

# VMX Series Digital Solid State Soft Starter 18 – 1000A

Basic Installation and Quick Startup Guide



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# **Quick Startup "Minimum Settings" Guide**

Your new **VMX Series** Soft Starter is factory preset for a wide variety of applications and often can be used with minimal adjustment.

**Try these initial factory presets first** and then adjust or enable the more advanced features to meet your specific starting needs.

# Three Step Process:

- 1. Connect L1, L2, L3 to power lines and T1, T2, T3 to motor (see page 10)
- 2. Connect control wires and control power (see pages 12-13)
- 3. Program motor FLA (see page 18).

# Your VMX unit is ready to start!

# Start-up Check List

MOTOR FLA (F001) must be programmed for unit to operate!

Supply voltage matches the rated supply voltage of the unit.

Horsepower and current ratings of the motor and unit match or the unit is higher rating.

Initial ramp time and torque adjustments have been checked.

Power lines are attached to the unit input terminals marked L1, L2 and L3 (R, S, T).

Motor leads are connected to the lower terminals marked T1, T2, and T3 (U, V, W).

Appropriate control power is applied

Control connections have been made.

"Power on" light located on the front of the unit turns on when control power is applied.

Four seven-segment LED readouts are visible.

The motor's FLA has been programmed in function F001.

The thermal overload is properly set. (Use F003 and F004 to set OL Class.)

The motor area and equipment are clear of people and parts before start-up.

This list provides only the bare minimum settings necessary to make your motor run, and provides basic levels of motor protection. Safety precautions, listed further on in this manual, must always be followed. Ramp setting adjustments and additional protection features may be necessary. Please read further for additional details.

# **Chapter 1 - Introduction**

# **General Description**

The **VMX Series** is a digitally programmable solid state reduced voltage soft starter using a six SCR design. It features a voltage/current ramp for smooth load acceleration. The SCRs are sized to withstand starting currents of 350% for 30 seconds and up to 600% for 10 seconds for applications typical to NEMA / UL Class 10 overload trip curves. The **VMX Series** features smooth stepless ramp control, which reduces motor inrush current and excessive wear on the mechanical drive train components. The **VMX Series** includes a programmable keypad for setting operating parameters for the ideal starting cycle and protection features, plus easy to understand diagnostic LEDs. Starting torque, ramp time, current limit, dual ramp, and Decel control are standard features on the **VMX Series**. The **VMX Series** includes solid state electronic overload protection in addition to numerous other protective features. It requires 120VAC (220VAC optional) control power and uses dry contact inputs for Start / Stop control. Programmable auxiliary contacts and provisions for interlocking are also included.

# Sizes and Ratings

Oizes and Ratings			
Model Number	Current Range		
	Min Max.		
VMX-18-BP	9 - 18		
VMX-28-BP	14 - 28		
VMX-39-BP	19 - 39		
VMX-48-BP	24 - 48		
VMX-62-BP	36 - 62		
VMX-78-BP	39 - 78		
VMX-92-BP	46 - 92		
VMX-112-BP	56 - 112		
VMX-150-BP	75 - 150		
VMX-160-BP	80 - 160		
VMX-210-BP or -P	105 - 210		
VMX-276-BP or -P	138 - 276		
VMX-360-BP or -P	180 - 360		
VMX-450-BP or -P	225 - 450		
VMX-550-BP or -P	275 - 550		
VMX-718-BP or -P	359 - 718		
VMX-900-BP or -P	450 - 900		
VMX-1000-BP or -P	500 - 1000		

Table 1: VMX Series selection

The Motortronics **VMX Series** starters are **current rated** controllers. Max. Amp ratings are for continuous duty and must not be exceeded. Always check the motor nameplate FLA and Service Factor (if used) to ensure proper sizing. Each size has an adjustable range of current from 50% to 100% of the Max Amp rating. Table 1 below shows the Current Ratings available.

# **Units without Bypass**

For NEMA 1 ventilated applications, or for OEM purposes where a bypass contactor will be added by others, *VMX-210 models and above* can be selected without the integral Bypass by substituting the -BP suffix with a -P suffix. See the Product Selection Guide for ordering details.

## Examples:

- VMX-210-BP = open unit with integral bypass contactor for NEMA 12 / 4 end-user installations
- VMX-210-P = open unit with cooling fans and without bypass contactor, for use in NEMA 1 vented enclosures or OEM packages where a bypass contactor is installed by others

# **Dimensions**

Enclosure	Model Number		Overall		Mounting		
Lilolosuic	model Number	Α	В	С	D	E	F
	VMX -18-BP through VMX -48-BP	8.00	8.00	6.68	7.63	6.75	0.22
	VMX -62-BP through VMX -112-BP	13.50	8.00	6.68	12.75	6.75	0.38
Panel (open) with integral bypass	VMX -150-BP and VMX -160-BP	18.71	8.00	6.68	17.75	6.75	0.38
contactor	VMX -210-BP through VMX -450-BP	17.11	15.15	11.23		11.00	0.40
	VMX-550-BP	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF
	VMX-718-BP through VMX-900-BP	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF
	VMX-1000-BP	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF
Panel (open), fan	Unde	er 210A, ι	use –BP ve	ersion as s	hown ab	ove	
cooled, without bypass contactor	VMX-210-P through VMX-1000-P	20.00	12.50	9.05	19.00	11.00	0.40

Table 2: VMX Dimensions ( subject to change)

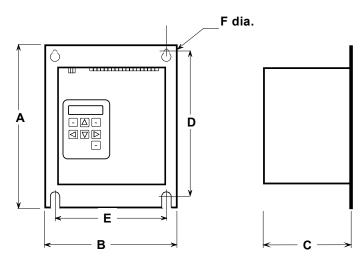


Figure 1: VMX Dimensions

Note: CF = Consult factory

# **Chapter 2 - Installation**

# **Receiving and Unpacking**

Upon receipt of the product, you should immediately do the following:

Carefully unpack the unit from the shipping carton and inspect it for shipping damage (if damaged, notify the freight carrier and file a claim within 15 days of receipt).

Verify that the model number on the unit matches your purchase order.

Confirm that the ratings sticker on the unit matches or is greater than the motor's nameplate Full Load Current (FLC or FLA) rating and Service Factor (if used).

# **Choosing a Location**

Proper location of the **VMX Series** is necessary to achieve specified performance and normal operation lifetime. The **VMX Series** should always be installed in an area where the following conditions exist:

Ambient operating temperature:

Panel (open chassis) unit: 0 to 50°C (32 to 122°F)

Enclosed unit: 0 to 40°C (32 to 104°F)

Protected from rain, moisture and dust. Enclosed units should not be exposed to direct sun.

