 (0.25-1.5)	gG-25	PKZM0-25	25
		gG-16 (2.2)			
А3	3.0-3.7	gG-16 (3)	gG-32	PKZM0-25	25
		gG-20 (3.7)			
В3	5.5	gG-25	gG-63	PKZM4-50	50
B4	7.5–15	gG-32 (7.5)	gG-125	NZMB1-A100	100
		gG-50 (11)			
		gG-63 (15)			
C3	18.5–22	gG-80 (18.5)	gG-150 (18.5)	NZMB2-A200	150
		aR-125 (22)	aR-160 (22)		
C4	30–37	aR-160 (30)	aR-200 (30)	NZMB2-A250	250
		aR-200 (37)	aR-250 (37)		
A4	0.25-2.2	gG-10 (0.25-1.5)	gG-32	PKZM0-25	25
		gG-16 (2.2)			
A5	0.25-3.7	gG-10 (0.25-1.5)	gG-32	PKZM0-25	25
		gG-16 (2.2-3)			
		gG-20 (3.7)			
B1	5.5–7.5	gG-25 (5.5)	gG-80	PKZM4-63	63
		gG-32 (7.5)			
B2	11	gG-50	gG-100	NZMB1-A100	100
C1	15-22	gG-63 (15)	gG-160 (15–18.5)	NZMB2-A200	160
		gG-80 (18.5)	aR-160 (22)		
		gG-100 (22)			
C2	30–37	aR-160 (30)	aR-200 (30)	NZMB2-A250	250
		aR-200 (37)	aR-250 (37)		

Table 10.1 200-240 V, Frame Sizes A, B and C



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Enclosure	FC 300 Power	Recommended	Recommended	Recommended circuit	Max. trip level
		fuse size	Max. fuse	breaker	
Size	[kW]			Moeller	[A]
A1	0.37-1.5	gG-10	gG-25	PKZM0-16	16
A2	0.37-4.0	gG-10 (0.37-3)	gG-25	PKZM0-25	25
		gG-16 (4)			
A3	5.5–7.5	gG-16	gG-32	PKZM0-25	25
В3	11–15	gG-40	gG-63	PKZM4-50	50
B4	18.5–30	gG-50 (18.5)	gG-125	NZMB1-A100	100
		gG-63 (22)			
		gG-80 (30)			
C3	37–45	gG-100 (37)	gG-150 (37)	NZMB2-A200	150
		gG-160 (45)	gG-160 (45)		
C4	55–75	aR-200 (55)	aR-250	NZMB2-A250	250
		aR-250 (75)			
A4	0.37–4	gG-10 (0.37-3)	gG-32	PKZM0-25	25
		gG-16 (4)			
A5	0.37–7.5	gG-10 (0.37-3)	gG-32	PKZM0-25	25
		gG-16 (4-7.5)			
B1	11–15	gG-40	gG-80 PKZM4-63		63
B2	18.5–22	gG-50 (18.5)	gG-100	NZMB1-A100	100
		gG-63 (22)			
C1	30–45	gG-80 (30)	gG-160	NZMB2-A200	160
		gG-100 (37)			
		gG-160 (45)			
C2	55–75	aR-200 (55)	aR-250	NZMB2-A250	250
		aR-250 (75)			
		gG-300 (90)	gG-300 (90)		
		gG-350 (110)	gG-350 (110)		
D	90–200	gG-400 (132)	gG-400 (132)	-	-
		gG-500 (160)	gG-500 (160)		
		gG-630 (200)	gG-630 (200)		
_	350, 400	aR-700 (250)	aR-700 (250)))	
E	250–400	aR-900 (315-400)	aR-900 (315–400)	-	-
		aR-1600 (450–500)	aR-1600 (450–500)		
F	450–800	aR-2000 (7560-630)	aR-2000 (560–630)	-	-
		aR-2500 (710-800)	aR-2500 (710–800)		