Humidity: 5 to 95% non-condensing

Free from metallic particles, conductive dust and corrosive gas

Free from excessive vibration (below 0.5G)

**Open panel units must be mounted in the appropriate type of enclosure**. Enclosure size and type must be suitable to dissipate heat generated by the soft starter and any other components mounted inside with it.

**Units with –BP Bypass Contactors** produce less heat than units without. Throughout all sizes, maximum heat dissipation of the VMX...-BP Series electronics, contactor coils and fans is less than 50W.

**Units without the –BP Bypass Contactor** (optional on 210A and above), must have ventilation adequate to account for heat dissipation of the SCRs. This must be estimated at 4.5 watts per running load amp. For example, on a 200HP 460V motor with 240FLA, the maximum heat dissipation of a starter w/o bypass will be 240 x 4.5, or 1080 watts of heat. Enclosure ventilation (or air conditioning) must be capable of dispersing this amount of heat.

Care should always be taken to maximize the available space inside of the enclosure. See "Clearances" below or contact factory for assistance in sizing enclosures.

# **Initial Unit Inspection**

Make a complete visual check of the unit for damage that may have occurred during shipping and handling. Do not attempt to continue installation or start up the unit if it is damaged.

Check for loose mechanical assemblies or broken wires which may have occurred during transportation or handling. Loose electrical connections will increase resistance and cause the unit to function improperly.

# Mounting and Cleaning

When drilling or punching holes in the enclosure, cover the electrical assembly to prevent metal filings from becoming lodged in areas which can cause clearance reduction or actually short out electronics. After work is complete, thoroughly clean, vacuum the area, and re-inspect the unit for foreign material.





#### SERVICE WARNING!

Do not service equipment with voltage applied! The unit can be the source of fatal electrical shocks! To avoid shock hazard, disconnect main power and control power before working on the unit. Warning labels must be attached to terminals, enclosure and control panel to meet local codes. Use Lock Out tags such as the one shown when servicing equipment.

#### Clearances

When mounting into an enclosure, make sure there is sufficient clearance all around the unit for cooling, wiring and maintenance purposes. To conserve panel space, the VMX Series -BP models were designed for close horizontal clearances of only 1 inch (25mm) on either side. A minimum vertical clearance of 4" (100 mm) on the top and bottom is necessary to maximize effective airflow and cooling, and the unit must be installed with its heat sink ribs oriented vertically and running parallel to the mounting surface. Keep in mind that these are minimums. Wiring may require more clearance, particularly on the bottom.

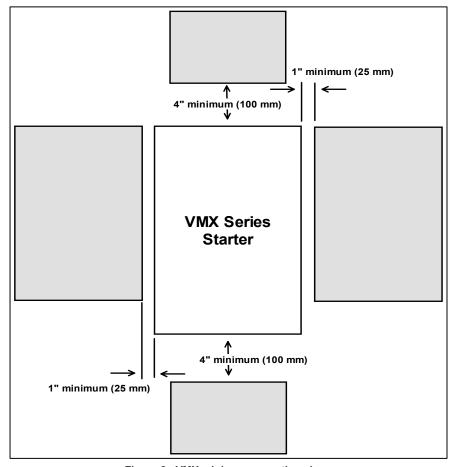


Figure 2: VMX minimum mounting clearances

# Cleaning:



# WARNING!

Remove all sources of power before cleaning the unit.

In dirty or contaminated atmospheres, the unit should be cleaned on a regular basis to ensure proper cooling. Do not use any chemicals to clean the unit. To remove surface dust use clean, dry compressed air only, 80 to 100 psi. A three inch, high quality, dry paintbrush is helpful to loosen up the dust prior to using compressed air on the unit. Do not use wire brushes or other conductive cleaning materials

## **Electrical connections**

#### **Power Terminations**

Disconnect

All line and load power terminations are to be made to plated copper Bus Tabs located on each unit. Bus tabs are pre-drilled to accept industry standard bolts.

The following power schematic provides the termination points as they are labeled on the unit. This is diagrammatic only. All power terminations are physically located on the bottom of each unit. Refer to local code standards for wire sizing and length.

Connect appropriately sized power conductors to the unit input terminals marked L1, L2, L3 (R, S, T for IEC users). Avoid routing power wires over the control board or display. Note: If control power is present, but line

power is disconnected from L1, L2, L3, the display will show **[n3PH]** indicating "no 3 Phase".

Connect the motor leads to the unit load terminals marked T1, T2, T3 (U, V, W for IEC users). Soft Starters such as the *VMX Series* cannot operate without a load, even for testing. The *VMX Series* will trip on "Phase Loss" if any or all of the conductors are disconnected from the load terminals. Contact the Factory for assistance in no-load testing.

#### Caution!



Never interchange input and output connections to the unit. This could cause excessive voltage in the control logic circuit and may damage the unit.

# **Bypass Contactor**

\*Bypass Contactors are integral (built-in) on all VMX...-BP (panel mount), and all VMX...-E (NEMA 12 enclosed) versions.

# **Power Factor Correction Capacitors**

Power factor correction capacitors can be connected to motors controlled by **VMX Series** starters, however they must be off-line during ramping. Connect PFC capacitors to the Line side of the starter with a separate capacitor control contactor.

#### WARNING!



Never connect power factor correction capacitors on the load side of the unit. The SCRs will be seriously damaged if capacitors are located on the load side.

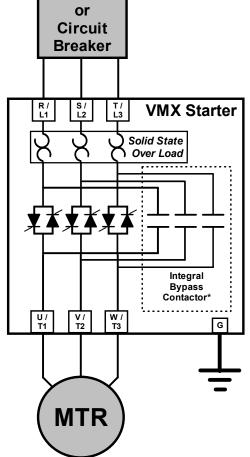


Figure 3: VMX Power Connections

# Grounding / Earthing

Connect the ground cable (PE) to the ground terminal as labeled "G" on the unit. Refer to the National Electrical Code or your local code for the proper ground wire sizing and be sure that the ground connector is connected to earth ground. In ungrounded systems, it is not necessary to connect a ground to the unit however local codes should always be consulted.

## **Power Terminals:**

Line and Load terminals are bus tabs with pre-drilled holes (see Table 3). Use of appropriate compression or mechanical lugs for wire connection to these bus tabs is required or highly recommended. For convenience only, some sizes (as indicated below) come with saddle clamps that can be used directly on stranded wire without additional lugs, but may not be suitable if larger conductors are needed for voltage drop reduction. Suggested wire sizes and tightening torques shown in the chart below are for reference when using 75°C rated conductors. Always consult local codes and industry standard practices for proper wires sizes to accommodate voltage drop and ambient conditions.

Model Number	Current Range Min Max.	Suggested Wire Size AWG	Tightening Torque inlbs.	Screw / Bolt Size	Tightening Torque Nm	Suggested Wire Size ISOmm <sup>2</sup>	
VMX-18-BP	9 - 18	12		0.22" hole (5.58mm) for #10 (or M5)		6	
VMX-28-BP	14 - 28	10	35		4	10	
VMX-39-BP	19 - 39	8	35	screw / nut / lock washer	4	16	
VMX-48-BP	24 - 48	6		(not included)		16	
VMX-62-BP	36 - 62	4	45			25	
VMX-78-BP	39 - 78	3		45	1 x M8	5	35
VMX-92-BP	46 - 92	2		(included)		35	
VMX-112-BP	56 - 112	2				50	
VMX-150-BP	75 - 150	0	80	1 x M8 (included)	9	70	
VMX-160-BP	80 - 160	2/0	60		b	70	
VMX-210-BP or -P	105 - 210	4/0		1 x 0 38" hole		120	
VMX-276-BP or -P	138 - 276	300 kCMIL		(M10)		150	
VMX-360-BP or -P	180 - 360	500 kCMIL	200	for User	22.6	300	
VMX-450-BP or -P	225 - 450	2 x 250 kCMIL	1	supplied		2 x 150	
VMX-550-BP or -P	275 - 550	2 x 250 kCMIL		lugs		2 x 150	
VMX-718-BP or -P	356 – 718	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF	
VMX-900-BP or -P	450 – 900	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF	
VMX-1000-BP or -P	50 - 1000	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF	

Table 3: VMX Series Wire Ranges and Torque Specifications

CF = Consult Factory

#### **Control Connections**

Control connections on the **VMX Series** starter are divided into 2 groups. With the unit oriented vertically, TB1 is a 12 point DC terminal block (on the left), and TB2 is a 10 point AC terminal block (on the right side). These are removable terminal blocks for ease of connection and servicing, and are provided with different spacing (pitch) between the header pins so they are not interchangeable. Following are descriptions of control connection points.

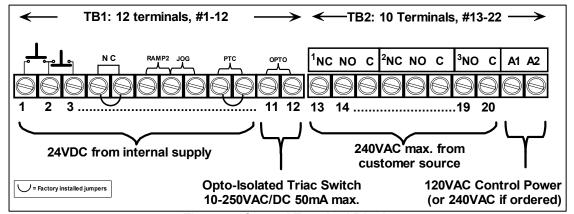


Figure 4: Control Terminal Blocks



## Note:

Terminal numbers are shown on the side of the first and last terminal of each block. An additional 3 point terminal on the far left side is for serial communication connections.

# **AC Control Power Supply Connection**

Separate AC Control Power supply is required to power the electronics of the *VMX Series* starter. 120VAC is standard, order 240 VAC (optional) if necessary for your line power supply configuration. The control voltage

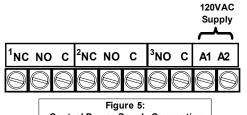


Figure 5: Control Power Supply Connection TB-2

must be connected to terminals marked A1 and A2 of TB-2 as shown in figure 5 (these are also Terminal #s 21 and 22). This control voltage must be customer supplied, unless an optional control power transformer (see table below) has been supplied with the unit.

#### **Control Power Requirements**

When sizing a control power transformer for the *VMX...-BP Series* starter use the chart below for minimum sizes or supply capacity. Any additional control devices powered by the same CPT must be added to the above to ensure proper operation of the Bypass Contactor.

AC Control Power VA Requirements							
VMXBP Model	PC Boards	Fans	-BP: Bypass Contactor Inrush	-BP: Bypass Contactor Sealed	Recommended minimum CPT Rating		
VMX-18 to 48	48	(inc. in PCB)	95	9	100		
VMX-62 to 112	48	(inc. in PCB)	220	17	250		
VMX-150 to 160	48	(inc. in PCB)	298	12.3	500		
VMX- 210 to 276*	48	100	380	11.6	500		
VMX-360 to 450*	48	150	571	14	750		
VMX-550*	48	200	1000	29	1000		

Table 4: VMX Series Control Power Requirements

Note: \* -P versions (w/o bypass) still require PCB and fans, plus user supplied bypass (if any).

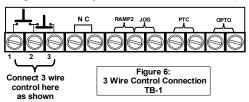
## **Control Fusing**

Output relays in TB2 must be protected from currents in excess of 5A, either with a fuse or with other suitable current protection devices.

A dedicated fault output for use in PLC or interposing relay control is available on TB1. This opto-isolated triac switch is rated for 50mA max., 10-250V AC/DC. Any circuit connected to it must be fused accordingly.

#### **Three-Wire Control Connection**

For standard 3-wire control, connect dry (voltage free) contacts of the Stop / Start buttons as shown on the diagram directly above the terminal strip. Connect the NO contact of the Start button to Terminal #1 (far left



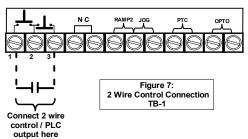
terminal), the common point between the Stop and Start to Terminal #2 (2<sup>nd</sup> from left) and the NC from the Stop button to Terminal #3 (3<sup>rd</sup> from left).

## **Seal In Contact**

The **VMX Series** uses an internally pre-wired "seal-in" contact around the Start button (Terminals 1 and 2). No external relay or auxiliary output connection is necessary.

# Two Wire Control: Relay / PLC Connection

An alternate connection for automated or unattended operation replaces start/stop push buttons by connecting a dry (voltage free) maintained contact closure between terminals 1 and 3 as shown in Figure 4.2.3. When this



contact is closed, the **VMX Series** starter will start and run. When it is opened, it is the same as a Stop command.

# Note



When a maintained contact is used for start/stop it is advisable to set the overload relay to the manual reset position. This will prevent the motor from restarting if the thermal overload trips and then cools off.

#### **CAUTION!**

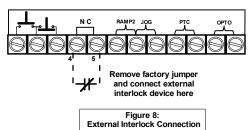


Control Terminals 1-10 of TB1 are a 24VDC circuit from an internal power supply of the **VMX Series**. Use dry (voltage free) contact closures only. Applying any voltage to these terminals will result in damage to the control board. If existing 120VAC or other powered control circuit must be interfaced, use interposing relays or control the **VMX Series** with 2 wire control as shown above.

#### **Interlock Connection:**

TB1 provides a connection point for an external N.C. (Normally Closed) interlock device between terminals 4 and 5. A factory installed jumper is provided which allows the unit to operate if external interlocks are not used.