Table 10.2 380–500 V, Frame Sizes A, B, C, D, E and F



Enclosure FC 300 Power		wer Recommended Recommended		Recommended circuit	Max. trip level
		fuse size	Max. fuse	breaker	
Size	[kW]			Moeller	[A]
A2	0.75-4.0	gG-10	gG-25	PKZM0-25	25
А3	5.5-7.5	gG-10 (5.5)	gG-32	PKZM0-25	25
		gG-16 (7.5)			
В3	11–15	gG-25 (11)	gG-63	PKZM4-50	50
		gG-32 (15)			
В4	18.5–30	gG-40 (18.5)	gG-125	NZMB1-A100	100
		gG-50 (22)			
		gG-63 (30)			
C3	37–45	gG-63 (37)	gG-150	NZMB2-A200	150
		gG-100 (45)			
C4	55–75	aR-160 (55)	aR-250	NZMB2-A250	250
		aR-200 (75)			
A5	0.75–7.5	gG-10 (0.75-5.5)	gG-32	PKZM0-25	25
		gG-16 (7.5)			
B1	11–18	gG-25 (11)	gG-80	PKZM4-63	63
		gG-32 (15)			
		gG-40 (18.5)			
B2	22–30	gG-50 (22)	gG-100	NZMB1-A100	100
		gG-63 (30)			
C1	37–55	gG-63 (37)	gG-160 (37–45)	NZMB2-A200	160
		gG-100 (45)	aR-250 (55)		
		aR-160 (55)			
C2	75	aR-200 (75)	aR-250	NZMB2-A250	250

Table 10.3 525-600 V, Frame Sizes A, B and C



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Enclosure	FC 300 Power	Recommended	Recommended	Recommended circuit	Max. trip level
		fuse size	Max. fuse	breaker	
Size	[kW]			Moeller	[A]
B2	11	gG-25 (11)	gG-63	-	-
	15	gG-32 (15)			
	18	gG-32 (18)			
	22	gG-40 (22)			
C2	30	gG-63 (30)	gG-80 (30)	-	-
	37	gG-63 (37)	gG-100 (37)		
	45	gG-80 (45)	gG-125 (45)		
	55	gG-100 (55)	gG-160 (55–75)		
	75	gG-125 (75)			
		gG-125 (37)	gG-125 (37)		
		gG-160 (45)	gG-160 (45)		
		gG-200 (55-75)	gG-200 (55–75)		
		aR-250 (90)	aR-250 (90)		
D	37-315	aR-315 (110)	aR-315 (110)	-	-
		aR-350 (132–160)	aR-350 (132–160)		
		aR-400 (200)	aR-400 (200)		
		aR-500 (250)	aR-500 (250)		
		aR-550 (315)	aR-550 (315)		
E	355-560	aR-700 (355-400)	aR-700 (355–400)		
	333-300	aR-900 (500-560)	aR-900 (500–560)	-	-
		aR-1600 (630–900)	aR-1600 (630–900)		_
F	630-1200	aR-2000 (1000)	aR-2000 (1000)		_
F	030-1200	aR-2500 (1200)	aR-2500 (1200)	-	-

Table 10.4 525–690 V, Frame Sizes B, C, D, E and F



UL Compliance

Fuses or circuit breakers are mandatory to comply with NEC 2009. We recommend using a selection of the following.

The fuses below are suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering 100,000 Arms (symmetrical), 240 V, or 480 V, or 500 V, or 600 V depending on the Adjustable frequency drive voltage rating. With the proper fusing, the drive Short Circuit Current Rating (SCCR) is 100,000 Arms.

	Recommended max. fuse					
FC 300 Power	Bussmann	Bussmann	Bussmann	Bussmann	Bussmann	Bussmann
[kW]	Type RK1 1)	Type J	Type T	Type CC	Type CC	Type CC
0.25-0.37	KTN-R-05	JKS-05	JJN-05	FNQ-R-5	KTK-R-5	LP-CC-5
0.55-1.1	KTN-R-10	JKS-10	JJN-10	FNQ-R-10	KTK-R-10	LP-CC-10
1.5	KTN-R-15	JKS-15	JJN-15	FNQ-R-15	KTK-R-15	LP-CC-15
2.2	KTN-R-20	JKS-20	JJN-20	FNQ-R-20	KTK-R-20	LP-CC-20
3.0	KTN-R-25	JKS-25	JJN-25	FNQ-R-25	KTK-R-25	LP-CC-25
3.7	KTN-R-30	JKS-30	JJN-30	FNQ-R-30	KTK-R-30	LP-CC-30
5.5	KTN-R-50	KS-50	JJN-50	-	-	-
7.5	KTN-R-60	JKS-60	JJN-60	-	=	-
11	KTN-R-80	JKS-80	JJN-80	-	-	-
15–18.5	KTN-R-125	JKS-125	JJN-125	-	-	-
22	KTN-R-150	JKS-150	JJN-150	-	-	-
30	KTN-R-200	JKS-200	JJN-200	-	-	-
37	KTN-R-250	JKS-250	JJN-250	-	-	-