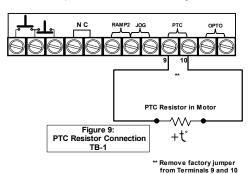
If this jumper is removed and an interlock is <u>not</u> used, the unit will not function.



TB-1

# **PTC Thermistor Input**

The **VMX Series** starter is provided with input terminals for connecting a PTC (Positive Temperature Coefficient) Thermistor that may be imbedded in the motor. These are specialized resistors imbedded in some

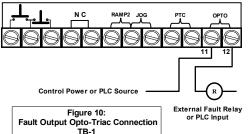


motor windings that increase resistance as the temperature increases. When the *VMX Series* detects that the PTC input resistance is too high, it initiates a PTC trip, and displays it on the readout as [ PTc]. This is independent of the Thermal Register overload current protection and provides supplemental protection for high motor ambient temperature applications. Terminals for this input are provided with a factory jumper that must be removed if the PTC input is used. These terminals are located on TB1, Terminals 9 and 10.

Resistance must be <u>less</u> than or equal to 750  $\Omega$  at 25°C. If multiple resistors are used in the motor, the sum of all resistors in series must equal or be under this value.

# **Fault Signal**

An optically isolated Triac output is dedicated as a fault indicator on TB1, terminals 11 and 12. The output Triac switch is rated for 10 - 250 VAC/DC, **50 mA (maximum)**. If the three programmable Output Auxiliary Relays are



being used for other functions, this output can easily be hooked up to a PLC or small external relay to provide a Fault signal. This Fault Output operation is permanently fixed at "Any Trip", duplicating the Relay setting #16 as shown in Table 5.6.10.

This output is permanently set to this function and is not programmable.

# **Dual Ramp and Jog Features**

TB1 includes provisions for enabling the Dual Ramp and Jog functions by using external contact closures. Both features use a common +24VDC from Terminal # 7, however they can be used independently of each other or

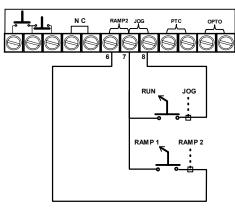


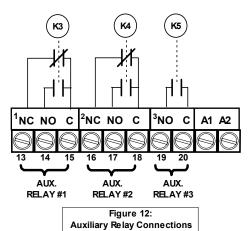
Figure 11: Dual Ramp / Jog Connections TB-1 together. See sections 5.6.2 and 5.6.3 of the Advanced Installation, Operation and Programming Manual for full function descriptions and setup.

# **Output (Auxiliary) Relay Contacts**

Dry relay output contacts from three programmable auxiliary relays are available on TB2. Outputs #1 and #2 are Form C (SPDT), with a Common, N.O. and N.C. Output #3 is a Form A, (SPST), N.O. contact. Motortronics

recommends fusing all contacts with external fuses.

Internal Connections



The relays are rated for 240 VAC, 5 A and 1200 VA.

Factory default settings for these relays are as follows:

**AUX 1** – Run / Stop (see F060) This contact changes state upon a Start command, returns to normal on Stop (or Begin Decel if active).

**AUX 2** – At-Speed / Stop (see F061) This contact changes state upon the **VMX Series** detecting At-Speed, and returns to normal on Stop. At-Speed is determined by the **VMX Series** detecting the current dropping after reaching End-of-Ramp, or a maximum of 30 seconds after Start.

**AUX 3** – Any Trip (see F062) This contact closes when any trip condition #5 - 15 (as defined in Table 8) occurs.

All relays can be reprogrammed for a wide variety of functions. See Section 8 for additional relay programming details.



#### Note:

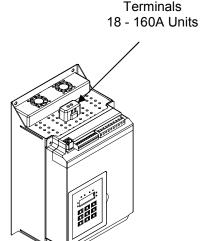
TB-2

It is not necessary to use the programmable output auxiliary relays in the Start / Stop circuit. An internal seal-in relay is provided elsewhere (see "Three Wire Control Connections" above).

## **Bypass Contactor Control**

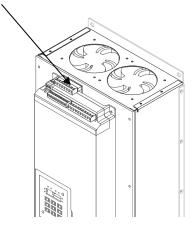
On **VMX...-BP** version (and NEMA 12 enclosed) starters, an internal dedicated connection is used at the factory for automatically controlling the Bypass Contactor. Field wiring for Bypass Contactor operation is not required. On units 210A and above ordered without a Bypass Contactor (-P version), the dedicated bypass control terminals are available for customer use, or any of the above Aux. Relays can be programmed for "At-Speed" operation.

Independent control of the bypass contactor is available for emergency use. See section 4.2.9.a of the Advanced Installation, Operation and Programming Manual for details about how to use this feature.



Bypass Control

Bypass Control Terminals: 210 – 1000A without integral bypass



# **Chapter 3 - Sequence of Operation**

# Starting:

- 1. Apply three phase power to the unit. The motor should not run until a Start command is applied.
- 2. Apply control power and check that the "Power On" LED comes on.
- 3. Status Display should read **[0000.]** showing no current in Phase A (minor flickering of the first digit is common).
- 4. Apply the Start (Run) command. The motor should begin to accelerate. Status display will read Phase A Amps at an increasing rate.
- 5. When the motor reaches full speed, the "At Speed" LED comes on and the Bypass Contactor will close. Status display should show a sharp decrease in Phase A Amps.
- 6. If the motor does not fully accelerate, decelerates, or stops during the acceleration period, hit the Stop button immediately and open the disconnect line.

# Stopping:

If Pump-Flex Decel is Disabled (factory default) in F024:

- 7. Remove the Run Command (or hit the Stop button).
- 8. At-Speed LED will go out and Bypass Contactor will open. Status display should read **[0000.]** indicating no current on Phase A.
- 9. Motor will coast to a stop according to load inertia and friction.

# If Pump-Flex Decel is **Enabled** in F024:

- 7. Remove the Run Command (or hit the Stop button).
- 8. At-Speed LED will go out and Bypass Contactor will open. Status display should briefly read Phase A Amps increasing as motor begins to decelerate.
- 9. Motor should begin to slow down. Status display should begin to show decreasing motor amps.
- 10. When motor reaches Stop Level, VMX should turn off. Status display will again show [0000.]

If the unit does not follow this operational sequence please contact the factory refer to the VMX Series Troubleshooting Guide.

# **Chapter 4 - Programming**

It is best to operate the motor at its full load starting conditions to achieve the proper time, torque and ramp settings. Initial factory settings are set to accommodate general motor applications and provide basic motor protection. Advanced features must be enabled via programming. The only parameter that MUST be set by the user is motor FLA (F001).