Table 10.5 200-240 V, Frame Sizes A, B and C

	Recommended max. fuse							
FC 300	CIDA	Listed Succ	Ferraz-	Ferraz-				
Power	SIBA	Littel fuse	Shawmut	Shawmut				
[kW]	Type RK1	Type RK1	Type CC	Type RK1 ³⁾				
0.25-0.37	5017906-005	KLN-R-05	ATM-R-05	A2K-05-R				
0.55-1.1	5017906-010	KLN-R-10	ATM-R-10	A2K-10-R				
1.5	5017906-016	KLN-R-15	ATM-R-15	A2K-15-R				
2.2	5017906-020	KLN-R-20	ATM-R-20	A2K-20-R				
3.0	5017906-025	KLN-R-25	ATM-R-25	A2K-25-R				
3.7	5012406-032	KLN-R-30	ATM-R-30	A2K-30-R				
5.5	5014006-050	KLN-R-50	-	A2K-50-R				
7.5	5014006-063	KLN-R-60	-	A2K-60-R				
11	5014006-080	KLN-R-80	-	A2K-80-R				
15–18.5	2028220-125	KLN-R-125	-	A2K-125-R				
22	2028220-150	KLN-R-150	-	A2K-150-R				
30	2028220-200	KLN-R-200	-	A2K-200-R				
37	2028220-250	KLN-R-250	-	A2K-250-R				

Table 10.6 200-240 V, Frame Sizes A, B and C



VLT Automation Drive Instruction

Manual

	Recommended max. fuse						
FC 300 Power	Bussmann	Littel fuse	Ferraz- Shawmut	Ferraz- Shawmut			
[kW]	Type JFHR2 ²⁾	JFHR2	JFHR2 ⁴⁾	J			
0.25-0.37	FWX-5	-	-	HSJ-6			
0.55-1.1	FWX-10	-	-	HSJ-10			
1.5	FWX-15	-	-	HSJ-15			
2.2	FWX-20	-	-	HSJ-20			
3.0	FWX-25	-	-	HSJ-25			
3.7	FWX-30	-	-	HSJ-30			
5.5	FWX-50	-	-	HSJ-50			
7.5	FWX-60	-	-	HSJ-60			
11	FWX-80	-	-	HSJ-80			
15–18.5	FWX-125	-	-	HSJ-125			
22	FWX-150	L25S-150	A25X-150	HSJ-150			
30	FWX-200	L25S-200	A25X-200	HSJ-200			
37	FWX-250	L25S-250	A25X-250	HSJ-250			

Table 10.7 200-240 V, Frame Sizes A, B and C

- 1) KTS fuses from Bussmann may substitute KTN for 240 V adjustable frequency drives.
- 2) FWH fuses from Bussmann may substitute FWX for 240 V adjustable frequency drives.
- 3) A6KR fuses from FERRAZ SHAWMUT may substitute A2KR for 240 V adjustable frequency drives.
- 4) A50X fuses from FERRAZ SHAWMUT may substitute A25X for 240 V adjustable frequency drives.

			Recommended max.	fuse		
FC 300 Power	Bussmann	Bussmann	Bussmann	Bussmann	Bussmann	Bussmann
[kW]	Type RK1	Type J	Type T	Type CC	Type CC	Type CC
0.37-1.1	KTS-R-6	JKS-6	JJS-6	FNQ-R-6	KTK-R-6	LP-CC-6
1.5-2.2	KTS-R-10	JKS-10	JJS-10	FNQ-R-10	KTK-R-10	LP-CC-10
3	KTS-R-15	JKS-15	JJS-15	FNQ-R-15	KTK-R-15	LP-CC-15
4	KTS-R-20	JKS-20	JJS-20	FNQ-R-20	KTK-R-20	LP-CC-20
5.5	KTS-R-25	JKS-25	JJS-25	FNQ-R-25	KTK-R-25	LP-CC-25
7.5	KTS-R-30	JKS-30	JJS-30	FNQ-R-30	KTK-R-30	LP-CC-30
11	KTS-R-40	JKS-40	JJS-40	-	-	-
15	KTS-R-50	JKS-50	JJS-50	-	-	-
18	KTS-R-60	JKS-60	JJS-60	-	-	-
22	KTS-R-80	JKS-80	JJS-80	-	-	-
30	KTS-R-100	JKS-100	JJS-100	-	-	-
37	KTS-R-125	JKS-125	JJS-125	-	-	-
45	KTS-R-150	JKS-150	JJS-150	-	-	-
55	KTS-R-200	JKS-200	JJS-200	-	-	-
75	KTS-R-250	JKS-250	JJS-250	-	-	-