# **Digital Interface**

The **VMX Series** Soft Starter includes an intuitive, digital keypad with eight LEDs, seven command keys, and an LED display with four alphanumeric digits.



Figure 13: VMX Operator Interface

	Reset	Clears the Trip indication and releases the Trip Relay.
	Fn	Enters or exits the Program Mode.
Keys	Up and Down Arrows	Navigates through the Status Display Mode, scrolls up and down through the Function List, increases or decreases the value of the active (flashing) digit and scrolls through the fault history. When entering values, holding the key down for more than 2 seconds will activate Auto-step, which increases it's rate the longer the key is held down.
	Right and Left Arrows	Each keypress shifts the active (flashing) digit to the right or left by one position, allowing you to change higher values of functions without waiting to Auto-step though large numbers.
	Power On	Control power is available at A1 and A2
Green LEDs	At Speed	The motor is at full power and the Bypass Contactor has been commanded to pull in.  The SCRs are at full conduction and current has dropped.
	Shunt Trip	Two or more SCRs in opposing phases have shorted, and power is flowing to the motor in the Off mode. See section 8 for additional concerns.
	Shorted SCR	There is no voltage drop across at least one SCR phase assembly, indicating that at least one SCR is shorted. See section 8 for additional concerns
		Overcurrent LED lights for three sets of fault conditions:
		During start, the unit saw current exceed the normal rate of increase in the first 250ms.
Yellow LEDs	Over Current	<ol> <li>During Run, current exceeded either the OC setting in F042 for the delay set in F043. This LED will be accompanied by oCA, oCC or oCd on the display.</li> </ol>
		<ol> <li>The unit has seen a Short Circuit exceeding 10x FLA for 12.5ms. This LED will be accompanied by SCA, SCC or SCD display.</li> </ol>
	Phase Loss	One or more of the phase currents dropped below the threshold during starting or running.
	Over Temp	Starter has tripped due to excess heat sink temperature. This will automatically reset.
	Over Load	Starter has tripped due to the Thermal Register reaching 0000. The Overload must reset before this fault can be cleared.
Display	8888.	4 digit 7 segment display with a decimal point on the right side indicating Phase A.

**Table 5: VMX Series Display Features** 

# **Display Modes:**

There are three modes of display: the Status Display Mode, the Program Mode, and the Fault Mode.

# Status Display Mode (Default Display)

The Status Display Mode displays seven "screens" of information. Motor Currents (3 phases), Remaining Thermal Capacity, Ground Current, Remaining Time on the Process Timer, and Time Base of the Time Clock Controller. This is also the entry screen for going into the Program Mode.

- **[0000.]** The initial display on power up is four digits and the decimal. This indicates the motor current for Phase A of the motor.
- [0000] Scroll UP to display four digits only (no decimal). This indicates the motor current for Phase B. While viewing Phase B, press the UP arrow again to view Phase C current.
- [G000] Scroll UP to display the "G". This indicates that this value is the current flowing to ground on the motor leads.
- **[H000]** Scroll UP to display the "H". This indicates that this value is the remaining thermal capacity percentage of the motor (i.e. H070 = 70% remaining thermal capacity)
- [0000] Scroll UP again to display the Process Batch Timer (described in Section 5.6.7). If this entire screen is flashing, the Timer is active.
- [00.00] Scroll UP to display two pairs of digits separated by a point: This indicates the time base of the Time Clock Controller (described in section 5.6.7 of the Advanced Installation, Operation and Programming Manual). If the display shows [00.00], the TCC is not enabled. This follows the time settings in F075 F080.

# **Program Mode**

The starter must be OFF in order to enter the Program Mode. Changes cannot be made while running.

Use the Program Mode to view or change Function (Fn) settings. To enter the Program Mode, press the **[Fn]** key once from the Status Screen as described above. The first time you enter the Program Mode after power has been cycled to the starter, the initial function **[F001]** should display with the selected digit flashing. If the **VMX Series** starter has been programmed and power to the unit has not been cycled, the readout will display the last function viewed or changed. To change to a different function, use the arrow keys.

# **Viewing Function Programming and Values**

The programming of each individual Function can be viewed without making changes (values can also be viewed in the Run Mode, however no changes can be made). Each Function is signified by the letter "F" in beginning of the data, the 4 digit value of the function follows after hitting the **[READ/ENTER]** key

- [F001] The "F" indicates the programmable Function.
- **[0000]** This is the present setting of the applicable function. This display may include decimals between digits depending on the function setting's range and incremental steps.
- Pressing the [Fn] key again will return to the Function display without making changes.

# Changing a Function's Set Value

From the instructions above, after hitting the **[READ/ENTER]** key the display will show the value of that function with one digit flashing (usually the rightmost digit). Flashing indicates this is the digit to be altered (similar to cursor position). Use the UP arrow key to increment the value of the flashing digit. Use the DOWN arrow key to decrement the value of the flashing digit. Use the LEFT or RIGHT arrow to select the next digit to be altered. Values can only be changed within the Adjustment Range of the function parameter.

- Pressing the [READ/ENTER] key again will store the new programming for that Function and return to the Function display.
- If the display shows [Inh] when trying to store the changes, the unit is running and must be Stopped, or a Password has been set up to prevent access and must be entered first. See section 5.6.12 of the Advanced Installation, Operation and Programming Manual for details about this feature.



Caution! If the Fn key is pressed or power is lost <u>before</u> the [READ/ENTER] key is pressed, the *VMX Series* Starter will not store the new value in memory.

# Example 1: Figure 14 Entering a new FLA setting into Funtion 1

**[0000.]** Indicates Phase A is drawing no current (unit is in Off mode).

# Press the [Fn] key

[F001] Indicates this is Function 001 (Motor FLA).

# Press [READ/ENTER] key to view the F001 value

[0048] Indicates the programmed motor FLA is 0000 Amps, the factory default for a new unit that has not yet been in service. The farthest left digit (0) is flashing, indicating that this is the digit that you will alter (cursor position).

# Press the UP Arrow key once to increase this digit value

[0024] Indicates you have increased the value to 24A, the lowest setting for a 48A unit, which is 1/2 of the Max. Amps (see Note).

# Press the UP Arrow key twice (2 x) to increase this digit value

[0026] Indicates you have increased the far left digit value from 4 to 6,

# Press the LEFT Arrow key to shift left to the next digit

[0026] The second digit from the left is now flashing, indicating a new cursor position.

# Press the UP Arrow key to increase this digit value

[0036] Indicates you have increased the 2<sup>nd</sup> to left digit to a value of 3 (10's place), indicating a final setting value of 36A

# Press [READ/ENTER] key to store the new value

[End] The word "End" will flash briefly to indicate that the new value has been entered and accepted.

After flashing once, the display will revert to showing the Function number

#### Press the [Fn] key

[0000.] Returns to the Default Display, indicating Phase A is drawing no current

# Example 1: Setting the Motor FLA on a VMX-48 to 36A Display Means... Shows... Phase A **Press** Current Ke y... Function #1 Selected **Default Setting** of Function #1 Lowest value for this unit Lowest value for this unit Cursor (flashing) **Position Shift** New Value of Second Digit READ ENTER Value Accepted (flashes once) Return to Function # Display Returns to Default Fn Display, Phase A Current Figure 14: Changing a Function Value

Note: When first entering FLA into a new unit, pressing the Up arrow key will jump the readout value immediately to ½ of the unit Max. Amp rating, and it will never go below that again. Any unit thought to be new which has a value other than 0000 in F001 upon setup, has been programmed previously and should be reset to factory defaults before proceeding.

**VMX Series** Basic Start-up Parameters and Factory Defaults

Fn#	Function Description	Adjustment / Display Range	Setting Increments	Factory Setting
F001	Motor Nameplate FLA FLA must be programmed for starter to function.	50-100% of Max Amp Rating. Upper limit of range automatically adjusts downward as Service factor is increased.	1 amp	0
F002	Motor Nameplate Service Factor	1.00 - 1.30 (SF)	0.05	1.0 (SF)
F003	Overload Class During Start	NEMA / UL Class 5 - 20	5	Class 10
F004	Overload Class During Run	NEMA / UL Class 5 - 30	5	Class 10
F005	Overload Reset	0 = Manual 1 = Auto 2 = Disabled Overload	1	0 (Manual)
F006- F009	Reserved for factory use			
F010	Ramp Type Selection: VR = Voltage Ramp CR = Current PID Ramp 1 = Ramp 1, 2 = Ramp 2	Setting 1 = VR1 + VR2 Setting 2 = CR1 + CR2 Setting 3 = VR1 + CR2 Setting 4 = CR1 + VR2	1	1 VR1+VR 2
F011	Initial Torque (VR) of Ramp 1	0-100% Line Voltage	1%	60%
F012	Initial Torque (CR) of Ramp 1	0-600% Motor Current	1%	200%
F013	Accel Ramp Time of Ramp 1	1-120 seconds	1 second	10 seconds
F014	Max Current Limit of Ramp 1	200 - 600% Motor Current	1%	350%
F015	Initial Torque (VR) of Ramp 2	0-100% Line Voltage	1%	60%
F016	Initial Torque (CR) of Ramp 2	0-600% Motor Current	1%	200%
F017	Accel Ramp Time of Ramp 2	1-120 seconds	1 second	10 seconds
F018	Max Current Limit of Ramp 2	200 - 600% Motor Current	1%	350%
F019 thru F023	Jog and Kickstart Features	These features are disabled from factory. See Advanced Installation, Operation and Programming Manual, section 5.6.3 for details.		
F024	Pump Flex Control / Deceleration Ramp	0 = Disabled (coast to stop) 1 = Enabled, except after OL trip 2 = Enabled, continued Decel even if there is an OL trip	1	0 Disabled
F025	Begin Decel Level (BDL), Immediate Drop Down Torque	0 - 100 % of Output Voltage	1%	60%
F026	Decel Shut Off Voltage	0 to (BDL minus 1)% Voltage	1%	30%
F027	Decel Ramp Time	1 – 60 Seconds	1 second	10 seconds
F028	Restart Delay Time (Sequential Start Delay)	0 = Disabled, or 1-999 seconds after a Power Loss (Status can be read in F054)	1 second	0 Disabled
F029	Reserved for Factory Use			

Fn#	Function Description	Adjustment / Display Range	Setting Increments	Factory Setting
F030 thru F039	Process Timer Functions	See Advanced Installation, Operation and Programming Manual, Appendix 4 for details.		
F040 thru F047	Current and Ground protection features	These features are disabled from factory. See Advanced Installation, Operation and Programming Manual, section 5.6.8 for details.		
F048 thru F050	Duty Cycle Lockout Timers	These features are disabled from factory. See Advanced Installation, Operation and Programming Manual, section 5.6.9 for details.		
F051	Internal Protection Settings	1 – 63 See" F051 Definition Table"	1	63 Enable all
F052	Auto Reset on Selected Faults	Fault Preferences 1 – 12 See Table 5.6.8: "Auto-Reset Selected Faults"	1	4, Phase Loss only
F053	Auto Reset Attempts	0 = Disabled, or 1-10 attempts	1	0
F054 thru F059	Time and value displays for lockouts in F048 – F050	Read only, no settings		
F060	Aux Relay 1 setting	Operation # 1 – 26: see "Aux. Relay Settings Table" below	1	1
F061	Aux Relay 2 setting	Operation # 1 – 26: see "Aux. Relay Settings Table" below	1	2
F062	Aux Relay 3 setting	Operation # 1 – 26: see "Aux. Relay Settings Table" below	1	16
F063	Aux. Relay Delay Timer (for Operations 22-26)	0 (Disabled), or 1-999 seconds	1 second	0 No Delay
F064	Reserved for factory use			
F065 thru F068	Communications features	These features are disabled from factory. See Advanced Installation, Operation and Programming Manual, section 5.6.11 for details.	1	0
F069	Reserved for factory use			
F070	Parameter Lock Customer Password	0 – 999 0 = Disabled Any Other Numbers = Password	1	0
F071	System Clear / Reset	0 = Disabled 1 = Clear THR and Lockout Timers 2 = Reset to Factory Default Settings	1	0
F072 thru F074	Reserved for Factory Use	·		

Fn#	Function Description	Adjustment / Display Range	Setting Increments	Factory Setting
F075	Real Time Clock - Year	2000 - 2047	1 year	2000
F076	Real Time Clock - Month	1 - 12	1 Month	1
F077	Real Time Clock - Day	1 - 31	1 Day	1
F078	Real Time Clock - Hour	0 - 23	1 Hour	0
F079	Real Time Clock - Minute	0 - 59	1 Minute	0
F080	Real Time Clock - Second	0 - 59	1 Second	0
F081	Revision #	-	-	Factory Setting
F082 – F084	Reserved for factory use			
F085 thru F097	Read Only	No settings	1	0
F085 thru F097	Read Only	No settings	1	0

# **Function 51 Internal protection features**

Several protection features in the *VMX Series* are accomplished with internal hardware and use software switches in Function 51 to enable or disable them. The following chart shows these functions and the factory default settings. Refer to the Advanced Installation, Operation and Programming Manual, **Section 5.6.9.a** for details on how to change these settings.