Table 10.8 380-500 V, Frame Sizes A, B and C



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	Recommended max. fuse							
FC 302 Power	SIBA	Littel fuse	Ferraz- Shawmut	Ferraz- Shawmut				
[kW]	Type RK1	Type RK1	Type CC	Type RK1				
0.37-1.1	5017906-006	KLS-R-6	ATM-R-6	A6K-6-R				
1.5-2.2	5017906-010	KLS-R-10	ATM-R-10	A6K-10-R				
3	5017906-016	KLS-R-15	ATM-R-15	A6K-15-R				
4	5017906-020	KLS-R-20	ATM-R-20	A6K-20-R				
5.5	5017906-025	KLS-R-25	ATM-R-25	A6K-25-R				
7.5	5012406-032	KLS-R-30	ATM-R-30	A6K-30-R				
11	5014006-040	KLS-R-40	-	A6K-40-R				
15	5014006-050	KLS-R-50	-	A6K-50-R				
18	5014006-063	KLS-R-60	-	A6K-60-R				
22	2028220-100	KLS-R-80	-	A6K-80-R				
30	2028220-125	KLS-R-100	-	A6K-100-R				
37	2028220-125	KLS-R-125	-	A6K-125-R				
45	2028220-160	KLS-R-150	-	A6K-150-R				
55	2028220-200	KLS-R-200	-	A6K-200-R				
75	2028220-250	KLS-R-250	-	A6K-250-R				

Table 10.9 380–500 V, Frame Sizes A, B and C

Specifications

	Recommended max. fuse						
FC 302 Power	Bussmann	Ferraz-Shawmut	Ferraz-Shawmut	Littel fuse			
[kW]	JFHR2	J	JFHR2 ¹⁾	JFHR2			
0.37-1.1	FWH-6	HSJ-6	-	-			
1.5-2.2	FWH-10	HSJ-10	-	-			
3	FWH-15	HSJ-15	-	-			
4	FWH-20	HSJ-20	-	-			
5.5	FWH-25	HSJ-25	-	-			
7.5	FWH-30	HSJ-30	-	-			
11	FWH-40	HSJ-40	-	-			
15	FWH-50	HSJ-50	-	-			
18	FWH-60	HSJ-60	-	-			
22	FWH-80	HSJ-80	-	-			
30	FWH-100	HSJ-100	-	-			
37	FWH-125	HSJ-125	-	-			
45	FWH-150	HSJ-150	-	-			
55	FWH-200	HSJ-200	A50-P-225	L50-S-225			
75	FWH-250	HSJ-250	A50-P-250	L50-S-250			

Table 10.10 380–500 V, Frame Sizes A, B and C

1) Ferraz-Shawmut A50QS fuses may substitute for A50P fuses.



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	Recommended max. fuse					
FC 302 Power	Bussmann	Bussmann	Bussmann	Bussmann	Bussmann	Bussmann
[kW]	Type RK1	Type J	Type T	Type CC	Type CC	Type CC
0.75-1.1	KTS-R-5	JKS-5	JJS-6	FNQ-R-5	KTK-R-5	LP-CC-5
1.5-2.2	KTS-R-10	JKS-10	JJS-10	FNQ-R-10	KTK-R-10	LP-CC-10
3	KTS-R15	JKS-15	JJS-15	FNQ-R-15	KTK-R-15	LP-CC-15
4	KTS-R20	JKS-20	JJS-20	FNQ-R-20	KTK-R-20	LP-CC-20
5.5	KTS-R-25	JKS-25	JJS-25	FNQ-R-25	KTK-R-25	LP-CC-25
7.5	KTS-R-30	JKS-30	JJS-30	FNQ-R-30	KTK-R-30	LP-CC-30
11	KTS-R-35	JKS-35	JJS-35	-	-	-
15	KTS-R-45	JKS-45	JJS-45	-	-	-
18	KTS-R-50	JKS-50	JJS-50	-	-	-
22	KTS-R-60	JKS-60	JJS-60	-	-	-
30	KTS-R-80	JKS-80	JJS-80	-	-	-
37	KTS-R-100	JKS-100	JJS-100	-	-	-
45	KTS-R-125	JKS-125	JJS-125	-	-	-
55	KTS-R-150	JKS-150	JJS-150	-	-	-
75	KTS-R-175	JKS-175	JJS-175	-	-	-