Protection Function	Description	Default Setting
Phase Rotation Trip	Phase Rotation protection. Phase rotation must match selection in Bit #2 below. Setting to Off (0) will make the VMX insensitive for use behind a reversing contactor	On
Expected Phase Sequence	2 = A-B-C Phase Rotation Sequence Only 0 = A-C-B Phase Rotation Sequence Only	A-B-C Rotation
Phase Current Loss	Phase Current Loss, any phase current reading is less than 12% of unit max amp rating after 3 seconds from Start command.	On
Shorted SCR Lockout	At least one SCR has shorted; there is no voltage drop across the SCR phase assembly.	On
Shunt Trip	Shunt Trip of the main Circuit Breaker or Isolation Contactor (if provided and wired to an Aux. relay in F060-F061)). 2 or more SCRs have shorted in opposing phases so current was flowing to the motor while the VMX was in the Off state.	On
PTC Input Trip	PTC Trip function. This can be disabled so that a jumper is not required across the PTC inputs.	On
Line Loss Trip	Protection against loss of input line voltage. Disable when using an In-Line Isolation Contactor or any other system that normally removes line power from the starter. Resets automatically when line voltage returns.	On

Table 7: Function 51 table of Hardware Protection Features

# Aux. (Output) Relay Settings

Functions F060 through F062 provide the ability to program the functions of each of the 3 Output Auxiliary Relays. Factory default programming is provided which covers a wide variety of applications, but any of these relays can be changed as per the following chart.



## Notes:

Check relay wiring before changing programming to avoid unintended consequences. Relays programmed to some protection features will not operate if function is disabled elsewhere.

Setting	Relay Operation Description	Setting	Relay Operation Description
1	Run / Stop (Changes on Start, resets on Stop)	14	Ground Fault Trip
2	At Speed / Stop	15	Phase Rotation Trip
3	At Speed / End of Decel	16	Any Trip (#5 - #15)
4	Start / End of Decel	17	Any Trip, (#5-#15) flashing output*
5	Short SCR Trip	18	Coast Down Time Lockout
6	Phase Loss Trip	19	Starts Per Hour Lockout
7	Shunt Trip	20	Time Between Starts Lockout
8	OL (Motor Thermal Overload) Trip	21	Any Lockout (#18-#20)
9	OT (Starter Thermal Over Temperature) Trip	22	Run Timer (F030) Engaged
10	Short Circuit Trip	23	Run / Stop with On-delay from F063
11	Current Unbalance Trip	24	At Speed / Stop with On-delay from F063
12	Over Current (Shear-Pin) Trip	25	At Speed / End of Decel w/ On-delay from F063
13	Under Current Trip	26	Start / End of Decel with On-delay from F063

\*Note: Flash rate for Setting #17 is ½ second On and Off

Table 8: Aux. Relay Settings

## **Fault Mode**

The VMX Series will automatically enter the Fault Mode when a fault occurs in the motor or starter and display a code indicating the condition that caused a shutdown. Fault codes are three-digits in length and are displayed in alpha characters. The first and second characters (reading left to right) are the initials for the applicable English-language fault name. The third or right-most character can be either A, c, or d to denote when the fault occurred. "A" denotes Acceleration. "c" denotes Constant speed. "d" denotes Decel.

A Fault History of the past 3 events is stored and can be accessed by using the Up or Down Arrow keys before pressing the Reset button. The first (newest) event is indicated by the decimal point in the lower right corner. A more detailed history with time and date stamps is also kept in Functions 85 through 93.

#### **Fault Codes:**

Basic common fault codes are shown in the chart below. For additional details refer to Chapter 7 of the Advanced Installation, Operation and Programming Manual, or contact the factory for assistance.

Fault Condition Description	Fault Display Code Readout	Fault Number Code used in History, F085, F088 and F091	LED Indicator
Over Current during Accel; Const spd; Decel	ocA; occ: ocd	1; 2; 3	Over Current
Phase Loss during Accel; Const spd; Decel	PLA; PLc; PLd	4; 5; 6	Phase Loss
Over Temperature during Accel; Const spd; Decel	otA; otc; otd	7; 8; 9	Over Temp
Over Load during Accel; Const spd; Decel	oLA; oLc; oLd	10; 11; 12	Over Load
Shorted SCR during Accel; Const spd; Decel	SSA; SSc; SSd	13; 14; 15	Shorted SCR
Shunt Trip during Accel; Const spd; Decel	st	16; 17; 18	Shunt Trip
Current Imbalance during Accel; Const spd; Decel	IBA; Ibc; IBd	19; 20; 21	
Under Current during Accel; Const spd; Decel	UcA; Ucc; Ucd	22; 23; 24	
Short Circuit during Accel; Const spd; Decel	ScA; Scc; Scd	25; 26; 27	Over Current
Ground Fault during Accel; Const spd; Decel	GFA; GFc; GFd	28; 29; 30	
Bypass Discrepancy during Accel; Const spd; Decel	BPA; BPc; BPd	31; 32; 33	
PTC Trip during Accel; Const spd; Decel	PtA; Ptc; Ptd	34; 35; 36	Over Load
Rotation Trip during Accel; Const spd; Decel	RtA; rtc; rtd	37; 38; 39	

#### Additional codes that may be displayed

Display Code Readout	Condition Description
nFLA	No Full Load Amps set in F001
Inh	<b>Inhibit:</b> Starter is still Run mode when you are attempting a change in programming, or the starter has Password Protection enabled and you have not entered the password code.
n3Ph	No 3 Phase: No input line voltages on one or more phases
Loc	<b>Lockout:</b> The unit has tripped on Overload and you are attempting to Reset before it is ready, or one of the Duty Cycle Lockout protection features has been enabled.
Err	Error: You are attempting to enter an invalid password

Table 7.1: Fault and Display code list

# **Chapter 5 - Motor Overload Protection**

#### **Solid State Overload Protection**

The **VMX Series** Starter provides true U.L. listed I<sup>2</sup>t Thermal Overload Protection as a built-in function of the main digital processor for maximum motor protection. It simulates the tripping action of a bi-metallic overload relay, with the accuracy and repeatability of a digital control system. It is adjustable over a wide range and can be easily programmed for different trip curves.

# **Thermal Memory**

The **VMX Series** microprocessor uses a sophisticated "Thermal Register" in the digital memory to keep track of motor heating and cooling over time regardless of the starter's power status. By using non-volatile memory, the **VMX Series** does not "forget" that the motor has been running even if power to the starter is turned off and back on. Continuous overload protection is provided based on the true thermal condition of the motor.

# **Thermal Capacity**

The Thermal Register is displayed as a percentage. This percentage is the motor's <u>remaining</u> thermal capacity. The percentage value begins at 100, showing that the motor is cool (has 100% of its capacity available). As the motor heats up or moves toward an overload condition, the percentage begins to drop. The Thermal Capacity is derived from the programmed motor nameplate Full Load Amps (FLA) in Function F001, the Service Factor rating in Function F002, and the Overload Trip Class in Functions F003 and F004. Setting these functions to the proper values provides maximum protection and eliminates nuisance tripping.

# Examples:



100% Thermal Capacity remaining at rest



57% Thermal Capacity remaining after starting (43% used)

The Remaining Thermal Capacity can be viewed by using the UP or DOWN arrow keys when in the Status Display mode. From the default Phase A Current screen (dot on right side), press the UP arrow key 4 times to display [H100] meaning there is 100% of the Thermal Capacity (H = Heat capacity) remaining in the motor. After starting or running, the motor will use this capacity and the display will show a lower number. For example, after a cold start, the display may read [H065] which indicates that the motor has 65% of its thermal capacity remaining (35% used). The Status Display screens cycle back to the beginning, so the Down arrow keys can get to this display as well.

## Motor Full Load (FLA) Setting

Use Function F001 to enter motor FLA as indicated on the motor nameplate. (Do not calculate for service factor, this is programmed separately in F002).



#### Note:

All **VMX Series** starters are shipped from the factory with F001 set to a default value of 0000. If F001 is left at the factory default, the unit will not operate. If the user attempts to start the **VMX Series** without entering the motor nameplate FLA, the starter will Fault and the display will read "**nFLA**" (no Full Load Amps).

# **Disabling the Overload Protection**

The Overload Protection feature can be disabled if necessary. Please refer to the Advanced Installation, Operation and Programming Manual for instructions and considerations before disabling the Overload Protection



#### **WARNING!**

Do NOT disable Overload Protection unless another Thermal Overload Protection device exists in the circuit for all three phases. Running a motor without Overload Protection presents serious risk of motor damage or fire.

#### **Manual Reset**

The factory default setting is Manual Reset. This means that when the Overload Trip is activated, the starter cannot be restarted without pressing the Reset key. The Overload Trip will not reset until the motor cools down (see 3.1.3.d). The Manual Reset function is also "trip free". Holding in the Reset key will not prevent the Overload Trip from activating and protecting the motor.



#### Note:

When the Overload Trip activates, the Overload LED will glow solid. When the motor cools down, the LED will begin to flash, indicating that the Overload Trip can be reset.

#### **Automatic Reset**

If Automatic Reset is necessary, change from Manual Reset to Automatic Reset by using Function F005. (See Section 5 for details). In this mode, a 3-wire control circuit will be capable of restart when the **VMX Series** has reset itself after the cool down period.

#### WARNING!





Two-wire control systems may restart without warning when Auto Reset is selected. Extreme caution should be exercised. To prevent automatic restarting with 2-wire control systems, use external interlocking to provide sufficient warning and safety to operators. A Warning Label similar to that shown below (and the one provided in the packet with this manual) must be located where visible (on the starter enclosure and/or the driven equipment) as required by local code.

# WARNING: MOTOR CONNECTED TO THIS EQUIPMENT MAY START AUTOMATICALLY WITHOUT WARNING

#### **NEMA Class Trip Curves**

NEMA Class trip curves are based on a common tripping point of 600% of motor Full Load Amps (FLA). Curves vary by the amount of time before the unit trips. As an example, a Class 20 curve will trip in 20 seconds at 600% of FLA. The factory default setting of Class 10 will trip in 10 seconds at 600% of FLA.

# **Dual Overload Trip Curves**

The **VMX Series** Soft Starter provides two separate Overload Trip Protection Curves, one for starting and one for running conditions. The starter's At-Speed detection circuit determines when the motor has reached full speed. When the At-Speed condition is reached, the overload trip curve will shift from the Start to the Run level, as programmed in Functions F003 and F004. See Section 5.6.1 for programming details.

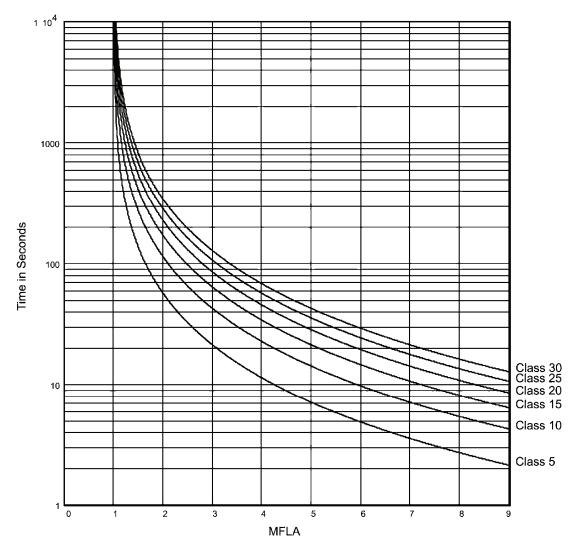
# **Starting Overload Trip Curve**

During the start mode, Overload Trip Curves are selectable from NEMA Class 5 through Class 20 only. The default setting of Class 10 allows protection for the overload capacity of the soft starter as well as the motor. Use a higher Trip Class only if nuisance tripping occurs with the default setting.

## **Running Overload Curve**

During the Run mode, Overload trip curves are selectable from NEMA Class 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, and 30. Program the appropriate curve according to the characteristics of your motor and load.

# **Overload Trip Curve Chart**



Note: Factory default setting is Class 10 for both Start and Run Overload Protection

Figure 15: VMX Series Overload Trip Curves

# **Overload Protection During Bypass**

When a Bypass Contactor is used to shunt power around the SCRs in the **VMX Series** (as in the VMX...-BP version), overload protection is maintained as long as the **VMX Series** is directly controlling the contactor. No additional Overload Relay is necessary for normal operation.

# Special Consideration for Across-the-Line (Direct-on-Line) Contactors

When the Bypass Contactor on a *VMX...-BP Series* has been selected to be used for Across-the-Line restart, supplemental overload protection may be necessary. For this application, refer to the External Overload Relay Applications supplement and wiring diagram in Appendix 5 and section 4.2.6.a of the Advanced Installation, Operation and Programming Manual for detailed instructions.