Table 10.11 525-600 V, Frame Sizes A, B and C

		Recommended max. fuse		
FC 302 Power	SIBA	Littel fuse	Ferraz- Shawmut	Ferraz- Shawmut
[kW]	Type RK1	Type RK1	Type RK1	J
0.75-1.1	5017906-005	KLS-R-005	A6K-5-R	HSJ-6
1.5-2.2	5017906-010	KLS-R-010	A6K-10-R	HSJ-10
3	5017906-016	KLS-R-015	A6K-15-R	HSJ-15
4	5017906-020	KLS-R-020	A6K-20-R	HSJ-20
5.5	5017906-025	KLS-R-025	A6K-25-R	HSJ-25
7.5	5017906-030	KLS-R-030	A6K-30-R	HSJ-30
11	5014006-040	KLS-R-035	A6K-35-R	HSJ-35
15	5014006-050	KLS-R-045	A6K-45-R	HSJ-45
18	5014006-050	KLS-R-050	A6K-50-R	HSJ-50
22	5014006-063	KLS-R-060	A6K-60-R	HSJ-60
30	5014006-080	KLS-R-075	A6K-80-R	HSJ-80
37	5014006-100	KLS-R-100	A6K-100-R	HSJ-100
45	2028220-125	KLS-R-125	A6K-125-R	HSJ-125
55	2028220-150	KLS-R-150	A6K-150-R	HSJ-150
75	2028220-200	KLS-R-175	A6K-175-R	HSJ-175

Table 10.12 525–600 V, Frame Sizes A, B and C

 $^{^{1)}}$ 170M fuses shown from Bussmann use the -/80 visual indicator. –TN/80 Type T, -/110 or TN/110 Type T indicator fuses of the same size and amperage may be substituted.

		Recommended max. fuse								
FC 302 [kW] Power	Max. prefuse	Bussmann E52273 RK1/JDDZ	Bussmann E4273 J/JDDZ	Bussmann E4273 T/JDDZ	SIBA E180276 RK1/JDDZ	LittelFuse E81895 RK1/JDDZ	Ferraz- Shawmut E163267/E2137 RK1/JDDZ	Ferraz- Shawmut E2137 J/HSJ		
11	30 A	KTS-R-30	JKS-30	JKJS-30	5017906-030	KLS-R-030	A6K-30-R	HST-30		
15–18.5	45 A	KTS-R-45	JKS-45	JJS-45	5014006-050	KLS-R-045	A6K-45-R	HST-45		
22	60 A	KTS-R-60	JKS-60	JJS-60	5014006-063	KLS-R-060	A6K-60-R	HST-60		
30	80 A	KTS-R-80	JKS-80	JJS-80	5014006-080	KLS-R-075	A6K-80-R	HST-80		
37	90 A	KTS-R-90	JKS-90	JJS-90	5014006-100	KLS-R-090	A6K-90-R	HST-90		
45	100 A	KTS-R-100	JKS-100	JJS-100	5014006-100	KLS-R-100	A6K-100-R	HST-100		
55	125 A	KTS-R-125	JKS-125	JJS-125	2028220-125	KLS-150	A6K-125-R	HST-125		
75	150 A	KTS-R-150	JKS-150	JJS-150	2028220-150	KLS-175	A6K-150-R	HST-150		
45 55 75 * UL compli	125 A 150 A	KTS-R-125 KTS-R-150	JKS-125	JJS-125	2028220-125	KLS-150	A	6K-125-R		

Table 10.13 525-690 V*, Frame Sizes B and C

10.4 Connection Tightening Torques

	Power (HP [kW])			Power (HP [kW]) Torque (Nm)						
Enclo- sure	200–240 V	380-480/500 V	525–600 V	525–690 V	Line power	Motor	DC connecti on	Brake	Ground	Relay
A2	0.25-2.2	0.37-4.0			1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	3	0.6
А3	3.0-3.7	5.5–7.5	0.75-7.5		1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	3	0.6
A4	0.25-2.2	0.37-4.0			1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	3	0.6
A5	0.25-3.7	0.37-7.5	0.75-7.5		1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	3	0.6
B1	5.5-7.5	11–15	11–15		1.8	1.8	1.5	1.5	3	0.6
B2	11	18	18	11	4.5	4.5	3.7	3.7	3	0.6
DZ	11	22	22	22	4.5	4.5	3.7	3.7	3	0.6
В3	5.5-7.5	11–15	11–15		1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	3	0.6
B4	11–15	18–30	18–30		4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	3	0.6
C1	15–22	30–45	30–45		10	10	10	10	3	0.6
C2	30–37	55–75	55–75	30–75	14/24 ¹⁾	14/24 ¹⁾	14	14	3	0.6
C3	18–22	37–45	37–45		10	10	10	10	3	0.6
C4	30–37	55-75	55–75		14/24 1)	14/24 ¹⁾	14	14	3	0.6

Table 10.14 Tightening of Terminals

¹⁾ For different cable dimensions x/y, where $x \le 0.147$ in² [95 mm²] and $y \ge 0.147$ in² [95 mm²].



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